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INTRODUCTION TO THE 1987 VOTERS' PAMPHLET

Fellow Washingtonians:

It is my pleasure to take part in introducing you to the King County edition of the 1987 Voters' Pamphlet which for the first time contains information on both state and local issues and races.

Washington has always been at the forefront of efforts to better inform the electorate about issues and candidates. In 1914, the state became one of the first in the nation to publish a voters' pamphlet for its citizens. In recent years, this information service has been expanded to include tape cassette, Braille, and Spanish-language versions of the pamphlet.

Another recent development has been the passage of legislation authorizing cities and counties to produce voters' pamphlets on local issues and candidates. With the publication of this edition, King County and Seattle are among the first local municipalities to take advantage of these new opportunities for increased voter information.

I want to thank and congratulate King County and the City of Seattle for their participation in this combined pamphlet. There are more local jurisdictions in King County than almost any other county in the nation, making the production of this pamphlet a monumental undertaking. The people who developed this publication deserve our thanks for a job well done.

This pamphlet will assist you in making decisions on the critical issues and important races which face us this year. I urge you to make full use of its contents, and to exercise your constitutional right by voting on November 3.



Dear King County Resident:

This Voters' Pamphlet commemorates the 200th anniversary of our United States Constitution. In those 200 years, our nation has strived to be a government "of the people, by the people and for the people." Every citizen 18 years and older now has the opportunity to elect our leaders, vote on issues, and shape our future.

This inaugural issue of the King County Local Voters' Pamphlet brings to all King County residents for the first time the opportunity to study local candidate statements and issues on their ballot. Voter registration information, a sample ballot, absentee ballot requests and other election information are included for your benefit. Special editions in Spanish, Chinese, Braille, and tape cassettes for the King County Local Voters' Pamphlet are available so that more of our citizens can make informed decisions.

The voters' pamphlet represents regional cooperation at its finest—public agencies sponsoring a forum in which candidates for public office can share their platforms and backgrounds with the voters who elect them. I extend special thanks to all who joined King County in this first edition.

I urge you to read this pamphlet and study the issues. Then join with me on Tuesday, November 3, to vote and continue our heritage of "We the people "



Dear Seattle Voter:

Several months ago the City of Seattle, King County, and the State of Washington reached an agreement to jointly produce this 1987 General Election Voters' Pamphlet. We would like to know how you think we did.

Could the pamphlet be better organized? If so, how? Should district maps be included? Are the statements and arguments too long or too short? Do you want us to continue including the full text of each ballot measure? In summary, what can we do to make the Voters' Pamphlet better serve you?

If you have any comments or suggestions please send them to any of the following:

Ralph Munro Secretary of State Legislative Building MS: AS-22 Olympia, WA 98504-9000

King County Records and Elections 553 King County Administration Building Seattle, WA 98104

City of Seattle Office of Election Administration 308 Municipal Building Seattle, WA 98104

On November 3, the polls will be open from 7 AM to 8 PM. Please join with your neighbors and exercise your right to vote.

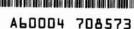


Im Miller

Alan Miller, Administrator Office of Election Administration

PLEASE RECYCLE!

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Your Voter Registration Card will assist you in the use of this pamphlet and at the polls on election day.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION KING COUNTY, STATE OF WASHINGTON CERTIFIES THAT	Name of voter and address at which registered.
• VOTER JANE Q • 0000 FREEDOM ST • SEATTLE 00000 is eligible to vote in SEA 00-000 precinct	Voting precinct number (or some- times a name).
as of 05/03/82 Registration Date 04/03/82	Date of registration.
POLING NEIGHBORHOOD SCHOOL	This voter's registration number.
You are eligible to vote in the following districts: LANDATHER ()1 CONGRESSIONAL () CONGRE	Location at which this voter votes.
	Washington State Legislative District.
vate that voter can <i>actually</i> start School District n oting in this precinct. other taxing distr	
oting in this precinct. other taxing distr	



Chapter 246, Laws of 1987

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Referendum Bill 41 begins on page 16.

Vote cast by the 1987 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 77; Nays, 17; Absent or not voting, 4. SENATE: Yeas, 36; Nays, 9; Absent or not voting, 4.

Statement for

In the 1890's, large special interests gained immense power. By 1913, what Lincoln had called "the money power" pushed the Federal Reserve Act through Congress, allowing the Fed control of the money system.

Money supply is the most important factor affecting our economy. The U.S. Constitution delegates monetary power to Congress. Congress gave this authority to the Fed, a private interest: a group of bankers overseeing a network of banks. The Fed behaves as an independent agency, essentially free from checks and balances restraining the power of other government branches.

The Fed is not only unconstitutional, it isn't working. Bank failures, business bankruptcies, farm foreclosures, unstable rates of inflation, interest and employment, trade deficits and national deficits are classic symptoms of a failing money system. Congress established the Fed to prevent such problems.

The Washington Legislature, long noted as a trendsetter, again leads the nation. Referendum 41 passed by 80% in both the House and Senate. They could have gone directly into Supreme Court, by-passing the voters. But because the people have never been heard regarding their money system, a statewide vote on constitutionality makes this a truly historic measure.

Washington is not alone in its concern. 21 state legislatures have taken action criticizing the Fed. Many states will join us in Supreme Court when Referendum 41 passes.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the State challenge in the United States Supreme Court the constitutionality of authority delegated to the federal reserve system?

The law as it now exists:

The Federal Reserve System, created by Congress in 1913, authorizes the Federal Reserve Board to exercise some controls over Federal Reserve banks and the nation's monetary policy. The following are some of the Board's powers: general supervisory powers over federal reserve banks, controlling discount rates, providing exceptions from bank

Referendum 41 is not a complete solution, but a necessary first step toward a solution. Your vote for Referendum 41 will convince Washington D.C. that we are serious about protecting our future.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Referendum 41 will save you money. Cost will be about 5¢ per person, but could save \$7.00 per person the Fed now collects each year in interest on paper money they issue.

Suit is based on delegation and separation of powers doctrine, never before brought against Fed. Supreme Court will hear case brought by statewide ballot vote, especially with other states joining Washington.

No case directly challenging Fed's constitutionality has ever before reached Supreme Court.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

IACK METCALF, State Senator; RAY MOORE, State Senator; ROY A. FERGUSON, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: BOB WILLIAMS, State Representative; EUGENE V. LUX, State Representative; SHIRLEY J. WINSLEY, State Representative; BOB DILGER, Executive Secretary, Washington State Building and Construction Trades Council AFL-CIO: ART BRADEN, Vice President, JC's Governmental Affairs.

reserve requirements, requiring write offs of worthless bank assets, and controlling the issuance of Federal Reserve notes. Some of the purposes of the Federal Reserve System are: providing a nearly uniform discount rate, control of the money supply, requiring reserves for protection of banks, permitting elasticity in the creation of currency, supervision of the banking business and creation of a market for commercial paper.

The effect of Referendum Bill 41, if approved into law:

The State Legislature is to seek, through an attorney it selects, to have the United States Supreme Court accept a lawsuit commenced by the state. The lawsuit would challenge (1) the constitutionality of the delegation to the Federal Reserve System of the power to create money and exercise control over economic activity, and (2) the delegation of authority under which banks have made unrestricted foreign loans.

Statement against

SAVE MONEY - VOTE "NO" ON **REFERENDUM BILL 41**

The lawsuit proposed by this referendum would be frivolous and costly. In 1982 the Attorney General of the state of Washington declined to file a lawsuit challenging the constitutionality of the Federal Reserve System because there was "no real possibility that the United States Supreme Court would strike down that law (if challenged) as an unconstitutional delegation of the power of Congress." In fact, the claim is so weak that the United States Supreme Court would probably not even consider it.

LAWSUITS ARE EXPENSIVE

Your tax dollars and the human resources that would be spent conducting such a lawsuit would be wasted. These resources should be put to better use meeting the needs of the people.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM IS CONSTITUTIONAL

Congress created the Federal Reserve System in 1913 to meet the country's need for a safer and more stable monetary system. It has properly fulfilled that role for almost 75 years. Congress oversees the operations of the Federal Reserve System through regular hearings and its review of semiannual reports. Also, the expenses of the Federal Reserve System are audited each year by the General Accounting Office, the auditing arm of Congress.

The United States Constitution gives Congress the power to regulate money and banking. The delegation by Congress to the Federal Reserve System of that power has been consistently upheld by the courts. A court challenge of Seattle.

the Senate.

on 41.

Seattle.

that delegation cannot win. It is wasteful to raise the issue again. Lawsuits are expensive. Save your tax dollars.

VOTE "NO" ON REFERENDUM BILL 41

Rebuttal of Statement for

Don't be misled by false claims and don't waste the taxpayers' money!

• The "Fed" is not "a private interest" group. Board members are appointed by the President and confirmed by

· It is simple-minded to blame all our complex economic problems on this public agency.

 The Federal Reserve System's constitutionality has been consistently upheld by the courts.

Do not vote for a costly and frivolous lawsuit: Vote NO

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

ARLIE U. DeJARNATT, State Senator; MAX VEKICH, State Representative; JOHN R. PRICE, Dean and Professor of Law,

Advisory Committee: R. TED BOTTIGER, State Senator; KATHERINE ALLEN, State Representative; MIKE VESETH, Professor of Economics, Tacoma; RONALD GOULD, Attorney,



NOTE: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by state law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 92 begins on page 16.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall it be a consumer protection violation for doctors treating Medicare eligible patients to charge more than Medicare's reasonable charges?

The law as it now exists:

Medicare is a federal health insurance program under the Medicare law (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act). The administration of the Medicare program establishes what are entitled "allowable charges" (labeled by law as "reasonable charges") to determine the base for computing the payment by Medicare for medical services to

Statement for

In 1965 Congress created Medicare because health care for America's elder citizens was in critical condition. Bad as things were then, the crisis is even worse today.

Seniors now spend more of their incomes on health care than they did before Medicare existed. The elderly spent 12 percent of their income on health care in 1980. By 1990 they will pay 19 percent, unless we do something quickly.

Initiative 92 cannot cure all of Medicare's ills, but it will take much of the uncertainty out of health care. It will make it illegal for a doctor to charge more than Medicare determines to be a "reasonable and customary charge." Seniors will know that Medicare will always pay 80 percent of their doctor's bills and that they are responsible for 20 percent. Doctors won't get away with overcharging their patients.

And once Initiative 92 passes, the complicated Medicare forms that intimidate so many elderly patients will become the responsibility of the doctor's office.

Initiative 92 will help families. Seniors on limited incomes cannot afford ever-increasing medical bills. By making medical care more affordable, Initiative 92 will make it less likely that the elderly will become a financial burden to their families.

Under the current Medicare reimbursement system, our state's sick and elderly people are forced to either subsidize their doctor's healthy incomes or go without medical care, causing minor illnesses to become major emergencies. That's bad medicine.

Vote YES on Initiative 92.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Too bad organized medicine uses threats and misinformation.

Doctors claim Initiative 92 could limit access to health care. .

Fact: Overcharges already keep many seniors away.

Doctors say Medicare doesn't pay them enough. . .

Fact: According to the AMA, the average doctor's take home pay is \$110,000. The average senior citizen receives a monthly Social Security payment of \$488.

Fact: I-92 will cost taxpayers nothing and stop doctors from overcharging.

Protect our health and dignity. Vote yes.

For additional information, call (206) 329-9764.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

GEORGE FLEMING, State Senator; EUGENE V. LUX, State Representative; JIM LEWIS, State Representative.

CLAUDE PEPPER, U.S. Representative, Florida; KEN ANDER-SON, President, Washington State Council of Senior Citizens; THOMAS HELLER, M.D., Seattle; SISTER VIRGINIA PAUL, Sisters of Providence, Walla Walla.

Medicare patients. At the present time, Medicare most frequently pays 80 percent of Medicare's established charges.

No state law limits the charges that can be made by physicians and other health care providers to Medicare patients. Physicians and other health care providers can charge Medicare patients more than the federally designated "allowable/reasonable charge." However, physicians who choose to contract as a "participating physician" in the federal Medicare assignment repayment program cannot charge any Medicare eligible patient more than the Medicare established charge. Physicians who do not contract but do directly submit billings to Medicare for individual patients cannot charge those individual patients more than the Medicare established charge.

Physicians are not required to enroll as providers in the Medicare program, nor to participate in the Medicare assignment repayment program. If the physician does not so participate, the patient, or the entity paying for the service, directly seeks partial reimbursement from Medicare for the medical services.

Statement against

1-92 IS MISLEADING AND UNFAIR

If I-92 passes, all seniors, regardless of income, retired or working, will be charged less than others for medical care. These discounts will be "shifted" to mon-senior patients; costs will increase for families and employers.

Don't believe that Medicare's "reasonable fees" are reasonable. The rates, frozen by Congress in 1984, have little to do with the actual cost of providing service.

SOME SENIORS WILL HAVE TO FIND NEW DOCTORS

If I-92 passes, some doctors will be forced to drop seniors and will be prohibited by law from treating anyone over 65. To quote the Washington Chapter of the American Association of Retired Persons: ". . . of Washington's 39 counties, 25 have areas that do not have enough primary care physicians. Nineteen of these counties have severe shortages. . . (I-92) . . . could cause some physicians to drop out of Medicare, thus limiting the availability of physician services to the elderly. Thus, AARP must oppose I-92." Our state's Senior Lobby does not support Initiative 92.

1-92 DENIES HEALTH CARE TO THE TRULY NEEDY

Despite Medicare's unreasonable rates, 27% of all doctors always accept them, over 90% accept Medicare's rates on a case-by-case basis. Many do not require needy seniors to pay anything. Under I-92, doctors must charge all seniors. regardless of income, the same unreasonable rates or be in violation of the law; true charity care will suffer.

I-92 WILL COST WASHINGTON TAXPAYERS MILLIONS

Washington taxpayers should not be charged to bail out, enforce, or endlessly litigate the federal Medicare pro-

services.

sentative.

The effect of Initiative Measure 92. if approved into law:

The State Consumer Protection Act would be amended to declare it to be an "unfair and deceptive practice" for a physician which includes medical doctors, osteopaths, chiropractors, podiatrists, dentists or optometrists to charge or try to collect for medical services to a Medicare eligible patient more than Medicare's established "allowable/reasonable charge". It would also be an "unfair and deceptive practice" for a physician to treat Medicare eligible patients other than solely in an emergency situation without enrolling as a "participating physician" in Medicare and being subject to the maximum charges established by Medicare.

Physicians would be required to post a summary of the initiative in their offices and failure to comply with its requirements could result in civil penalties, money damages or court injunctions. The State Attorney General or a Medicare patient could file a civil suit to enforce the law seeking treble damages not exceeding \$10,000, the costs of suit and attorneys fees. Additional penalties of up to \$25,000 can be imposed for violation of a court ordered injunction.

gram. Real Medicare reform is needed in Congress. Join the thousands of seniors, employers, union members, health care professionals, and others in VOTING NO ON 1-92.

Rebuttal of Statement for

After investigating claims made by I-92 proponents, this committee, appointed by the Legislature to explain the arguments against I-92, has determined that:

· Congress has set Medicare's payment to doctors at approximately half the cost of actually providing medical

· Doctors charging medicare patients the same rate as other patients are not "overcharging;" Medicare is "underpaying."

· Current law provides adequate protections against true "overcharging."

 "Limited income" families will suffer if "unlimited income" seniors receive discounted care.

For additional information, call (206) 441-5863.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

R. LORRAINE WOJAHN, State Senator; CLYDE BALLARD, State Representative; PATRICK R. McMULLEN, State Repre-

Advisory Committee: MIKE RENDISH, Chairman, Washington State Legislative Committee of the American Association of Retired Persons (AARP); RICK BROCK, Legislative Representative, Association of Western Pulp and Paper Workers (AWPPW); HANK SNIDER, Chairman, Employers Against Initiative 92!; RICK L. JOHNSON, M.D., President, Washington State Medical Association.



SENATE JOINT **RESOLUTION 8207**

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Senate Joint Resolution 8207 begins on page 16.

Vote cast by the 1987 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 92; Nays, 3; Absent or not voting, 3. SENATE: Yeas, 45; Nays, 2; Absent or not voting, 2.

Statement for

judiciary and most particularly those judicial districts with few judges serving the district. There is often a great problem of transition between an outgoing judge and an incoming judge on pending cases. This particularly applies in instances where there are complicated and complex matters. This resolution would allow judges to clear up the caseload of those complicated cases which the judge had been hearing prior to retirement. Many of these cases have been before the court for many years. This would help the incoming judge to assume the regular caseload without pending cases to consume the limited time available.

Superior Court Judges often retire leaving unfinished cases. SJR 8207 would allow such a judge to complete a pending case without written agreement of the litigants. This is an efficient and economical means of continuing a case when a judge retires. A judge's ability after retirement to continue to sit on that case without obtaining consent of the litigants would result in considerable savings to the county, the state and to the parties.

These retiring judges were elected by the people and the parties have already agreed to this judge. In long and complex cases, it would be very difficult and time consuming for the succeeding judge to catch up with the case. The parties would experience delay, and the parties may try to change prior rulings.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the constitution empower superior court judges, after retirement, to complete pending cases in which they had made discretionary rulings?

The law as it now exists:

When a superior court judge leaves office for retirement or any other reason, the former judge is no longer authorized or empowered to function as a superior court judge. If the parties to a case agree, and the court approves, such a former

This change would be of great benefit to the entire Rebuttal of Statement against

SJR 8207 would authorize assigning a retiring elected judge to continue hearing an unfinished complicated case which would be difficult and costly for a new judge to assume. Although this would seldom be done, when needed, it would save time and money for the county and litigants.

Article V, Sec. 2 of our Constitution, prohibits an impeached judge from continuing on any case. Active and retired judges continue to be subject to the supervision of the courts and impeachment laws.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

IRV NEWHOUSE, State Senator; DENNIS DELLWO, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: PHIL TALMADGE, State Senator; RON MEYERS, State Representative; JACK DEAN, President, Washington State Bar Association; WALTER A. STAUFFACHER, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Judges Association.

judge or any member of the bar can preside as a judge pro tem for the case.

By statute a party to litigation has one opportunity, as a matter of right, prior to a discretionary ruling being made by a superior court judge to have that judge removed from handling a specific case.

The effect of SJR 8207, if approved into law:

The constitution would be amended to specifically empower previously elected superior court judges upon retirement to continue to handle those pending cases in which the judge had made discretionary rulings prior to retirement. No agreement would be required by the parties for a retired judge to so function.

Statement against

SIR 8207 DESTROYS THE ELECTED JUDICIARY

Every citizen who appears in court should be entitled to have his or her case heard by an elected judge--one subject to voter approval every four years. This constitutional amendment destroys that principle.

SIR 8207 CREATES A SPECIAL JUDICIAL "ELITE"

If approved by the voters, this measure would create a special category of "elite" unelected judges on the Superior Court bench in any county. Judges under this constitutional amendment could retire from the bench and still sit on cases of their own choosing. There would be no recourse by voters to examine their performance or express their objections through the election process.

SJR 8207 WOULD PROTECT IMPEACHED JUDGES

No definition of a retired judge is included in this special amendment for privileged judges. A "retired" judge could have reached such status by impeachment for malfeasance or misfeasance in office, but this measure makes no distinction and would not bar an impeached jurist from continuing to serve on the bench.

SJR 8207 BREAKS JUDICIAL AGE PROVISION

Superior Court judges now reach retirement age at 75 and must step down from active duty on the bench, a provision designed to keep our courts from becoming a haven for older jurists. If this constitutional amendment is Owners Protection Association, Seattle; WILLIAM FOSBRE, adopted, a judge could keep serving on a case for life.

SJR 8207 would raise judicial costs. Keeping a Superior Court judge on the bench costs each county and the state up to \$250,000 a year. This additional cost for an "elite" class of judges, who are retired and non-elected, would have to be borne by all of the taxpayers.

Rebuttal of Statement for

A matter of "convenience" shouldn't override a bench where judge's decisions are subject to voter review at the ballot box. Nor should we breach the judicial retirement age of 75, or create additional costs to maintain an "elite" corps of jurists at taxpayer expense.

Senator.

As established in our legal history, judges are required to rule on the "law," not on their own personal opinion. A judge who succeeds to another's case has this same duty.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

A.L. "SLIM" RASMUSSEN, State Senator; KENT PULLEN, State

Advisory Committee: LLOYD GARDNER, Washington Taxpayers Association; GLADYS E. EDWARDS, Property Thurston County Chapter, Overtaxed.



SENATE JOINT **RESOLUTION 8212**

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Senate Joint Resolution 8212 begins on page 17.

Vote cast by the 1987 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 97; Nays, 1; Absent or not voting, 0. SENATE: Yeas, 45; Nays, 2; Absent or not voting, 2.

Statement for

HELPS HIGHER EDUCATION

Our public universities, like the common schools, historically have benefited from trust funds created by the state constitution. These funds help support capital construction for all public education, kindergarten through graduate school.

When the funds were created, their investment was limited to specified, fixed security instruments, such as federal, state, county, municipal or school district bonds. To increase investment flexibility and potentially to improve returns on these funds, Washington voters have amended the Constitution three times: to enhance the Permanent Common School (K-12) Fund, state pension funds, and state industrial insurance funds.

REDUCES TAXPAYER LIABILITY

SJR 8212 provides this same kind of investment flexibility for our public higher education trust funds which benefit the University of Washington, Washington State University, payers. Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University and Western Washington University. It simply permits the state to invest balances in these funds "in any manner allowed by law," including investing in equity instruments, such as common stocks. This could both improve the rate of return on these funds and reduce the need for more taxes or increased bonded indebtedness.

PROTECTS PUBLIC TRUST

SJR 8212 does not require investing higher education trust funds in stocks. It merely provides the opportunity to

do so, but within carefully prescribed laws established to safeguard all investments of public funds. This resolution authorizes wiser money management and permits expansion of our investment flexibility.

Shall state constitutional restrictions,

which prevent investment of some per-

manent public land funds in stocks and

The Washington State Constitution and state and federal

law have created permanent funds which receive revenue from certain public lands. Those funds include as beneficiaries

common schools, universities, normal schools, agricultural, and

scientific purposes. Each fund makes investments to generate

private lending, be removed?

The law as it now exists:

VOTE YES ON SIR 8212; IT'S THE PRUDENT VOTE TO CAST

Rebuttal of Statement against

Don't be misled by alarmist rhetoric. Since 1981, the State Investment Board has earned more than a 17 percent return on state pension and accident insurance funds by exercising - within statutory safeguards - investment flexibility identical to that which SJR 8212 allows for higher education trust funds.

SJR 8212 has overwhelming support from both political parties - 97% of the Legislature voted for it.

Support higher education; reduce the drain on tax-

Vote YES on 8212!

Official Ballot Title:

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

MARCUS S. GASPARD, State Senator; E.G. "PAT" PATTERSON, State Senator; KEN JACOBSEN, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: ROBERT S. O'BRIEN, State Treasurer; BRIAN BOYLE. State Commissioner of Public Lands; LAW-RENCE KENNEY, President, Washington State Labor Council, AFL-CIO; Delores Teutsch; Edwin McWilliams.

income, however, these permanent funds have been constitutionally restricted from investing in stock or making any investments which could be construed as a lending of credit to a private party. In 1966 the voters approved the forty-fourth amendment to the state constitution removing that restriction for the permanent common school fund and permitting those funds to be invested as authorized by law. The other permanent funds, however, continue to have the original constitutional restrictions upon investments.

The effect of SJR 8212, if approved into law:

SJR 8212 would remove the constitutional restrictions on the investment of the public land permanent funds and sub-

Statement against

VOTE NO - The state should be prudent and sensible Rebuttal of Statement for with public trust fund money.

ENOUGH IS ENOUGH

Currently, other state trust fund money is invested in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, the stock market and real estate. This is gambling with our state money. Do not expose more public funds to these sophisticated and high risk investments. This is happening now - stop it by voting No.

RISKY BUSINESS

Recently some of our state trust fund money was used to buy a Bellevue office park. The state of Washington should not be involved in commercial real estate. This is not what might happen if constitution limitations are removed, this is what is happening now with other trust fund money.

FOUNDERS WERE RIGHT

State founders put restrictions on the use of the state's money and use of the state's credit. This change removes these prudent limitations. The opportunity for conflict of interest, corruption, middlemen, and losing great sums of money increase tenfold when restrictions are removed.

STOP IT NOW

Right now the state invests trust fund money in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, and real estate. Close this "Pandora's Box" approach to investing - VOTE NO.

Increasing the flexibility of trust fund investments will not benefit the taxpayer. In fact it will hurt the taxpayer if the investments turn into losses. This would create pressure to raise taxes to make up for the losses.

funds.

10

ject those funds to the same limitation as the permanent common school fund i.e., the Legislature would be authorized to determine what will be a proper investment of those

Leveraged buyouts and venture capital investments are investing in corporations and are potentially the lending of state credit. Protect school trust funds - VOTE NO.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

MICHAEL HEAVEY, State Representative; JACK METCALF, State Senator.

Advisory Committee: WAYNE O. GAFFNEY, Mercer Island; IAMES L. GOBLE, Seattle; WILLIAM FINKBEINER, Kirkland; SIDNEY STARR, Bellevue.



HOUSE JOINT **RESOLUTION 4212**

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of House Joint Resolution 4212 begins on page 17.

Vote cast by the 1987 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 78; Nays, 20; Absent or not voting, 0. SENATE: Yeas, 33; Nays, 16; Absent or not voting, 0.

Statement for

ARE LEGISLATORS DOING THE WORK THEY ARE ELECTED TO DO?

Immediately after each election state legislators begin fund-raising and planning for their next election. The current two-year terms for members of the House and four-year terms for state Senators give strong momentum to shortterm popular positions which push real problems and their solutions to the future.

NEED FOR A CHANGE

Our state Constitution is a dynamic document that, with its many changes, reflects the changing views and needs of our state. One hundred years ago it made good sense to the drafters of our Constitution to set two- and four-year terms for our legislators. After all, they met once every two years for sixty days, probably approved about fifty new laws and then went home by horseback, steamboat and railroad for two years before they met again. Communication was slow and the demands created by public necessity were minimal.

Today, the Legislature meets every year, 105 days in odd years, 60 days in even years, and in numerous overtime sessions. Over 4,000 proposals for new laws are introduced every two years, and 400 to 500 new laws enacted. Our world has grown more complex and longer terms for legislators is the logical result of the more complex issues that must be addressed. This constitutional amendment would prohibit a member of the House of Representatives from running for the state Senate without first giving up their House seat, but would allow a representative to run for other offices without first giving up the House seat.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the State Constitution be amended so legislative representatives will be elected for four years and senators for six years?

The law as it now exists:

All the members of the House of Representatives of the Washington State Legislature are now elected for two-year terms in elections occurring in even numbered years. The members of the Senate of the Washington State Legislature

Rebuttal of Statement against

Longer terms will actually make your legislator more effective. Your legislator can better consider the many problems faced; give them careful scrutiny and not be ramrodded into a hasty decision because of momentary political or lobbyist pressure.

A six-year term for your senator will match that of your U.S. Senator, A four-year term for your representative means more attention to your problems, less to fund-raising and campaigning.

Your vote FOR HJR 4212 will give you a more responsible and responsive legislator.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

LARRY L. VOGNILD, State Senator; SIMEON R. "SIM" WIL-SON; State Representative; RUTH FISHER, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: ALAN BLUECHEL, State Senator; GEORGE L. SELLAR, State Senator; PAT SCOTT, State Representative; GEORGE W. WALK, State Representative.

are elected for four-year terms with approximately one-half of the senatorial seats up for election at each even year election.

The effect of HJR 4212, if approved into law:

The members of the House of Representatives of the State Legislature would be elected for four-year terms. Approximately one-half of the membership of the House would be elected in each even year election. There are two representatives in each legislative district, so as a transitional measure in the 1988 election, the representative receiving the largest vote in the district would be elected for a four-year term and the other representative would have a two-year term. The legislative position with the initial two-year term would in the 1990 election become a four-year term.

Statement against

The changes proposed in HJR 4212⁻are unnecessary and Rebuttal of Statement for unwise. Lengthening the term of office for our legislators only would make state government more unyielding and less responsive to the will and needs of the people.

The length of our legislators' terms -- closely patterned on the length of congressional terms in office - has been in effect for 100 years, and there is no valid reason to change it. Extending the duration of office by two years simply would make our elected representatives less accountable to the people of Washington State.

Why? Our citizen Legislature must maintain close ties with the electorate. The current system - with two-year terms for the House of Representatives and four-year terms for the Senate -- requires constant communication between legislators and the public. The election process gives each voter the opportunity to hear regularly from his lawmakers and grade their performances. Limiting voters' opportunity to cast judgment on their lawmakers flies in the face of a democratic government.

Lengthening the span between elections would measurably weaken the voters' voice in government. It's true that election campaigns often are long, expensive and tiring - but campaigns also are often the only chance many people have to see and visit with their legislators. Reducing the frequency of elections would curtail the communications that are so vital to a democratic, representative form of government.

your voice in our state government.

Long-term solutions to problems result from hard work by quality lawmakers - not longer terms of office.

Yes, our world is growing more complex, but our ability to understand and deal with problems is growing too. The media help keep us well informed on governmental issues and actions. Extending lawmakers' terms won't make the legislative process more effective or easier.

If legislators are spending too much time electioneering, the solution is campaign reform, not longer terms.

The members of the Washington State Senate of the Legislature would be elected for six-year terms with approximately one-third elected at each election. The 1988 and 1990 elections would result in some senators being elected for four years and others for six years to establish a pattern which by 1992 would result in all senators being elected to six-year

For additional information, call (206) 352-4446.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

STUART A. "STU" HALSAN, State Senator; JAMES E. WEST, State Senator; TOM BRISTOW, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: CHUCK SAUVAGE, Washington State Common Cause; C. MONTGOMERY "GUMMIE" JOHN-SON, Port Ludlow; CARL MAXEY, Spokane; LAWRENCE Your vote against HJR 4212 will prevent a dilution of KENNEY, President, Washington State Labor Council, AFL-CIO; JACKIE BATTSON, Bellingham.



Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of House loint Resolution 4220 begins on page 17.

Vote cast by the 1987 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 86; Nays, 11; Absent or not voting, 1. SENATE: Yeas, 33; Nays, 16; Absent or not voting, 0.

Statement for

HJR 4220 is needed to assure adequate schools for our state. Public school construction is funded by a combination of local and state monies. On the average, the state supports about one-half of the cost of each construction project. The local school district voters provide the balance through property taxes or bond issues.

SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION FUNDS ARE INADEQUATE

For the past twenty years state support for school construction has been met through the sale of timber from trust lands. Three major factors make this level of construction support inadequate:

1. Statewide enrollment growth necessitates new classrooms

2. The value of trust timber has declined 50 percent in the past four years.

3. Our existing school buildings are wearing out.

SCHOOL PROJECTS AWAIT STATE FUNDING

Projects representing \$300 million have secured the local share and are awaiting state funds. Some of these projects have been waiting since 1984 and without the passage of HJR 4220 they may still be waiting through the 1990's.

HJR 4220 WILL PROVIDE FOR OUR CHILDREN'S FUTURE

erty tax levy that will not exceed 35 cents per \$1000 of assessed value and will not be collected for longer than 15 years. The money would be used solely for school construction purposes. Projected revenue from the proposition President, Washington Education Association.

would fund approved projects on the waiting list within seven years. In addition, monies deposited into a permanent endowment will provide an ongoing source of funding for future school construction needs.

Shall the constitution be amended to

permit a 15 year state-wide special

property tax levy exclusively for school

The state constitution limits tax levies upon real and

personal property by the state and all taxing districts, except port districts and utility districts, in any one year to in the

aggregate not more than one percent of true and fair value of

such property. This constitutional limit on property taxation

Official Ballot Title:

construction purposes?

The law as it now exists:

There are currently over 750,000 children in kindergarten through grade twelve. By 1999, enrollment will grow to over 900,000 students.

Our children deserve safe, healthful, and uncrowded schools.

Rebuttal of Statement against

YES, HJR 4220! The opposition's argument is misleading. In politics, it is called "smoke and mirrors."

HIR 4220 does not tamper with the Constitution.

. HIR 4220 will be directed by the voters to exist for 15 years. Period.

· Nobody likes increases in property taxes. But the longer it takes to fix schools, the more it will cost - pure and simple.

· HIR 4220 does not interfere with local levies. The opposition mixes apples and oranges. Vote YES!

For additional information, call (206) 448-7348.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

ALBERT BAUER, State Senator; DANIEL K. GRIMM, State Representative.

This constitutional amendment allows for a state prop- Advisory Committee: BRUCE HOLLAND, State Representative; REN TAYLOR, State Representative; DR. FRANK B. BROUILLET, State Superintendent of Public Instruction; PHILIP B. SWAIN, State Board of Education; TERRY BERGESON, can be exceeded by taxing districts only by securing voter approval as delineated in the state constitution.

The effect of HJR 4220, if approved into law:

The state would be authorized to impose a property tax in excess of to the current constitutional limit, at a rate not to exceed 35 cents per thousand dollars of assessed valuation adjusted to the state equalized value for a period of 15 years. The proceeds of that tax are to be used exclusively for school construction purposes.

Related provisions of the constitution would be altered to harmonize with the added language concerning a state property tax levy for school construction purposes, including

Statement against

GOOD INTENTIONS, BUT A BAD IDEA

Yes, we have a problem in funding school construction projects. But while the problem is clear, the solution is not.

Increasing property taxes is the wrong way to solve this problem.

Should we tamper with the Constitution? No. Amending the state Constitution for 15 years is inappropriate. The Constitution should be a permanent document protecting Washington citizens. Short-term changes are unwise.

Do you really believe this tax will be "temporary"? No. Proponents of this property tax plan say it will last 15 years. . . they claim it will be "temporary." But just think about all the times supposedly "temporary" taxes ended up being made permanent.

Should we again use property taxes as the easy way to get more money for government? No. Already this year the Legislature raised the levy lid for school districts, allowing higher property tax rates. The Legislature also allowed libraries to seek local levies that would increase taxes further. Another significant increase in our property tax burden is the last thing we need.

Should the state pre-empt local use of property taxes? No. Property taxes are intended to fund local government activities ... such as road maintenance, law enforcement, fire protection, emergency medical assistance, and so on. For the state to increase our property tax burden will make it harder for local governments to win approval of the levies they must have to operate effectively.

We should reject this proposal and keep property taxes as a local option and preserve local control.

the repeal of authorization to retire bonds from the interest on the permanent common school fund. This also eliminates certain language in the constitution which expired by its own terms at some past period and is now obsolete.

Rebuttal of Statement for

The problem of school construction funding is not new; it has been on the horizon for several years. And a temporary constitutional amendment is not the answer.

This property tax increase would require property taxpayers to pay for school construction projects throughout the state. . . in addition to projects they are already paying for in their own district.

We need a better way to pay for necessary school construction. . .not just higher property tax rates.

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

EUGENE V. PRINCE, State Representative.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Referendum Bill 41

AN ACT Relating to the federal reserve system; creating new sections; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec.1. (1) A sound money system is absolutely vital to a free people. Symptoms of an unsound money system abound: Budget deficits, recurring recession cycles, farm foreclosures, business bankruptcies, bank, savings and loan, and insurance company failures, trade deficits, and dramatic fluctuations in interest rates, inflation levels, and unemployment statistics. These represent a clear and present danger to the people and to the government of the state of Washington and the United States of America.

(2) The Federal Reserve Act of 1913, and other acts of Congress, purport to delegate the nation's monetary authority to the Federal Reserve System, with no oversight or control by any elected body or official. The Federal Reserve Board is assumed to have the power to create money and thus exercise absolute control over the economic activity of this nation, whereas the United States Constitution nowhere authorizes Congress to delegate such power.

(3) The Federal Reserve Act of 1913, and other acts of Congress, purport to delegate authority, without oversight or control, under which large, private United States multinational banks have made unrestricted loans all over the world which, now in danger of default, threaten the United States of America with a collapse of its whole banking structure.

NEW SECTION. Sec 2. It is hereby the declared intent of the state of Washington, and the counsel appointed by the legislature is hereby directed, to cause to be filed in the original jurisdiction of the supreme court of the United States: (1) An action challenging the constitutionality of the delegation to the federal reserve system of the power to create money, and thus the power to exercise absolute control over the economic activity of this nation, and (2) An action challenging the delegation of authority without oversight, under which large, private multinational banks have made unrestricted foreign loans which, if they default, threaten the United States of America with a collapse of its whole banking structure.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next succeeding general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution, as amended, and the laws adopted to facilitate the operation thereof.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 92

AN ACT Relating to the consumer protection act; and adding a new section to chapter 19.86 RCW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 19.86

RCW to read as follows:

(1) It shall be an unfair or deceptive act or practice or unfair method of competition in the conduct of trade or commerce under RCW 19.86.020 for any physician to:

(a) Charge, collect, or attempt to collect for medical services provided to any patient eligible for medical insurance benefits for the aged and disabled under the federal medicare program, part B of Title XVIII of the federal social security act, any amount in excess of the reasonable charge for such services as determined under part B of Title XVIII of the federal social security act;

(b) Fail to enroll at the earliest possible time, or fail to continue, as a participating physician under the supplementary medical insurance benefits for the aged and disabled part of the federal medicare program, part B of Title XVIII of the federal social security act; and

(c) Fail to post in a conspicuous place in his or her place of business a summary of the provisions of this section in accordance with such rules adopted by the attorney general to assure that patients are given reasonable notice of their rights under this section.

(2) This section does not apply to a physician who certifies in writing to the attorney general of the state of Washington that he or she does not and will not provide medical services covered under the supplementary medical insurance benefits for the aged and disabled part B of the federal medicare program to persons eligible for such benefits except in emergency situations or when such treatment would otherwise be required by the standards of the profession.

(3) For the purposes of this section the terms used in this section shall be defined consistently with the definitions for such terms contained in Title XVIII of the federal social security act.

NEW SECTION. Sec.2. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Senate Joint Resolution 8207

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article IV, section 7 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article IV, section 7. The judge of any superior court may hold a superior court in any county at the request of the judge of the superior court thereof, and upon the request of the governor it shall be his duty to do so. A case in the superior court may be tried by a judge, pro tempore, who must be a member of the bar, agreed upon . in writing by the parties litigant, or their attorneys of record, approved by the court and sworn to try the case. However, if a previously elected judge of the superior court retires leaving a pending case in which the judge has made discretionary rulings, the judge is entitled to hear the pending case as a judge pro tempore without any written agreement.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Senate Joint Resolution 8212

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article XVI, section 5 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article XVI, section 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 5 and 7 of Article VIII and section 9 of Article XII or any other section or article of the Constitution of the state of Washington, the permanent common school fund and other public land permanent funds of this state may be invested as authorized by law.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.



COMPLETE TEXT OF House Joint Resolution 4212

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article II of the Constitution of the state of Washington by repealing section 4 thereof and amending Article II, section 5 and Article II, section 6 of the state Constitution to read as follows:

Article II, section 4. Section 4, Article II of the Constitution of the state of Washington is repealed.

Article II, section 5. ((The next election of the members of the house of representatives after the adoption of this Constitution shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and ninety, and thereafter, members of the house of representatives shall be elected biennially and their term of office shall be two years; and each election shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, unless otherwise changed by law.)) Members of the house of representatives shall be elected for terms of four years with as near to one-half of their number as is mathematically possible retiring every two years. At the general election to be held on the first Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November 1988, the candidate in each representative district who receives the greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of four years and thereafter for a term of four years, and at the same election the winning candidate in each representative district who receives the second highest number of votes shall be elected for a term of two years and thereafter for a term of four years.

Elections of the members of the house of representatives shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year unless otherwise changed by law. Persons elected to the house of representatives shall serve four-year terms unless they resign or seek other legislative office.

Article II, section 6. ((After the first election)) The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient and contiguous territory, ((at the same time and)) in the same manner as members of the house of representatives are required to be elected; and no representative district ((shall)) may be divided in the formation of a senatorial district. They shall be elected for ((the)) terms of ((four)) six years, ((one half)) with as near to one-third of their number retiring every two years. The senatorial districts shall be numbered consecutively, and ((the senators chosen at the first election had by virtue of this Constitution, in odd numbered districts, shall go out of office at the end of the first year; and the senators, elected in the even numbered districts, shall go out of office at the end of the third year)) shall be divided into three groups: The first group to consist of every first district, the second to consist of every second district, and the third to consist of every third district. For those districts in which senators are to be elected in 1988 the term of office shall be four years for each district in the first and second groups and six years for each district in the third group; and thereafter in each district the term of office shall be six years. For those districts in which senators are to be elected in 1990, the term of office shall be four years for each district in the first group and six years for each district in the second and third groups; and thereafter in each district the term of office shall be six years.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.



COMPLETE TEXT OF House Joint Resolution 4220

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article IX, section 3 and an amendment to Article VII, section 2 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article IX, section 3. (1) The principal of the <u>permanent</u> common school fund as the same existed on June 30, 1965, <u>and including any</u> revenue dedicated to the fund from a state property tax shall remain permanent and irreducible.

(2) The ((said)) permanent common school fund shall consist of the principal amount ((thereof existing on June 30, 1965)) under subsection (1) of this section, and such additions thereto as may be derived after June 30, 1965, from the following named sources, to wit: Appropriations and donations by the state to this fund; donations and bequests by individuals to the state or public for common schools; the proceeds of lands and other property which revert to the state by escheat and forfeiture; the proceeds of all property granted to the state when the purpose of the grant is not specified, or is uncertain; funds accumulated in the treasury of the state for the disbursement of which provision has not been made by law; the proceeds of the sale of stone, minerals, or property other than timber and other crops from school and state lands, other than those granted for specific purposes; all moneys received from persons appropriating stone, minerals or property other than timber and other crops from school and state lands other than those granted for specific purposes, and all moneys other than rental recovered from persons trespassing on said lands; five per centum of the proceeds of the sale of public lands lying within the state, which shall be sold by the United States subsequent to the admission of the state into the Union as approved by section 13 of the act of congress enabling the admission of the state into the Union; the principal of all funds arising from the sale of lands and other property which have been, and hereafter may be granted to the state for the support of common schools. The legislature may make further provisions for enlarging said fund.

(3) There is hereby established the common school construction fund to be used exclusively for the purpose of financing the construction of facilities for the common schools. The sources of said fund shall be: (((+))) (a) Those proceeds derived from the sale or appropriation of timber and other crops from school and state lands subsequent to June 30, 1965, other than those granted for specific purposes; (((2))) (b) the interest accruing on said permanent common school fund from and after July 1, 1967, together with all rentals and other revenues derived therefrom and from lands and other property devoted to the permanent common school fund from and after July 1, 1967; and (((3))) (c) such other sources as the legislature may direct. That portion of the common school construction fund derived from interest on the permanent common school fund may be used to retire ((such)) bonds ((as may be)) authorized by law prior to January 1, 1987, for the purpose of financing the construction of facilities for the common schools.

((The interest accruing on the permanent common school fund together with all rentals and other revenues accruing thereto pursuant to subsection (2) of this section during the period after the effective date of this amendment and prior to July 1, 1967, shall be exclusively applied to the current use of the common schools:))

(4) To the extent that the moneys in the common school construction fund are in excess of the amount necessary to allow fulfillment of the purpose of said fund, the excess shall be available for deposit to the credit of the permanent common school fund or available for the current use of the common schools, as the legislature may direct.

Article VII, section 2. Except as hereinafter provided and notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, the aggregate of all tax levies upon real and personal property by the state and all taxing districts now existing or hereafter created, shall not in any year exceed one per centum of the true and fair value of such property in money: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing herein shall prevent levies at the rates now provided by law by or for any port or public utility district. The term "taxing district" for the purposes of this section shall mean any political subdivision, municipal corporation, district, or other governmental agency authorized by law to levy, or have levied for it, ad valorem taxes on property, other than a port or public utility district. Such aggregate limitation or any specific limitation imposed by law in conformity therewith may be exceeded only

(a) By any taxing district when specifically authorized so to do by a majority of at least three-fifths of the electors thereof voting on the proposition to levy such additional tax submitted not more than twelve months prior to the date on which the proposed levy is to be made and not oftener than twice in such twelve month period, either

at a special election or at the regular election of such taxing district, at which election the number of persons voting "yes" on the proposition shall constitute three-fifths of a number equal to forty per centum of the total votes cast in such taxing district at the last preceding general election when the number of electors voting on the proposition does not exceed forty per centum of the total votes cast in such taxing district in the last preceding general election; or by a majority of at least three-fifths of the electors thereof voting on the proposition to levy when the number of electors voting on the proposition exceeds forty percentum of the total votes cast in such taxing district in the last preceding general election: PROVIDED, That notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, any proposition pursuant to this subsection to levy additional tax for the support of the common schools may provide such support for a two year period and any proposition to levy an additional tax to support the construction, modernization, or remodelling of school facilities may provide such support for a period not exceeding six years;

(b) By any taxing district otherwise authorized by law to issue general obligation bonds for capital purposes, for the sole purpose of making the required payments of principal and interest on general obligation bonds issued solely for capital purposes, other than the replacement of equipment, when authorized so to do by majority of at least three-fifths of the electors thereof voting on the proposition to issue such bonds and to pay the principal and interest thereon by an annual tax levy in excess of the limitation herein provided during the term of such bonds, submitted not oftener than twice in any calendar year, at an election held in the manner provided by law for bond elections in such taxing district, at which election the total number of persons voting on the proposition shall constitute not less than forty per centum of the total number of votes cast in such taxing district at the last preceding general election: PROVIDED, That any such taxing district shall have the right by vote of its governing body to refund any general obligation bonds of said district issued for capital purposes only, and to provide for the interest thereon and amortization thereof by annual levies in excess of the tax limitation provided for herein, AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the provisions of this section shall also be subject to the limitations contained in Article VIII, Section 6, of this Constitution;

(c) By the state or any taxing district for the purpose of paying the principal or interest on general obligation bonds outstanding on December 6, 1934; or for the purpose of preventing the impairment of the obligation of a contract when ordered so to do by a court of last resort;

(d) By the state for a property tax at a rate not to exceed thirtyfive cents per thousand dollars assessed valuation adjusted to the state equalized value, levied for a maximum of fifteen years and used exclusively for school construction purposes.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the foregoing amendment shall be construed as a single amendment within the meaning of Article XXIII, section 1 of this Constitution.

The legislature finds that the changes contained in the foregoing amendment constitute a single integrated plan for funding common school capital projects. If the foregoing amendment is held to be separate amendments, this joint resolution shall be void in its entirety and shall be of no further force and effect; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state. LOCAL FOCUS: King is the state's most populous county with an estimated 1,361,700 residents. The County has a home rule charter which calls for election of a nine-member Council, a County Executive, Prosecuting Attorney, and Assessor. King County serves as both local government to unincorporated areas and as a regional government.



BALLOT TITLE

PROPOSITION NO. 1 REGIONAL HEALTH CARE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS BONDS-\$99,800,000

Shall King County, to finance Harborview Medical Center's trauma center and certain capital improvements at Harborview and Pacific Medical Centers, and the Health Department's Columbia, East, South, Southwest and Renton Clinics, as provided in King County Ordinance 8196, issue up to \$99,800,000 of unlimited tax general obligation bonds with a maximum term of 20 years, on which principal and interest shall be payable from annual property tax levies in excess of regular property tax levies?

Explanatory Statement:

If approved by the voters, Proposition No. 1 would authorize King County to issue up to \$99,800,000 of unlimited tax general obligation bonds, maturing within 20 years, to finance all or part of the following regional health care capital improvement projects within King County:

(1) At Harborview Medical Center, expansion and consolidation of the emergency trauma center and other key diagnostic departments; expansion, improvement and relocation of patient and visitor services; and modernization, expansion and consolidation of inpatient and out-patient facilities.

(2) At Pacific Medical Center, structural repairs and/or additions to bring its Beacon Hill "Tower Building" into compliance with Seattle's seismic and other building codes.

(3) Construction of three new public health centers in Seattle, east King County and south King County, and expansion, remodeling and repairs to existing public health centers in Renton and southwest King County.

The maximum amounts of bond principal proceeds to be available to these projects shall be: Harborview - \$75,465,000; Pacific Medical Center - \$9,315,000; and public health centers - \$15,020,000.

Unless paid from other sources, both principal of and interest on the bonds would be paid from annual excess property tax levies upon all taxable property within King County, without limitation as to rate or amount.

To be approved, this proposition must receive "yes" votes from at least 60% of those voting on it, and the total number of persons voting on this proposition must equal at least 40% of those in King County who voted at the last general state election.

Statement for

SAVING LIVES: Life-threatening injuries can strike anyone at anytime. For the more than 3,000 accident victims treated at Harborview each year, the difference between full recovery and a lifetime of impairment or death can be a matter of seconds. Harborview's trauma team, while nationally recognized, is forced to lose precious seconds because essential facilities — the emergency room, surgery, radiology, laboratories and the air ambulance heliport —are spread throughout the hospital. Blood test labs, for example, are a block and a half and two floors from the emergency room.

Proposition 1 would provide a modern, efficient Trauma Center at Harborview. Essential emergency services would be consolidated and readily available—making the difference for many accident victims whose lives hang in the balance.

MEETING HEALTH CARE NEEDS IN OUR COMMUNITY: Demands on our Health Department clinics to provide basic and preventative care cannot be met without Proposition 1. These clinics, located in communities with rapid population growth, are already straining to provide services to those most in need —especially children and seniors.

When low-income patients around the county need specialty medical care, they are referred by the community clinics to Pacific Medical Center. PMC must make structural improvements to keep these vital services available.

A SMALL PRICE TO PAY: Proposition 1 asks voters to commit only 11 cents per \$1,000 of assessed property value a year to these public health care facilities over the next 20 years.

Vote yes on 1 - a small price to pay when it's about saving lives.

Rebuttal of statement against

Harborview is THE treatment facility for people from all over King County with the most serious, life-threatening injuries. It must be modernized. /

Harborview is one of the few county hospitals that requires no operating subsidies. These improvements will keep Harborview self supporting. The Seattle Area Hospital Council endorses Porposition 1 because **it's cost effective.**

SOS is also wrong about Pacific Medical Center. If the funds aren't committed to PMC, the bonds won't be issued.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: WARREN G. MAGNUSON, JOEL PRITCHARD, JAMES WICKWIRE

Statement against

"... the United States often has worse health than Britain despite spending three times as much per head on health care." (London Economist 8/22/87, page 47)

The Shareholders of Seattle (SOS) urge you to vote NO on Proposition 1, the Regional Health Care Capital Improvements Project.

The crisis of medical care here is a crisis of costs. Why? Because we in the United States are spending progressively more for medical **buildings** than we are for medical **services**. That is precisely the situation here. We're being asked to allocate \$100 million for capital projects financed by a bond issue, with not a single penny going for operating or maintaining the subsequent improvements. With interest, this bond issue will cost the taxpayer a minimum of \$200 million. The effect is higher medical costs for all whether one pays the bill directly or through insurance.

Problems that SOS is asking you to consider are:

1. The Harborview Long Range Capital Improvement Plan gives no non-capital alternatives. There is no documented data to show that the proposed capital expenditures will attain the efficiencies claimed.

2. The Pacific Medical Center (PMC) is managed by a Public Development Authority. As such, the funding for PMC is conditional (see Ordinance Sec. 4). Passage of this measure does not necessarily mean that PMC will get the funds. If it doesn't, the ordinance does not say what will happen to the money. **Once again, we're being asked to sign a blank check.**

Rebuttal of statement for

Vote NO on Proposition 1.

Harborview: Alleged "inefficiency" is a management problem certainly not requiring a bond issue.

Pacific Medical Center: PMC has been cutting back on health care. Why??

Medical costs have increased because facilities have expanded beyond the ability to staff, equip and maintain them. Developmental costs will be passed on to patients. How can more lives be saved and health care provided if people can't afford the services?

Vote NO on 1.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DORIS BAXTER BURNS, BOB HEGAMIN, BARBARA ZEPEDA





leanette BERLEEN Republican

Jeanette Berleen has been a real estate appraiser for three and one half years, an accountant and lead budget analyst, and has served laudably in our Washington State House of Representatives. She has been a member of the Burien , White Center, and West Seattle Chambers of Commerce, Highline United Methodist Chruch, and Citizens to Save Puget Sound.

Jeanette Berleen was born on November 2, 1952. She attended Highline Community College and the University of Washington, where she received a Bachelors degree in Business Administration in 1976. Jeanette Berleen has experience in management, budgeting, appraisal, and working with people.

I plan to make the Assessor's Office more accessible, informative, and efficient. The office can be made more efficient by making property tax appeals' decisions good for more than just one year. Also, by assigning appraisal crews to specific areas, they will become more familiar with the neighborhoods they appraise.

The office can be more informative by letting people know about exemptions they are eligible for in a timely fashion. Then, people will not be taken advantage of by paying more than their fair share of property taxes. For example, taxpayers can get an exemption for added value of remodeling on single family residences, up to a limit, by filing a form with the Assessor's office. I will work with the building department of King County and all city building departments to have the proper forms automatically issued with all residential remodeling building permits.

Renters, you have a stake in property taxes. Your rent will probably increase by as much as any new taxes paid by the owner. The Assessor's office can be more informative by letting people know how much bonds and levies are going to increase property taxes, before they vote on them. Then the decision on whether or not to pass these issues is up to an even more informed electorate, both owners and renters.

The office of Assessor can be made more accessible by opening a public information counter at the existing Eastside Assessor's Office, and by working with libraries to have property tax information stations located in them.

You have a right to know about tax exemptions and why your property is appraised the way it is. As Assessor, I will make sure property is appraised fairly, and I will accommodate the needs of all citizens.

Thank you for your interest, concern, and your vote. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 48214, Seattle, WA 98148 PHONE NUMBER: 623-6063

Ruthe Ridder is seeking reelection as King County Assessor. In 1983 she defeated three-term incumbent Harley Hoppe. Ruthe has received high marks during her first term. Headlines such as, HERE'S AN ASSESSOR WHO HELPS THE TAXPAYER (Seattle P.I. 2/23/86) have been typical.

Ruthe was born June 13, 1929; Bachelor's, Psychology, University of Washington; served 9 years State Senate, Chair Labor Committee, member Ways/Means, Rules and Legislative Budget Committees; Vice President Washington State Association of County Assessors, member Rainier Chamber of Commerce and League of Women Voters.

Ruthe has won each election she's campaigned in.

King County Assessor Ruthe Ridder keeps her word.

Four years ago, she promised to run an open, professional and non-political Department of Assessments. Ruthe Ridder has kept these promises and more.

Ruthe has quietly and efficiently brought fairness to the assessment process. Under Ruthe Ridder, the valuation process is handled by a professional staff without politics getting in the way. There are no more scandals. No private detectives following Department employees. Every property is treated equally.

In keeping her word to open the office, Ruthe has: Initiated taxpayer assistance meetings throughout King County which have been very well attended. Over 3,000 taxpayers have received personal help in understanding their property tax system.

Distributed over 10,000 copies of "Tax Facts", a free booklet on Department programs, including information on how to obtain property tax exemptions and appeal property values.

Made it easy for the public to get information from the Assessor's Office on any property. Made comparable sales data available on computer terminals.

Ruthe has accomplished all of this while holding to a no growth budget. She looks to the next 4 years to sustain the role of your independent Assessor to protect and enhance property tax fairness. Ruthe has reached out to property owners who need assistance and are eligible for property tax relief.

She initiated a program of immediately informing taxpayers whose property has been damaged of their right to property tax relief.

She successfully sought legislation to increase interest paid to taxpayers who receive refunds. She developed an aggressive outreach program to inform seniors, the disabled and home remodelers of tax-exemption programs.

Ruthe's honesty and integrity have earned her enormous respect. On November 3rd, your continued support of Ruthe Ridder will keep the office open, accessible and fair. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 2369, Seattle, WA 98111 PHONE NUMBER: 467-6293



Robert W. WINSOR (No Statement Submitted)



Ruthe RIDDER Democrat

Port Of Seattle Commissioner **District No. 3**



Paige MILLER

Paige Miller practiced business law in Seattle for several years before joining the Seattle City Council staff as a legislative assistant and policy analyst. As President of the Queen Anne Community Council, Paige led in negotiating a cooperative agreement between the Port and nearby neighborhoods which permitted moderate expansion of Terminal 91 while protecting the neighborhoods from harmful impacts. Paige also served on the committee which developed the Port's long-range harbor plan.

Born January 5, 1949, Paige is a graduate of Brown University and Yale Law School. She and her husband Bruce Johnson, have two children, Marta and Winslow.

The Port of Seattle brings 80,000 jobs to King County. That is the Port's mission. Some of those jobs are on the waterfront, some are at SeaTac. Many more are related to Port activity. If the Port fails, we all suffer.

The Port needs effective new leadership. It needs someone who can listen, someone who can work with people, and someone who can get the job done. I began working on Port issues six years ago as a community leader, helping the Port and my neighborhood to resolve a bitter dispute over a proposed development project at Terminal 91. Later, I served on the committee that developed the Port's long-range strategy for the harbor's cargo-handling facilities. Through those experiences I learned the Port's business and worked with the people, inside and outside the Port, who are involved in its daily activities.

I want to use my knowledge of the Port and my experience in working with people in the community to help the Port work on some important problems.

The Port needs to be more open and accountable to the public. It needs to improve its customer service and customer relations or we will lose important customers to our competitors. The Port must be open and fair in hiring and contracting. And it must move forward with three important economic development projects - a cruiseship terminal, an international trade center and expanded moorage for the fishing fleet.

Also, the Port must take steps immediately to reduce the level of airplane noise in our neighborhoods. Noise can be reduced through enforcement of existing regulations, and through new incentives and regulations which push for the use of quieter, new-generation airplanes at SeaTac. The Port needs working, caring leadership. I ask for your vote on November 3rd.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 711 West Kinnear Place, Seattle, WA 98119 PHONE NUMBER: 281-8674



George **KARGIANIS**

George Kargianis, a successful businessperson and attorney (practicing 34 years), is a senior partner in his downtown Seattle law firm, and resides with his family in Bellevue where he served as Bellevue School Board President. Kargianis, former Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission Chief Examiner, is an expert on maritime, transportation, and international trade issues, an appointed mediator, and experienced negotiator.

A native Washingtonian and University of Washington Law School graduate, Kargianis is a former Washington State Bar Association Governor, a fellow of the prestigious American College of Trial Lawyers, and sits on numerous arts and community boards and commissions.

I bring to the Port experience, knowledge and commitment to public service. Shortly, the Port will make a number of critical policy decisions which will affect our economy, neighborhoods, and quality of life for decades to come.

FIRST and foremost, the Port Commission must be a body capable of projecting a positive image. As a mediator, negotiator and consensus builder, I have the background to be the catalyst for harmony and consensus between the commission and staff.

SECOND, the Port must be a better neighbor, that means it has to be a better listener. THIRD, many of our neighborhoods, and rightfully so, are concerned about the noise from air traffic and Port facilities. The Port needs to ensure noise abatement policies are developed and utilized.

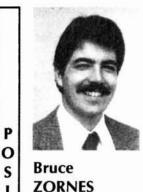
FOURTH, Fisherman's terminal is the home Port for our two billion dollar per year fishing industry. We must meet the needs of this industry with facilities, goods, and services. FIFTH, Northwest ports need to develop more interport cooperation on a regional basis to compete successfully against out of state ports.

SIXTH, we need to better market the Port. SEVENTH, the Port must continue to play a key role in the economic development of King County.

I am running because I believe I offer what the Port and our citizens need from a Commissioner: an experienced steady hand, a proven mediator and negotiator, an authority on issues of major concern to the Port, a successful business-person and a respected community leader. I have worked with and represented both business and labor.

If I can answer any questions please contact me at 4700 Columbia Center, Seattle 98104 or 624-5370. As your new Port Commissioner, I will work hard to accomplish the goals I've set out above. I would appreciate your vote. Thank you. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 47th Floor, Columbia Center, Seattle, WA 98104-7010 PHONE NUMBER: 624-5370





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Bruce Zornes was born in Utah on 12 March 1955. Zornes has been a resident of the great Northwest since 1967. Zornes is a young family man married to wife Jeanne for over six years with two small boys. Zornes attended the University of Washington earning a masters degree in ceramic engineering. From school Zornes was employed by Boeing in defense and space programs and is presently a consulting engineer for a Tacoma based firm.

Bothell is a growing community emerging from the heritage of railways and logging chutes along the Squak slough to a present and future boon of high technology industries in our backyard. Bothell possesses a small town flavor where many people know each other and value the guality of life that Bothell offers.

But the pressures of growth both in Bothell and the neighboring communities will cause significant changes in the flavor of Bothell. It is in the best interest of both the residents and the businesses located in and planning to locate in Bothell to maintain Bothell as a desirable place to live.

The integrity, planning abilities, and watchfulness of the Bothell city council and staff directly affects the balance of community living business activities, and growth and development.

Although I am running unopposed, I encourage you to vote for Bruce Zornes for Council Position #1 as a well-placed vote-ofconfidence in the Bothell city council to ensure and maintain the freedom of the individual balanced with the good of the community. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 10, Bothell, WA 98041 PHONE NUMBER: 485-4058

UNOPPOSED

I have been part of the Bothell community since 1967 when my family moved to Maywood. I graduated from Bothell High School. I majored in business at the University of Washington and am an employee of Seafirst Bank as a Credit Officer.

My wife, the former B-Z Sundstrom, and I have two children, Kip and Megan. I have been active in volunteer work with schools, PTA, fourth of July activities, and with youth sports programs.

I grew up in Bothell and have seen the many changes our community has undergone. I understand how important it is to preserve our "small town" feeling.

We are at a crossroads. We need thoughtful, well-planned development which encourages growth and enhances our city. Bothell needs to realize its full potential. This can only be accomplished by a new direction on the city council. We need to lower our tax base by recruiting new business downtown and in the valley corridor.

We need the Riverside Parkway for commuter traffic, making downtown pedestrian traffic safer, and Bothell Landing accessible.

As a city council member I will listen to all viewpoints, and will actively encourage community participation. Bothell needs a vital new plan with vital people to implement it. IT'S TIME FOR A CHANGE.

Thank you for your support and your vote CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 10727 N.E. 187th, Bothell, WA 98011 PHONE NUMBER: 487-1442



Robert M. (Bob)

DAVIS

Born May 27, 1939. Occupation as career employee with the IRS, currently as an Internal Revenue Agent. Bachelor of Science degree in business administration with an accounting option. Bothell resident for 13 years. Married to first and current wife and partner Carol for 27 years. Previously active in Boy Scouts, Cub Scouts, Suicide Prevention, and various other civic efforts. Six years experience on the Bothell Planning Commission and four years on the Bothell City Council.

I stand for the interests of the Bothell citizens and their neighborhoods. I have opposed unwarranted tax increase proposals. I listen and respond to the concerns of average citizens who are often intimidated by government bureaucracy. I have a strong record of sponsoring pro-active, citizen-oriented legislation such as the recent fireworks ordinance and legislation to prohibit nuclear weapons and nuclear waste in Bothell. My objectives are to carry through the programs started in the last four years as planned. Specifically, this includes maintaining the established high standards for development in Bothell and insuring that growth is for the benefit of all of Bothell's citizens. We must be certain that new development carries its share of infrastructure costs and that the city is not gridlocked with new traffic, at the expense of the citizenry. A major objective is establishment of a new Senior Center facility for the Northshore Senior Citizens. We have one of the most outstanding Senior Citizen organizations anywhere, but they need room to grow !!! CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 10417 N.E. 197th Street, Bothell, WA 98011 PHONE NUMBER: 486-8726 or 483-6236

Howard A. PELLETT





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Walter J. WOICIK

Dianne WOODY

Born 3/29/40. 20-year resident of Bothell, married to Joyce, daughters Melissa and Cindy. Both graduated from Bothell High and attend the University of Washington.

St. Mary's College, Winona, Minnesota - Bachelor of Science in Business Administration. Additional studies in Industrial Development, Land Use Planning, Zoning, Real Estate, Commercial Lending, Contract Administration, Financial Management, and Municipal Budgeting.

Former Land Use Consultant and Banker, now Regional Manager, Block Bros. Industries (USA) Inc.. I am seeking re-election to the Bothell City Council, believing it is vital that city government do its utmost to attract people and businesses to Bothell.

As City Councilman, my philosophy has been (1) to protect the rights of the Bothell citizens; (2) to encourage orderly economic growth; and (3) to make Bothell a pleasant and safe place in which to live and work.

I have served the citizens of Bothell as Planning Commissioner, City Councilman, and as a member of Puget Sound Council of Governments Executive Board, King Subregional Council and Transportation, Growth and Development Committee.

I sponsored legislation to hold property tax increases within the 106% levy lid, and to reduce city utility taxes.

I supported transferring the Bothell Library to the King County Library system, benefiting both the library system and Bothell taxpavers.

I will continue to encourage orderly growth of business and industry in Bothell, work for the economic well being of the community, and actively respond to the requests and needs of residents within Bothell neighborhoods. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 9435 N.E. 181st Lane, Bothell, WA 98011 PHONE NUMBER: 486-3572

Graduated from Western Washington University with a B.A. in Psychology and have done post-graduate work at the University of Washington. Have been a social worker, small business owner, and have served in the State Senate for 7 years. Was on the Local Government, Ways and Means and Rules Committees, as well as in Senate Leadership. Born on 10/18/39. Have two children in college, and am presently working for DSHS.

I have lived in the same neighborhood for 25 years and have seen Bothell grow from a small town to become a diverse and growing community with a number of needs and challenges. Traffic congestion, Downtown revitalization, The Truly development, By-Pass feasibility, Senior Center expansion, Park acquisitions, and quality development of the Technology Corridor are all issues which the City Council must address during the next four years.

I feel that my experience at the state and county level can be of help to the city in resolving some of these pressing issues. I have a strong feeling of commitment to the community and believe that Bothell can continue to strike a balance between traditional values and the dynamic diversity of a growing community.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 24328 47th Avenue S.E., Bothell, WA 98021 PHONE NUMBER: 481-4593



PROPOSITION NO. 1 POLICE PROTECTION EXCESS LEVY -SEVENTY-ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$71,500.00) Shall the City of Carnation, Washington, be authorized to levy an excess property tax in the year 1987 for collection in 1988 of SEVENTY-ONE THOU-SAND FIVE HUNDRED and NO/100 DOLLARS (\$71,500.00), estimated at \$2.87 per \$1,000.00 of full assessed value for the purpose of providing funds for police services and personnel, all as provided in Ordinance No. 367?

Explanatory Statement:

The intent of this proposition is to secure through excess levy taxation, the sum of \$71,500.00 to be used solely and exclusively for police services. The budget of the City of Carnation is inadequate to fund the demands placed upon it for law enforcement requirements in the form of full-time officers and part-time police services, along with the clerical staff and equipment necessary to carry out police enforcement duties.

If passed, it is expected that approximately \$2.87 will be added in the form of taxes for each one thousand dollars of assessed value of real property within Carnation, for the year 1988 only.

Statement for

The City of Carnation's Police Department is comprised of a police chief, three part-time officers and a part-time police clerk. Reserve officers assist the department without compensation. The police officers employed by Carnation are highly qualified, having completed all State of Washington required training.

The 1987 Police budget is \$133,017 which is 38% of the total general fund budget for the City of Carnation. Approximately one-half of the police budget is supported from annual special police levies. Money received pays for police officer and clerk salaries and benefits. The citizens of Carnation, over the past several years, have overwhelmingly passed previous special levies similar to this special levy in support of the police department.

If the special police levy of \$71,500 for collection in 1988 does not obtain voter approval, the city will be faced with a situation of not being able to support the part-time officers and the part-time clerk position. This may force the city to return to a one person police department – a police chief.

We cannot allow the level of police protection to deteriorate to the level of 5 years ago. A vote for approval of the special police levy will continue the highly qualified police service now available for all citizens of the city.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: JERRY (JAY) JOHNSON



PROPOSITION NO. 2 - Proposed Annexation to Fire Protection District No. 35 is on Page 36.

Statement against

No statement submitted.

City of Carnation Council candidates are listed on the Sample Ballot on Page 36. The candidates did not submit statements for this pamphlet.



PROPOSITION NO. 1 EXCESS LEVY FOR STREET MAINTENANCE

Shall a \$40,000.00 (approximately \$.98 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation) excess property tax be levied in 1987 for collection in 1988 for Duvall Street Maintenance?

Statement for

No statement submitted.

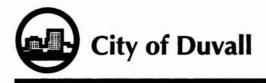
Explanatory Statement:

THE LAW AS IT NOW EXISTS: Street maintenance in the City of Duvall is funded from the gas tax, general revenues, and a special levy approved in 1986 for collection in 1987. Municipal voters may approve a special excess property tax levy to raise funds for street maintenance.

THE EFFECT OF PROPOSITION 1 IF APPROVED BY LAW: The property tax levy in the City of Duvall would be increased to generate \$40,000.00 in additional funds for the purpose of street maintenance. The increase in the property tax would be approximately \$.98 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation. Collection of the excess levy would be for the year 1988.

Statement against

No statement submitted.



PROPOSITION NO. 2 EXCESS LEVY FOR POLICE SERVICES

Shall a \$70,000.00 (approximately \$1.70 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation) excess property tax be levied in 1987 for collection in 1988 for the purpose of maintaining police services?

Explanatory Statement:

THE LAW AS IT NOW EXISTS: Police services in the City of Duvall are funded from the general fund. There is no other municipal revenue earmarked for police services. Municipal voters may approve a special excess property tax levy to raise funds for police services.

THE EFFECT OF PROPOSITION 2 IF APPROVED BY LAW: The property tax levy in the City of Duvall would be increased to generate \$70,000.00 in additional funds for the purpose of maintaining police services. The increase in the property tax would be approximately \$1.70 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation. Collection of the excess levy would be for the year 1988.

Statement for

No statement submitted.

Statement against

No statement submitted.



PROPOSITION NO. 3 EXCESS LEVY FOR RIVERFRONT PARK LANDS PURCHASE

Shall a \$20,000.00 (approximately \$.50 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation) excess property tax be levied in 1987 for collection in 1988 for the purpose of riverfront park land acquisition?

Explanatory Statement:

THE LAW AS IT NOW EXISTS: Parkland acquisition in the City of Duvall is funded from the general fund. There is no other municipal revenue earmarked for parkland acquisition. Municipal voters may approve a special excess property tax levy to raise funds for parkland acquisition.

THE EFFECT OF PROPOSITION 3 IF APPROVED BY LAW: The property tax levy in the City of Duvall would be increased to generate \$20,000.00 in additional funds for the purpose of acquiring riverfront parkland. The increase in the property tax would be approximately \$.50 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation. Collection of the excess levy would be for the year 1988.

Statement for

No statement submitted.

Statement against

No statement submitted.

	City Of Duvall
E	Council

Date of birth 12/13/21. Occupation-Homemaker. High school education. Councilmember since 1981. Past secretary of Concerned Citizens for Planned Growth. Past president of Duvall Civic Club. Treasurer of Duvall Civic Club and Duvall Historical Society. Member of Citizens' Advisory Committee on the Snoqualmie Community Plan for three and a half years.

I am seeking re-election because I feel I have the experience to help guide the city's growth for the next 4 years. Duvall is the fastest growing city on the east-side. We must be prepared to plan ahead to absorb the growth in an orderly fashion. We have to know how to provide the needed services without placing an undue burden of taxes on our citizens.

We are located in a unique rural valley and we must be careful not to destroy the quality of life that makes Duvall such a desirable place in which to live. At the same time we must allow businesses to expand and provide opportunities for industries to locate here. An expanded tax base is essential. Tourism must be encouraged. Jobs and training must be provided for valley residents.

We need the expertise provided by the Seattle-King County Economic Development Council. With city officials, business people and citizens working together, we can accomplish our goals. If re-elected, I promise to continue working toward those goals.

O S Ruth A. I SUBERT T I O N

Mark SMITH

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I was born July 7, 1959 spending most of my 28 years in Washington State, 4 1/2 years of which I've lived in Duvall. I am currently a full time student studying Geo-Physics and Chemistry. After earning my degree, I would like to specialize in hazardous waste clean up and disposal.

As well as school I am employed with Accent Products Co., Inc., a fast growing corporation in Duvall, as a woodworker. In March 1983 my wife and I moved to Duvall. We chose Duvall because of its country setting, atmosphere and easy access to the large cities. Now 4 1/2 years later this quiet country city is the fastest growing city on the east side and with that distinction comes many of the problems faced by major cities. This growth was inevitable. Duvall could not remain a secret forever. My major concern

is "Can Duvall maintain its country atmosphere while creating a business community that will employ local people as well as supply the needs of its residents?" Another problem facing Duvall is its sewer treatment facilities which is near capacity now! With this rapid growth it may be

overburdened by years end.

When I am elected to council position #1 I will work to find answers to these problems and I will always listen to you! CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 165, Duvall, WA 98019-0165 PHONE NUMBER: 788-4823

	Candidate did not submit a statement or photo.
Glen G.	
KUNTZ	
Ted RITTER	I am 36 years old and was born in Baltimore, Maryland. I am an Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner having received B.S. and B.S.N. degrees from University of Maryland and an M.S. degree from University of Illinois in Chicago. I own and operate Duvall Family Health Clinic providing for the health care needs of Duvall and environs for the past 5 1/2 years. I am running for re-election to Duvall City Council. Duvall is the fastest growing city on the East side and King County. I feel it is important to provide continuity on the council in order that the City be better able to meet the challenges of that growth / I am in favor of growth but am very concerned that it be well planned and regulated so as not to adversely impact either the environment or our "country" way of living. The city desperately needs economic development and its increase in tax base in order to better provide for the needs of the citizen ie: parks, paved roads, and police protection. I am dedicated to maintaining the best police protection possible through well trained officers and capable administration. I have fought hard in the past and will continue to fight for that protection. The public has to help me by voting for the levies that are required to maintain our department. There are great challenges and opportunities in the future of Duvall and it is going to take dedicated people on the council.
	KUNTZ



P O S I T	Gary L. RUTLEDGE	Candidate did not submit a statement or photo.	_
1 N 3		UNOPPOSED	

Riverview School District No. 407 Director



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Born in Indiana in 1940, my parents were school teachers. After living in various parts of the United States, I chose Washington as my home. I graduated from the University of Washington and have been an engineer at Boeing for nineteen years. I have lived near Carnation for fourteen years. I served as chairman of the school district's Citizens Advisory Committee and have been an active participant in the community.

I have worked hard during the past two years to improve our schools. Teamwork and commitment are paying off and our list of accomplishments is impressive. My personal goals for the district (better communication and effective planning) have been incorporated and continue to improve. Now we must concentrate on academic excellence in our district, strengthening existing programs and starting effective new programs. Riverview's continued growth will challenge us further, making it essential that we have a willing, hard-working board. As a member and chairman of the Riverview School Board, I have provided skills that supplement the talents of other members and leadership to guide our decision-making, always emphasizing the needs of our students and the trust placed in us by the citizens of the district. I have no political aspirations, only a desire to improve education by serving all of Riverview's citizens and students. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 4736 281st Ave. NE Redmond, WA 98053 PHONE NUMBER: 333-4616

UNOPPOSED

Riverview School District No. 407 Director

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	Susan

Born: October 2, 1949 in New York. Graduated from the University of Arizona with B.S. in Animal Nutrition. Moved to Carnation in April, 1983, where both my children were born, my son in 1983 and my daughter in 1985.

I worked in accounts receivable/payable, putting my husband through seven years of college, until my children were born. When my oldest became old enough for pre-school, I joined the board of Duvall Cooperative Preschool.

As can be seen from my biographical information, education is very important to me. I have worked very hard to provide a quality education for both myself and my husband. And I will continue to work to provide the best education possible for my children. I have learned from experience how necessary it is for parents to be active within the school district. I was very dismayed when

the initial bond issues for the new schools in the Riverview School District failed in their first attempt.

I realize that, for now, there is not sufficient funding within this district to provide for every contingency. However, I intend to do my best to insure that every dollar spent provides the most benefits for the most children, and that every program that is initiated is in the best interest of this school district.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 32510 NE 111 ST Carnation, WA 98014 PHONE NUMBER: 788-3432

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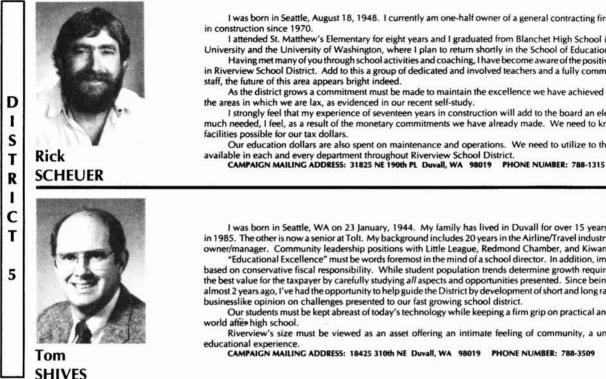
My date of birth is 3/20/48. I am married with two children, ages 10 and 14. I have been employed part time as a Family Service Worker with Head Start for 4 years. Previous employment includes Clerk for Water District 119 for 4 years, and Child Care Worker with emotionally disturbed children for two years. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree in Sociology from the University of Washington.

I am running for school board because I am excited about all the changes and growth in Riverview School District; I want to be involved in the planning and decision making process. I have volunteered in the District for eight years as P.T.A. co-president, one year at Cherry Vally Elementary and one year at Tolt Jr. High; as a classroom volunteer; and on various school board appointed committees. I have lived in Riverview School District 12 years. My daughter attends Cherry Valley Elementary and my son attends Tolt High. My volunteer work in the district and my employment with Head Start have enabled me to meet many people and become acquainted with most of the services and operations in Riverview School District. In addition to being knowledgeable about district operations, an effective school board member is aware of the concerns and hopes of the people in the district. I feel I am qualified for this position. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS; 31201 NE 104 Carration, WA 98014 PHONE NUMBER: 788-4885

Cheri STEFANI

	Candidate did not submit a statement or photo.
Harry OESTREICH	
	UNOPPOSED

Riverview School District No. 407 Director



I was born in Seattle, August 18, 1948. I currently am one-half owner of a general contracting firm in Seattle. I've been involved

I attended St. Matthew's Elementary for eight years and I graduated from Blanchet High School in 1966. I also attended Seattle University and the University of Washington, where I plan to return shortly in the School of Education.

Having met many of you through school activities and coaching, I have become aware of the positive interest we share in education in Riverview School District. Add to this a group of dedicated and involved teachers and a fully committed administration and district

As the district grows a commitment must be made to maintain the excellence we have achieved in many areas, while bolstering

I strongly feel that my experience of seventeen years in construction will add to the board an element now lacking, an element much needed, I feel, as a result of the monetary commitments we have already made. We need to know that we are getting the best

Our education dollars are also spent on maintenance and operations. We need to utilize to the fullest the talented resources

I was born in Seattle, WA on 23 January, 1944. My family has lived in Duvall for over 15 years. One son graduated from Tolt in 1985. The other is now a senior at Tolt. My background includes 20 years in the Airline/Travel industry with 6 years as a Travel Agency owner/manager. Community leadership positions with Little League, Redmond Chamber, and Kiwanis.

"Educational Excellence" must be words foremost in the mind of a school director. In addition, important decisions must be made based on conservative fiscal responsibility. While student population trends determine growth requirements, our job is to search out the best value for the taxpayer by carefully studying all aspects and opportunities presented. Since being appointed to the school board almost 2 years ago, I've had the opportunity to help guide the District by development of short and long range goals and to offer a practical businesslike opinion on challenges presented to our fast growing school district.

Our students must be kept abreast of today's technology while keeping a firm grip on practical and useable skills necessary in the

Riverview's size must be viewed as an asset offering an intimate feeling of community, a unique lifestyle and very special

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 18425 310th NE Duvall, WA 98019 PHONE NUMBER: 788-3509

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Director

Mr. Krona was born March 24, 1955, in Tacoma, and moved with his family to the Snogualmie Valley immediately thereafter. After attending Valley schools Rick went on to the University of Puget Sound, graduating with honors in business administration in 1977. Returning to the Valley, Rick began work as a certified public accountant in his family's firm. Today, he and his brother have succeeded their parents as partners of Krona & Krona, CPA's.

A school board member has a unique opportunity to help create an educational environment that encourages, rather than hinders, children's development. Our school district is entering a critical time as the rapid growth on the Eastside reaches out to our area. If elected, my first objective will be to continue trying to provide adequate facilities in a timely manner. The District is also in need of top administrators due to retirement and relocations. Selection of quality people will be an important role of the Board in this coming year. The demands made on public schools seem to grow exponentially every year. Juggling these new responsibilities, along with providing basic education, is a challenge I look forward to solving with the help of fellow board members, district personnel, parents, and the children

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 799 Snogualmie, WA 98065 PHONE NUMBER: 888-3942

Richard G. KRONA

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UNOPPOSED

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Director



Donald K. GMAZEL

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Born in Lansing, Michigan on March 7, 1943. Moved to Snoqualmie, Washington in 1981. Married, wife Virginia, four children and two step children. Employed at Group Health Cooperative of Puget Sound as an Account Executive in the Marketing Division. Prior to joining Group Health Cooperative I was a partner in s m s r, a site design and land use consulting business. Since graduation I have worked 22 years in engineering and 4 years in marketing. I have been a member of the Snoqualmie Valley School Board for 2.5 years. As a parent with children in the Snoqualmie Valley School District and an involved member of the community I look forward to contributing my experience and commitment to the school district. During the next few years our district has several major issues facing

it. Within the next year we will be hiring a Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, opening a new elementary school and hiring administration and teachers to staff that school. I feel that my experience on the school board and my commitment to the community will help me in making the decisions that will be required by the school board.

UNOPPOSED

Dan D. GUETTLER of Production and Human Resources. My occupational background includes working with budgets, unions, scheduling, manufacturing, production and human resources.

Born May 21, 1950, I have been a resident of Fall City for the last eight years. I am employed by Starbucks Coffee as Director

I have Bachelors' degrees in Economics and Political Science from Montana State University. Upon completion of a Thesis I will be awarded a Masters of Organizational Development from Central Washington University

I feel I have the background and commitment necessary to serve you as a member of our School Board. I feel my work experience lends to the skills necessary for the effective operations of our school district. I have two school age daughters which lends to my commitment of making our School District the best that it can be.

The most critical action that needs to be addressed by the School Board is the hiring of a Superintendent. I believe our District needs strong leadership in this area. I believe the School Board should choose the path the District travels while the Superintendent leads the District down that path handling obstacles along the way.

Other issues facing the District are means of retaining a superior teaching staff, construction of a new school, repair and maintenance of existing buildings, etc., all of which has to be accomplished with limited funds. I will ensure to the best of my ability I will appropriate funds so as to gain the maximum benefits for our District and our children. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 33005 SE 42nd ST Fall City, WA 98024 PHONE NUMBER: 222-7955



Louise MARTIN

Born 1936 in Stambaugh, Michigan. Graduated 1954 Iron River High School, Iron River, Michigan. Have worked in an office since that time. Most recently as Office Manager/Accounting supervisor for J.J. Welcome Construction Co., Inc. since 1964

Since we are a rapidly growing district, it is my hope to continue providing a quality education for the students of our district while coping with the problems of rapid growth. I have been on the board since 1976 and have seen many changes. I also see many changes in the future. With the problems facing our young people, who will be our leaders in business, government and education, it is imperative that the quest for excellence in education be the prime concern of present boards. In public education the views are many and varied. The general public has divergent views as to what is needed by their children. It is the job of each board to try to satisfy all those needs to the best of their ability with the resources available to each district.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: Box 604 Fail City, WA 98024 PHONE NUMBER: 222-5582

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Lake Washington School District No. 414 Director

Clare (Downs) Cochran, married, mother of three children, attended Lake Washington Schools K-12, received a B.A. in Education from Seattle University, School Psychologist Credentials from Seattle Pacific University and a M.A. in Guidance and Counseling. In addition to her classroom teaching experience K-8 in the Lake Washington Schools, Clare taught in gifted, special education and Head Start programs.

Clare is presently employed as a legislative assistant and community liaison to the King County Council.

A school board member has a responsibility to listen and to be available and responsive to the people he/she represents.

I believe my background and experiences have provided me a solid foundation for working with people and understanding representative government, making me uniquely gualified to serve as a member of the Lake Washington School Board.

It is a fundamental belief of mine that kids need and want to feel good about themselves. Schools should be places where students feel comfortable learning and growing from the people and experiences they find there.

I think children with potential learning problems could be identified at an earlier age. Our counseling program should be expanded into the primary grades in an effort to minimize failures and maximize successes for children.

Basically I believe that schools should be places where students feel confident and encouraged to stretch to new limits as human beings. Whatever I can do as a board member to contribute in a positive fashion to a child's school experience, I want to do. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 226 8th Ave. Kirkland, WA 98033 PHONE NUMBER: 823-4261

Carole George, 47, has an English degree from Northern Michigan University. She taught in North Carolina, Wisconsin and in Seattle from 1963-68

Between 1968-1985, Carole taught at Finn Hill and Kamiakin Junior Highs and the Vo-Tech. She has served as PTSA Council Co-President and on local and District committees, Scholarship committee, the original "2001" Committee and the Drug and Alcohol Task Force

Carole is married and has two sons attending Juanita High.

Service, commitment and involvement characterize my current record as your school board director. I have demonstrated vigor and dedication toward building and maintaining our district's excellent programs in basic skills, drug and alcohol education, and in areas which further develop teachers' instructional and curriculum skills. Frequent visits to schools and communication with people in the community have enabled me to become a solid link between our schools and this community. I strongly believe that schools belong to the people, and this has been demonstrated by my timely and caring responsiveness to your concerns, request and recommendations.

Upon election to your school board, I will continue to uphold and improve on the District's leadership position in the state. I will maintain a fundamental focus on developing the finest programs for our students, along with a commitment to expand and promote excellence and equity in curriculum, teacher competence and in safe and orderly classrooms. You can depend on me to face the issues diligently and to conscientiously carry out my duties as a board member. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 6922 NE 124 ST Kirkland, WA 98034 PHONE NUMBER: 823-8047



Bob Hughes has been a member of the Lake Washington School Board since 1978, serving as the Board President in 1984, 1986 and 1987. He is 46 years old, a graduate of Western Washington University, and, with his wife Linda, has two children and one grandchild. Bob has been with The Boeing Company for over twenty-three years and is currently a Boeing Computer Services manager, in the second year of a Washington Roundtable Loaned Executive assignment.

For the past nine years Bob Hughes has continued to be a hard working and committed school board member, dedicated to achieving quality education within the Lake Washington School District. Specific areas that he proposes to address during the next four years will include:

1. Keeping the school curriculum up-to-date with changes that are necessitated by society and by business expectations. It is important that we all assure that our children are able to fit into society in the most productive way possible. Additionally, it is up to each of us to prepare our children for the rapidly changing world that is ahead. Mr. Hughes will continue to ask for your guidance in telling the schools what to change and how fast to change it.

2. Making schools more effective through individualized caring for students. Educational research has clearly shown that each child's feeling of self worth is a key determinant in effective schooling (Reyes, 1984). Mr. Hughes will continue to offer educational leadership in placing a high priority on caring for individual students. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 7503 117 Ave. NE Kirkland, WA 98033 PHONE NUMBER: 822-2604

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Carole GEORGE

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Lake Washington School District No. 414 Director



BOCK R

Joyce

TREPUS



Catherine Bock, wife and mother of three, has served community needs for 17 years. Her volunteer activities include Evergreen Hospital, Cub Scouts, Multiple Sclerosis Society, crisis counseling, CAC ombudsman and precinct committeeman. Catherine Bock received the Rockwell Elementary Golden Acorn award (1984).

Catherine Bock interned in Olympia with district Legislators on education committees (1987). Bock volunteers in local schools and works on district committees through the Citizen's Advisory Council to the Lake Washington School Board.

Catherine Bock will be a responsible and responsive member of the school board emphasizing her effective communications skills. Catherine Bock stresses parental and citizen involvement, respect for alternative views and open board process

Catherine Bock will encourage a positive environment where all views are respected and concerned citizens know that their input is important before decisions are made. Bock realizes that the "why" of decisions must be communicated to the community. Catherine Bock will stress local control, believes in a constant vigilance to insure that school funds are used for the greatest

educational advantage of students and feels that special levy funds should be used as voted by the community. Catherine Bock will respect and listen to the concerns of all citizens in decision making, understanding that parents, teachers,

board and administration must work together for effective education programs. Bock supports top-quality instruction offered to all students and believes that staffs must have ample opportunity to determine their own staff development needs. Please vote for Catherine Bock.

Joyce Trepus is 48 years old, married and the mother of two sons. She graduated from Seattle Pacific College in 1960 and has continuously updated her education through seminars and various classes. As a teacher, parent, and a local community-school volunteer for many years, Joyce has visibly committed herself to quality education. Currently, Joyce Trepus is office manager for the family contracting business and is serving as a Lake Washington School District board director.

OPPORTUNITY, EXCELLENCE AND PARTNERSHIPS are hallmark beliefs I hold for our Lake Washington Schools. Active involvement in the district has shaped my hopes and actions for quality schools.

We must provide opportunity for all children to benefit from solid academic programs, especially in English, reading, science and mathematics. We must provide opportunity for adults to receive quality training in our vocational technical institute, and we must provide these opportunities to learn in schools free from drug and alcohol abuse, where positive discipline conditions exist.

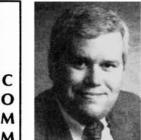
I believe we have made significant strides in our quest for excellence by reducing class sizes. Excellence is also indicated by greatly improved test scores. Our students score among the highest in the nation, and all this is being achieved in classrooms where caring is demonstrated.

The partnership we have achieved includes listening and sensitivity to the concerns of parents. My aspirations are to improve that partnership between the schools, parents, community and school board. I am anxious to resume that quest this fall as one of your school board members

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 20816 NE Novelty Hill Rd Redmond, WA 98053 PHONE NUMBER: 868-1508

Woodinville Water District

LOCAL FOCUS STATEMENT: Woodinville Water District is a municipal corporation of King County providing water service to more than 9500 customers. The District covers more than 28 square miles. It was established by special election held in August, 1959, and is governed by an elected three member commission.



Don

WRIGHT

Born April 7, 1947, in Seattle. Manager of the Water Supply and Treatment Department in the Bellevue Office of CH2M HILL. Graduate of Bothell High School. Received a B.S. degree in Civil Engineering and a M.S. in Sanitary Engineering from Washington State University. He is a Registered Professional Civil and Sanitary Engineer. Don is active in the American Water Works Association and is a Diplomate in the American Academy of Environmental Engineers.

Having grown up in Woodinville, I have seen the tremendous changes that have occurred in our community. This is a highly desirable place to work and raise a family, and the area will continue to grow. As a District Commissioner I have worked hard to meet the needs of both our existing and new customers. I have taken a businesslike approach to the utility, including use of technical and financial planning and performance evaluation. I have helped open the planning process by soliciting public input on many important issues

The District currently faces important issues, such as planning for the region's future water supply, dealing with the tremendous cost impact of the sewerage projects currently planned by Metro, and re-evaluating the way government provides utility services. In addition, planning must continue to ensure the District's continued financial stability and to provide the utility improvements required to meet customer needs. As commissioner I will continue to provide the leadership to meet these challenges. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 15617 165th Place N.E., Woodinville, WA 98072 PHONE NUMBER: 483-5492

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Richard D. BARANZINI

Born: November 1, 1946. Education: Graduated from Bothell High; Bachelor of Arts, Univ. of Washington; Master of Arts, Univ. of Washington; Master of Public Administration, University of Puget Sound; Master of Business Administration, University of Puget Sound.

Occupation: Sergeant, King County Police Department, Kenmore Precinct; Major, United States Air Force Reserve.

Memberships: International Assn. of Fire Chiefs; Air Force Association; Reserve Officers Association; Pi Alpha Alpha; Association of the Industrial College of the Armed Forces.

As Commissioner, I have worked to provide the quality of fire protection and emergency medical aid service that the citizens of the Kenmore-Lake Forest Park area can depend upon both now and in the future. The first master-planning exercise in the District's history, annexation of the City of Lake Forest Park, and passage of a \$2 Million capital projects bond issue are some of the highlights of my current term. We have also seen an improvement in the fire insurance rating for the fire district. Forging a partnership of citizens and staff, full-time and part-paid firefighters, and commissioners and employees, with open communications, has been my prime objective; the direction of our fire protection planning is of concern to everyone who lives in and works for the fire district. Thank you for your support in the past and for your trust and vote to allow me to work for the future of Kenmore, Lake Forest Park and Fire District #16—*in the direction the Community desires!*

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 691 Kenmore, WA 98021-0691 PHONE NUMBER: 485-8413



Don

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Financial Advisor, Consultant; Investment Banking; Pension and Employee Benefits. Public Experience: Commissioner, Northeast Lake Washington Sewer & Water District - 21 years. Managing Director, East King County Regional Water Association. Associated with: Seattle Comprehensive Plan Committee; Seattle Purveyor Contract Committee; Seattle Water Purveyor Committee; Water Advisory Committee to Mayor Royer; Vice-Chair, East King County Regional Water Association; Puget Sound Council of Governments; Washington Water Utilities Council; Chair, Sewer-Water District Insurance Pool; Eastisde Water Purveyors Committee. There has been and continues to be a proliferation of special purpose districts throughout Washington State. King County has over 150 of these districts. All too often there is a lack of communication between the districts, and a lack of co-operation.

One of my accomplishments over the last two decades has involved the merging of the King County Water District #79 into the Northeast Lake Washington Sewer District. Two districts with virtually identical boundaries were operating totally independently. The merger, which seems like a simple matter, required enabling state legislation. The lead of the merged district has been followed by others and Northeast Lake Washington has assisted others in their merger activities.

The governing questions of the Puget Sound Basin require regional solutions to eliminate duplication, depleted assets and resources, higher costs and patchwork planning (often irreversible).

I ask the voters for an additional opportunity to: Utilize my occupational expertise to help guide the district; Work within the Commissioner office to enhance regional planning and co-operation with other political jurisdictions within the service area.



PROPOSITION NO. 2 PROPOSED ANNEXATION OF THE CITY OF CARNATION TO FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 35

Shall the City of Carnation be annexed to and be a part of King County Fire Protection District No. 35, as provided for in City of Carnation Ordinance No. 362 and King County Fire Protection District No. 35 Resolution No. 122?

Explanatory Statement:

If approved, the City of Carnation, which is an island within the recognized protection area, will become part of King County Fire Protection District No. 35.

The process of contracting for fire and aid services between the two entities will end at the close of 1988.

Property owners within the incorporated City limits, will be eligible to participate in voter approved issues regarding land acquisitions, equipment purchases, building of facilities, and future annexations.

Furthermore, those who reside inside the limits of the City, will be able to seek Fire Commission Board positions.

Tax rates of property owners in the District will not change as result of this annexation. Tax rates for City residents will be the same as currently levied in the District, and will be equal to the amount the City is presently contracting for services.

Those who are inside the City of Carnation will not be responsible for past debts in the form of bonds and special assessments, which are presently being dispensed by the Fire District.

The level of services presently being provided by the Fire District will not be adversely affected.

Overall costs of future capital projects will be reduced for District property owners as more *residents*. will be participating in the improvement efforts.

Statement for

Proposition #2 is an opportunity to annex the City of Carnation into the King County Fire District #35. Currently the District covers a ninety square mile area and houses three fire stations. The District offers service to Carnation annually on a contract basis. Carnation does not own any equipment or property. All other areas within the District own their equipment and have a vote in how it is used. CARNATION DOES NOT.

WHAT PROPOSITION #2 WILL DO FOR THE CITIZENS OF CARNATION

Annexation will consolidate fire protection and emergency medical services, thereby improving management and delivery of services. A uniform property tax (.97/1,000 assessed property value, the current assessment) will be established to pay for these services by ALL of the District residents. YOU will have a vote in how your equipment is used and other issues regarding fire protection and emergency medical services. Carnation citizens will become eligible to run for the office of Fire Commissioner.

WHAT WILL HAPPEN UPON ANNEXATION

Annexation will occur immediately upon voter approval. Presently the District has an outstanding bond debt that will mature in 1990. Property owners of Carnation will not be responsible for assisting in the securement of this debt, so they will not see an increase in taxes as a result of annexation. Future tax increases will depend on decisions you, as voters, will make.

HOW CAN WE PASS PROPOSITION #2?

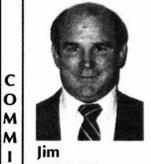
Support the needs of Carnation and the King County Fire District #35. VOTE YES.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: LINDA ADAMS, DEB MITCHELL, HAKEN BERG ÅDVISORY COMMITTEE: LEE SOPTICH, MARY KOHLSCHMIDT

Statement against

LOCAL FOCUS: KCFD #35 protects nearly ninety square miles of forest, residential, and agricultural based properties. With a full-time chief, and forty volunteer responders, the department provides fire, medical aid, and public educational services from three station locations. The commissioners and staff members are striving to progressively plan the district's future.





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Ralph C. SHEPARD

I was born on August 9, 1949 at North Island Naval Air Station in Coronado, California. In 1971 I graduated from Coleman College in San Diego. There I was taught the fundamentals of computer programming. After graduating I worked for Lawless Detroit Diesel in the Los Angeles area as a programmer analyst until 1978. I currently work for PEMCO Corporation as a programmer analyst. My family, Jackie and Kenny, and I have lived in the Carnation area since 1978. I am quite committed to country living. I feel

the advantages far outweigh the occasional inconveniences. Since moving to the area I have served on the Board of the Sno Valley Center. In addition from 1979 to 1984 I served as the District Secretary to the Board of Fire Commissioners. Ten months after resigning, the board asked me to return and serve as the Finance Officer.

I have held that position since that time. Over the years the board has had me represent them to negotiate the contracts with the City of Carnation Working as a programmer I have been involved with most areas of a company. I have developed programs ranging from a payroll

package to the assembly instructions for the construction of turbine generator sets

I feel that my background in Data Processing and my past involvement with the board give me insights that will allow me to be a positive influence to the board.

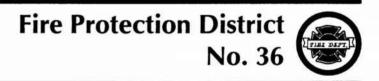
CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 32601 NE 77 ST Carnation, WA 98014 PHONE NUMBER: 333-4075

Born 1/9/26. Attended Pasadena City College. Served United States Navy W.W.II and Korean War. Attained rank of Captain in L.A. Co Fire Department, leaving after 14 years to operate a Diesel Engine Repair and Parts Distribution business. Sold the business and came to Washington in 1972, opening a Ship Wrecking Yard and later in Wholesale Antiques. Moved to Carnation 1978, raising Registered Angus Cattle. Operates Shepard's Realty Company, Carnation.

I was appointed to the Board of Fire Commissioners in 1985 to fill a vacancy, was subsequently elected by the voters at the next general election.

During the last two years Fire District #35 has experienced an exceptional period of growth. We have acquired a new Pumper, a new 2500 gal. Tanker and more importantly a new full time paid Fire Chief. The District has received an upgrade in rating, reducing insurance rates in many cases and a further upgrade is within reach for the near future. All of this and more, without an increase in your fire protection Tax Dollar.

Fire District #35 is on the move. Expansion and improvements are in the planning stage. The number, quality and morale of the volunteer personnel is at the highest ever. This can only happen when the District is operating smoothly and efficiently. I would like very much to continue to lend my experience toward helping to build YOUR Fire District. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 32122 NE 8 Carnation, WA 98014 PHONE NUMBER: 333-4909



Born in Wellsville, New York, 9-12-31. Employed by City of Seattle Engineering and Building Departments as an inspector. Previously owned commercial business for 10 years.

Attended Mount Herman, Mass. Prep School, Northwestern Louisiana University. Member of Phi Epsilon Kappa Honorary Fraternity. Holds a Certificate of Achievement in Building Trades Inspection from Seattle Community College.

Has resided in Woodinville for 8 years, served on Board of Fire Commissioners for 6 years,

In 1981, Bob Wright pledged to obtain 24 hour staffing, shorter response time and employee stability. We now staff 3 stations 24 hours, service 80% of the district in 4 minutes for aid calls and have increased our paid staff to 31.

2 new stations are completed, 1 is under construction, 1 is remodeled, 1 more is projected. All equipment is being updated and upgraded to meet modern firefighting standards. The educational level and proficiency of our firefighters and staff is among the finest for comparable jurisdictions.

As Chairperson of the board, the district has been guided to the use of computers, employment of professional administration, effective management methods and positive public image and awareness. The district now works very closely with adjacent jurisdictions.

With these items in mind, I believe that I am qualified to again serve you for ensuing years on the Commission. Therefore, I seek your support and your vote in the election, to continue to develop the goals requested by the community. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 17900 185 NE Woodinville, WA 98072 PHONE NUMBER: 788-1991

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R. E. (Bob)

Robert R. (Bob) MILLER

Born August 6, 1945, married with two children. I have an Associate of Arts Degree, Bachelor of Arts Degree and two years graduate work. I am currently employed by the City of Seattle as a Fleet Manager Analyst. Previous employment areas include duties as a Park Ranger, Park Superintendent and Recreation Manager. I attended U.S.C. Medical Center Emergency Medical Technician School and the L.A. County Sheriff's Academy Peace Officer

Training Program.

I have strong backgrounds in management, supervision, budgeting, fiscal control, and public relations. I would bring experience in supervising staffs of over 180 people; preparing, administering and controlling budgets in excess of \$1.5 million

The basic design and implementation of the Fire District #36 Master Plan is a good first step. Woodinville and Fire District #36 are entering a new and changing era with many challenges ahead. We need a commissioner who has proven leadership capacities, a strong background in budgeting and fiscal responsibility, and is keyed to respond and act positively toward the Fire District employees and the citizenry.

Issues needing immediate attention include: fire fighters' staffing levels, adequate water supplies in all district areas; changes in State legislation to improve fire protection capabilities; and improving communication within the Department and to the general population as a whole. If Woodinville incorporates, the Fire District commissioners will need to take a leading role in ensuring the citizens of the new City receive the fire protection services they need and expect the District to provide. CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 17522 156 Place NE Woodinville, WA 98072 PHONE NUMBER: 483-5219



Public Hospital District No. 2 Commissioner, District No. 3 LOCAL FOCUS STATEMENT: The citizens of Bothell, Kenmore, Kirkland, Juanita, Redmond and Woodinville established King County Public Hospital District No. 2 to provide health services as are appropriate to the community's needs. Evergreen Hospital Medical Center and affiliated services (Surgi-center, Urgent Care, Care Network) exist to provide public access to high technology care with personal service.



John PLOVIE

Date of Birth: April 27, 1949. Occupation: Attorney. Education: 1971-B.S. Preventive Medicine, University of Washington; 1973-Masters of Health Administration, University of Washington; 1981-Juris Doctor, University of Puget Sound School of Law. Community involvement: 1984-1985-Community Council, Evergreen General Hospital; 1986-Marketing Committee, Evergreen General Hospital; Feb., 1987 to present-Commissioner, Public Hospital District No. 2 (Evergreen Hospital Medical Center); 1986,1987-Chairman, Transportation Committee, Redmond Chamber of Commerce (two terms); 1987-Chairman, Finish 520 Task Force, Redmond Chamber of Commerce; 1983 to present-Member, Redmond Rotary Club (Rotarian of the Year, 1984-1985). Professional: 1981 to present-Member, Washington State Bar Association; 1983 to present-Member, Commercial Law League of America.

Health care has never been more complex than it is now. There is more competition, more insurance options and more health care choices. Slick advertisements for hospitals and insurance programs have made the choices even harder to make.

Yet, hospital care is still more costly than many can afford. Many do not have insurance or enough insurance. It is beyond the ability of any one hospital to solve all of these concerns. However, if each hospital contributes its fair share, then progress can be made.

If I am elected hospital commissioner, I pledge to find ways to serve our community health care needs in a more efficient, less costly manner. Evergreen is a good hospital with an excellent and very caring staff. It will take knowledgeable and concerned leadership for it to continue to meet our community needs in the future. I believe I have the skills, experience and community awareness to meet these challenges. Most of all, I am, like all of us, a health care consumer. When I am called upon to make decisions on policy at Evergreen, it is the needs of the consumer that will be most important to me. Sometimes that may mean making decisions that aren't popular with other hospitals or other health care providers. Nonetheless, that is a small price to pay to know that our families are well cared for when the need arises.

These are the things that are important to me. I have lived and worked in this community for many years. I believe that I can do a good job representing you as a hospital commissioner. If elected, I will do my best to represent you in this important position. I respectfully ask your support.

UNOPPOSED

COMPLETE TEXT OF King County Proposition No. 1

AN ORDINANCE providing for the submission to the qualified electors of King County, at a special election to be held in conjunction with the general election on November 3, 1987, of a proposition seeking approval of the issuance by King County of not more than \$99,800,000 of unlimited tax general obligation bonds, the principal of and interest on which shall be payable from annual property tax levies in excess of regular property tax levies. maturing within a maximum term of 20 years, to finance certain capital improvement projects at Harborview and Pacific Medical Centers, and the Seattle-King County Health Department's Columbia, East, South, Southwest and Renton Clinics. PREAMBLE:

Harborview Medical Center ("Harborview") includes the only trauma center in a fourstate region providing level one emergency patient care. It serves as the major regional facility for referrals of critical injuries including burn cases and spinal cord and head injuries. Annual emergency room patient visits have increased from 31,000 in 1982 to over 40,000 in the 12 months ended June 1987.

Harborview plans an expansion and remodeling of its emergency trauma center to accommodate the increasing patient volume and to more efficiently locate emergency and other support services.

Currently nursing units with 92 beds for patients requiring acute nursing care are housed in a portion of the Harborview facility built in 1931. Harborview plans to relocate the nursing units to a modern facility to meet state regulations and to provide an efficient physical configuration for patient care.

All of Harborview's medical and surgical out-patient facilities are housed in aging facilities which lack adequate heating, ventilation and air conditioning and which contain inadequate clinic space which is inefficiently designéd. Harborview intends to renovate its out-patient facilities to promote efficiency, increase capacity and meet contemporary standards.

Pacific Medical Center ("PMC") is public development authority which operates clinics in Seattle, Totem Lake, Renton and soon in Bellevue. Pursuant to written agreements, PMC is the provider of specialty and diagnostic medical services for low-income and uninsured patients referred from King County and Seattle community health clinics. It is also the Regional Uniformed Services Treatment Facility for active duty and retired military personnel in King County under contract with the Department of Defense. Structural improvements to the PMC's Beacon Hill facility are necessary to meet the Seattle seismic and other building codes to allow the institution to continue fulfilling its major role in the King County public health care delivery system. The continuation of PMC's ability to contribute to the public health care system is important to King County's purposes to provide for the health and wel-

fare of its citizens. The non-profit community clinic known as the "Community Clinic System" has become the family doctor for more than 70,000 low income residents of King County. The Health Department plays a major role in planning, development and support of the community clinic system, as well as operating a network of health service centers throughout the county providing specific public health services focused on children, seniors and pregnant women. In order to meet the needs of the growing population, new facilities are needed immediately in the East side, South King County and in Southeast Seattle health department service areas. Furthermore, co-locating non-profit community clinics with these health department clinics provides the public both cost efficiencies and better access to comprehensive family services. The Renton and Southwest health department service centers require improvements to correct building deficiencies to promote their efficient operation. It is the intent of King County

eral obligation bonds to finance the capital improvements and to submit this proposal for approval by the electorate.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. "Regional Health Care Capital Improvements Project," as used herein, shall mean:

A. Capital improvements to Harborview for the purposes of expanding and consolidating its emergency trauma center and other key diagnostic and treatment departments, expanding, improving and relocating patient and visitor services, and modernizing, expanding and consolidating inpatient and out-patient facilities; and

B. Capital improvements to PMC for the purpose of making structural repairs and or additions which will bring its "Tower Building" on Beacon Hill into compliance with the City of Seattle's seismic and other building codes (the "PMC Project"); and

C. The following capital improvements to facilities operated or to be operated in whole or in part (as more specifically noted below) by the Health Department (collectively, the "Health Department Clinic Project"):

1. A new Southeast Seattle Community Health Center in Columbia City area intended to house the services of the Health Department's existing Columbia Health Center and which may also house (but shall not be required to do so) a co-located nonprofit community health clinic; and

2 A new Fast District Public Health Center in east King County intended to house the services of the Health Department's existing East District Public Health Center and which may also house (but shall not be required to do so) a colocated nonprofit community health clinic, and may also include a satellite clinic in north King County to be operated, in whole or in part, by the Health Department; and

3. A new health center in south King County intended to house the services of either the Health Department's existing Auburn Health Center or an additional Health Department health center, and, in either case, which may also house (but shall not be required to do so) a co-located nonprofit community health clinic; and

4. Expansion and remodeling of the Health Department's existing Renton Health Center; and

 Roof repairs at the Health Department's existing Southwest Public Health Center.

SECTION 2. Subject to the approval of the qualified electors of King County, the county council hereby authorizes the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds (the "Bonds") in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$99,800,000 for the purpose of providing all or part of the money necessary to pay the capital costs of the Regional Health Care Capital Improvements Project. The term "capital costs," as used in the foregoing sentence, shall be construed consistently with the term "capital purposes" in Article VII, Section 2(b) of the Washington Constitution and R.C.W. 84.52.056, but, subject thereto, may include the costs of (i) property acquisition, site preparation and demolition; (ii) development, design, engineering, architecture, planning, fi-nancial, legal, relocation and other services lawfully incurred incident to the development of the components of the Regional Health Care Capital Improvements Project and their financing; and (iii) construction, renovation, remodeling, equipping and furnishing of the components of the Regional Health Care Capital Improvements Project and their financing, including its incidental costs and costs related to the sale and issuance of the Bonds; however, the term "capital costs" shall not include maintenance, operations or costs for replacement of equipment. The maximum amount

of principal proceeds of the Bonds to be made available to each component shall be as follows:

A. \$75,465,000 for the Harborview Project;

B. \$9,315,000 for the PMC Poroject; and

C. \$15,020,000 in the aggregate for the Health Department Clinic Projects.

The Bonds shall bear such date or dates; shall mature at such time or times not to exceed 20 years from the date of issuance thereof; shall be issued in such denominations; shall bear such terms, conditions and covenants; shall be in such form; shall bear interest at such fixed or variable rate or rates: shall bear such redemption and registration privileges; and shall be sold in such manner, at such time or times, in such amounts and at such price or prices as the county council shall hereafter determine by ordinance. The Bonds may be issued in one or more series, either separately or in combination with other authorized general obligation bonds of King County.

The Bonds shall be general obligations of King County and, unless paid from other sources, both the principal thereof and the interest thereon shall be payable from annual property tax levies, if authorized by the qualified electors as provided in section 5 of this ordinance, upon all taxable property within King County in excess of the regular property tax levies without limitation as to rate or amount.

SECTION 3. Subject to the approval by the gualified electors of King County of the issuance of the Bonds for the purposes described in section 2 of this ordinance, the county council may, by ordinance, provide for the issuance of short-term obligations in anticipation of the issuance of the Bonds in accordance with the provisions of R.C.W. 39.50. The aggregate principal amount of all such short-term obligations and Bonds outstanding at any time shall not exceed \$99,800,000.

SECTION 4. No part of the Bonds or any short-term obligations in anticipation thereof, the proceeds of which are intended to finance the PMC Project, shall be issued or sold unless and until the county council shall have approved and authorized the execution of, and King County and the City of Seattle's Pacific Hospital Preservation and Development Authority have entered into, an appropriate interlocal cooperation agreement defining the rights and duties of the respective parties with respect to the accomplishment of the PMC Project and the use of the proceeds of Bonds or short-term obligations in anticipation thereof.

SECTION 5 The county council finds that an urgent need exists for the Regional Health Care Capital Improvements Project and declares that an emergency exists requiring submission to the qualified electors of King County of a proposition authorizing the issuance of the Bonds for the purposes described in section 2 of this ordinance at a special election to be held in conjunction with the general municipal election to be held on November 3, 1987.

The King County manager of records and elections as ex officio supervisor of elections is hereby requested to find the existence of such emergency prusuant to R.C.W. 29.13, and is requested to assume jurisdiction of and to call and conduct a special election and to submit to the qualified electors of King County the proposition set forth below. The clerk of the council is hereby authorized and directed to certify said proposition to the King County manager of records and elections in substantially the following form, with such additions, deletions or modifications as may be required by the King County prosecutor:

KING COUNTY REGIONAL HEALTH CARE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROPOSITION NO. 1 Shall King County, to finance Harborview Medical Center's trauma center and certain capital improvements at Harborview and Pacific Medical Centers, and the Health Department's Columbia, East, South, Southwest and Renton Clinics, as provided in King County Ordinance 8196, issue up to \$99,800,000 of unlimited tax general obligation bonds with a maximum term of 20 years, on which principal and interest shall be payable from annual property tax levies in excess of regular property tax levies? BONDS, YES

BONDS, NO

Certification of such proposition by the clerk of the council to the King County manager of records and elections, in accordance with law prior to the date of such election on November 3, 1987, and any other act consistent with the authority of and prior to the effective date of this ordinance, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

SECTION 6. If any one or more of the provisions of this ordinance shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this ordinance, the Bonds or any short-term obligations issued in anticipation thereof, and this ordinance, the Bonds and any short-term obligations issued in anticipation thereof shall be construed and enforced as if such unconstitutional or invalid provision had not been contained herein.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 10th day of August, 1987.

PASSED this 24th day of August, 1987. KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASH-INGTON Gary Grant (signed) Chair ATTEST: Dorothy M. Owens (signed) Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 3rd day of September, 1987.

Tim Hill King County Executive

COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Carnation Prop. No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 367 AN ORDINANCE TO SUBMIT TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF CARNATION AT THE NOVEMBER 3, 1987, ELECTION, THE OUESTION OF WHETHER OR NOT A SPECIAL EXCESS LEVY ON REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE HAD FOR THE PURPOSE OF PRO-VIDING SEVENTY-ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED and NO/ 100 DOLLARS (\$71,500.00) FOR PO-LICE SERVICES, BY **PROVIDING SALARIES** AND BENEFITS TO POLICE PERSONNEL AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, the General Fund and Police Budget of the City of Carnation are inadequate to absorb the expenses of providing police service and personnel for patrol coverage on an 18-hour basis, together with the availability of on-call service during non-patrol hours;

WHEREAS, no other funds, grants or loans are available to defray the costs of the police protection program;

WHEREAS. to adequately protect the City, its citizens and property, greater police patrol coverage and investigative and clerical staff are needed and the funds for such additional police protection must come from other than the General Fund and Police Budget of the City of Carnation;

WHEREAS, it is desirable and necessary to raise a portion of the needed funds by an excess levy if approved by the voters of the City of Canration at the election to be held November 3, 1987, and if passed, levied in 1987 for collection in 1988.

NOW THEREFORE. BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CARNATION as follows:

1. That the following proposition be placed on the ballot of the election to be held November 3, 1987 to wit-

PROPOSITION NO. - POLICE PROTEC-TION EXCESS LEVY-SEVENTY-ONE THOU-SAND FIVE HUNDRED and NO/100 DOLLARS (\$71,500.00). Shall the City of Carnation, Washington, be authorized to levy an excess property tax in the year 1987 for collection in 1988 of SEVENTY-ONE THOU-SAND FIVE HUNDRED and NO/100 DOLLARS (\$71,500.00), estimated at \$2.87 per \$1,000.00 of full assessed value for the purpose of providing funds for police services and personnel, all as provided in Ordinance No. 367.

Yes No

2. The City Clerk is authorized and directed to present a certified copy of this Ordinance to the Superintendent of the Office of Records and Elections for King County by no later than September 18, 1987, 45 days prior to the November 3, 1987, State General Election; to request the Superintendent of the Office of Records and Elections for King County to find that an emergency exists; to call a special election in the City in conjunction with the November 3, 1987, State General Election and to submit the ballot proposition set forth above to the qualified electors of the City at that election; to take all actions and do all things necessary to cause the ballot proposition described above to be submitted properly to the qualified electors of the City at the November 3, 1987, General Election.

THE DEADLINE for submission of ballot propositions to the Office of Records and Elections for King County requires that Ordinance to be enacted and submitted not later than September 18, 1987. Therefore an emergency exists. This ordinance shall be effective imme-

diately upon passage. PASSED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CARNATION, at a regular meeting thereof and approved by the Mayor this 15th day of September, 1987. **CITY OF CARNATION**

CARNATION, WASH-INGTON By Alan Morris (Signed) Mayor ATTEST: Jean (Signed) City Clerk

COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Duvall Prop. No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 474 CITY OF DUVALL,

WASHINGTON AN ORDINANCE providing for the placing of an excess levy for the Street fund on the ballot for the General Election on November 3, 1987. BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Duvall, Washington as follows:

SECTION I Because of the conditions of the streets in Duvall requiring continual maintenance and since general gas tax revenue is not adequate for street maintenance, it is necessary to seek additional funds for minimum routine maintenance.

SECTION II At the next General Election to be held on November 3, 1987 in the City of Duvall, Washington, the following proposition shall be voted on by the qualified electors of the city:

EXCESS LEVY FOR STREET MAINTE-NANCE

Shall a \$40,000.00 (approximately \$.98 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation) excess property tax be levied in 1987 for collection in 1988 for Brumbaugh

Duvall Street K89

SECTION III The City Council finds that an emergency exists requiring the making of the improvements and services herein described and the Director of Records and Elections King of County, Washington, is hereby requested to concur in the finding of the existence of an emergency and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the city on November 3, 1987, in conjunction with the State General Election to be held on the same date, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the city for their approval, the question of whether or not the City shall levy excess taxes to maintain the streets as set forth in the manner provided by law.

PASSED BY the City Council of the City of Duvall, Washington, at a regular meeting thereof and approved by the Mayor this 10th day of September, 1987. Signed Jeane Baldwin Mayor Attest: Gloria J. Judd (Signed)

for a city operated Police Department or to provide adequate police protection; and

WHEREAS no other funds or grants are available for this purpose; THEREFORE BE IT OR-DAINED by the City Council of the City of Duvall, Washington, as follows:

SECTION I Because of the desire to provide adequate police protection for the citizens of Duvall it is requested that funds be provided to maintain municipal police services.

SECTION II At the next General Election to be held on November 3, 1987 in the City of Duvall, Washington, the following proposition shall be voted on by the qualified electors of the city:

EXCESS LEVY FOR PO-LICE SERVICES

Shall a \$70,000.00 (approximately \$1.70 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation) excess property tax be levied in 1987 for collection in 1988 for the purpose of maintaining police services? YES NO

SECTION III The City Council finds that an emergency exists requiring the services herein described and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington is requested to concur in the finding of the existence of an emergency and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the City on November 3, 1987, in conjunction with the State General election to be held on the same date, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval, the question of whether or not the City shall levy excess taxes to provide police services as set forth in the manner provided by law.

PASSED BY the City Council of the City of Duvall, Washington, at a regular meeting thereof and approved by the Mayor this 10th day of September, 1987. Signed Jeane Baldwin Mayor

Gloria F. Judd Attest: (Signed) Clerk-Treas.

COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Duvall Prop. No. 2

Clerk-Treas.

ORDINANCE NO. 475 CITY OF DUVALL, WASHINGTON AN ORDINANCE PRO-VIDING for the placing of an excess levy for Police services on the ballot for the General Election on November 3, 1987.

WHEREAS the City of Duvall has shown a steady increase ingrowth and therefore an increased need for adequate police protection and,

WHEREAS there are not sufficient funds in the General Fund to provide

COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Duvall Prop. No. 3

ORDINANCE NO. 476 CITY OF DUVALL,

WASHINGTON AN ORDINANCE providing for the placing of an excess levy for riverfront parkland acquisition on the ballot for the General Election on November 3, 1987. WHEREAS the City of Duvall has shown a

steady increase in growth and therefore an increased need for adequate parklands, and WHEREAS no other funds or grants are available for this purpose; THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED by the City

Council of the City of Duvall, Washington, as follows:

SECTION I Because of the desire to provide adequate parklands for the citizens of Duvall it is requested that funds be provided to purchase riverfront parkland.

SECTION II At the next General Election to be held on November 3, 1987, in the City of Duvall, Washington, the following proposition shall be voted on by the qualified electors of the City:

EXCESS LEVY FOR RIV-ERFRONT PARK LANDS PURCHASE

Shall a \$20,000.00 (approximately \$.50 per \$1,000.00 of assessed valuation) excess property tax be levied in 1987 for collection in 1988 for the purpose of riverfront park land acquisition?

YES

SECTION III The City Council finds that an emergency exists requiring the purchase herein described and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, is requested to concur in thefinding of the existence of an emergency and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the City on November 3, 1987 in conjunction with the State General Election to be held on the same date for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval, the question of whether or not the City shall levy excess taxes to provide funds for the acquisition of parklands as set forth in the manner provided by law. PASSED BY the City Council of the City of Duvall, Washington, at a regular meeting thereof and approved by the Mayor this 10th day of September, 1987. Signed Jeane Baldwin Mayor Attest: Gloria F. Judd (Signed)

d Clerk-Treas.

COMPLETE TEXT OF Fire District No. 35/City of Carnation Prop. No. 2

ORDINANCE NO. 8200

AN ORDINANCE establishing the date of an election on the question of annexation of the City of Carnation to King County Fire Protection District No. 35.

STATEMENT OF FACT:

1. The City of Carnation, 'Washington, by Ordinance No. 362 has determined that it is in the public interest, health, safety and general welfare to provide for annexation to Fire District No. 35 in accordance with Chapter 52.04 R.C.W

2. Said ordinance does satisfy the provisions of R.C.W. 52.04.061 for qualification for annexa-

tion. 3. King County Fire Protection District No. 35, by Resolution No. 122, concurs in the annexation of the City of Carnation to the district as provided by R.C.W.

52.04.071.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. A special election shall be held on the 3rd day of November, 1987, in accordance with R.C.W. 52.04.071 to be held in the City of Carnation and the King County Fire Protection District No. 35.

SECTION 2. The ballot title, as directed by statute, should be as follows:

PROPOSITION NO. 2 PROPOSED ANNEXA-TION OF THE CITY OF CARNATION TO FIRE PROTECTION DIS-TRICT NO. 35

Shall the City of Carnation be annexed to and be a part of King County Fire Protection District No. 35? YES

NO SECTION 3. This ordinance shall be null and void and have no force or effect, if the Boundary Review Board for King County has not approved the proposed annexation by Septem-

ber 7, 1987.

SECTION 4. The

county council finds as a fact and declares that this ordinance is necessary for the preservation of public peace, health or safety or for the support of county government and its existing public institutions.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 27th day of July, 1987.

PASSED this 31st day of August, 1987 KING COUNTY COUNCIL COUNTY, KING WASHINGTON Gary Grant (Signed) Chairman ATTEST; Dorothy M. Owens (Signed) Clerk of the Council APPROVED this 1st day of September, 1987. Tim Hill (Signed) King County Executive



For Your Information...

Washington territory became a state in 1889. For nearly 100 years our state has been a leader in supporting citizen rights, populism and education for all. In 1914 Washington State produced its first voters' pamphlet presenting state issues. In 1985 the Washington State Legislature granted the same opportunity to local governments.

This pamphlet represents the first co-production between the state of Washington and a county, allowing residents of King County to receive in one publication issues and candidates ranging from the state level to the smallest taxing district.

State law requires that local legislation be adopted to allow publication of a pamphlet. In June 1987 the King County Council and the County Executive signed into law the enabling legislation and funding. Records and Elections Division was given the responsibility of implementing the pamphlet. Rules for participating were adopted with the help of the cities and towns, the Municipal League, the League of Women Voters, Common Cause, and the Republican and Democratic Parties.

Each city, town, or district must pay the cost of participation for its candidates and issues to be included in the pamphlet. That cost amounts to less than one cent for each person in King County.

This issue of the Voters' Pamphlet has been published in 16 editions, three of which have been jointly produced with the City of Seattle. The pamphlet includes 90% of cities and towns, 85% of the school districts, 50% of the fire districts and 25% of the remaining taxing authorities. Over 75% of all contested races in King County are included. Special editions are also available in Spanish, Chinese, Braille and tape cassettes.

King County government is proud to bring this pamphlet to you. Please read the statements and study the issues. A sample ballot is included for your convenience, as is an absentee ballot application.

Let us know what you think of this issue and how we can make future editions a better voting tool for you.

King County Division of Records and Elections

... And For Our Information

Please take a minute and complete this comment sheet. Your comments provide valuable assistance in the improvement of this voters' pamphlet. Please mail to King County Division of Records and Elections, 553 King County Administration Building, Seattle, WA 98104.

	¥	YES	NO
	Was this pamphlet delivered early enough to help you study the issues?		
2.	Were the design and format of the pamphlet appealing and readable?		
3.	Was the information, including the ballot title and explanatory statement, provided for each measure clear and understandable?		
4.	Do you have any suggestions which might improve the voters' pamphlet or is there any other voter information you would like to have included in future editions of the voters' pamphlet?		

YOUR COMMENTS COUNT!

MAJOR POLITICAL PARTY CAUCUS AND CONVENTION PROCEDURES

In Washington State, the candidates for most offices which appear on the state general election ballot are nominated at a primary election. The most important exception to this procedure is the nomination of candidates for the positions of President and Vice President. This information is presented to familiarize Washington voters with the process by which the nominees for President and Vice President are determined and how Washington residents can participate in that selection process. This section is detachable so that you may keep it after the election for reference.

Delegates to the national nominating conventions of the major political parties from Washington are selected through a system of precinct caucuses, county or legislative district conventions, and finally, the state convention. The first step in this process is the precinct caucus, a neighborhood-level meeting open to all of the members of a particular political party. Precinct caucuses are held in each precinct of the state in the early spring of each presidential year. Individuals are elected from each precinct to attend the legislative district or county convention where the delegates to the state convention are chosen. The delegates to the state convention select the delegates to the national convention at which the presidential and vice-presidential nominees are selected. In addition to the selection of delegates, those persons attending party caucuses and conventions have the opportunity to determine the party platform, vote on resolutions, and meet party candidates for a variety of local, state and national offices.

DATES OF PRECINCT CAUCUSES AND CONVENTIONS

	Republicans	Democrats
Precinct caucuses	March 8, 1988	March 8, 1988
County conventions	April-June 1988*	April 23, 1988
District conventions	April-June 1988*	April 30, 1988
State convention	July 15-16, 1988	June 11-12, 1988
Location of state convention	Tacoma	Olympia-Tumwater-Lacey

*Information on the time of all of the caucuses and conventions was not complete at the time this publication was prepared.

RULES AND PROCEDURES

Each political party has the authority under state law to adopt rules to govern the delegate selection process and other party activities which occur in conjunction with the caucuses and conventions. These party rules specify the number of delegates from each precinct to the county or legislative district convention, the number of delegates from each legislative district or county convention to the state convention, and the procedural rules for conducting the caucuses and conventions. The delegate allocation formulas are usually based on population or a combination of population and the number of votes certain candidates for that party received in the precinct, district or county. A copy of the rules of either party should be available from the state committee of that party in advance of the time precinct caucuses are held.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The dates and locations of all party caucuses and conventions receive advance press coverage and are generally advertised by the parties. Specific questions you have about any aspect of the nominating procedure may be directed to the state committee of the respective party. They may be able to respond to your inquiry directly or they may refer you to either your precinct committeeperson or your county or district chairperson. The addresses and telephone numbers of the state committees are as follows:

Washington State Republican Party Nine Lake Bellevue Drive, Suite 203 Bellevue, WA 98005 (206) 451-1988 Washington State Democratic Committee 1702 Smith Tower Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 583-0664

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE AND MINOR PARTY NOMINATING PROCEDURES

This summary of the procedures governing the nomination of independent and minor party candidates is not meant to be inclusive. Persons interested in being nominated in this manner should consult Chapter 29.24 of the Revised Code of Washington or obtain more detailed information from the office of the Secretary of State, P.O. Box 9000 (AS-22), Legislative Building, Olympia, WA 98504.

NOMINATING CONVENTION

Any nomination of a candidate for partisan political office other than by major political party must be made by a convention held on the last Saturday preceding the filing period. In 1988, this will be July 23. Notice of the intention to hold a nominating convention must be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the convention is to be held at least ten days before the date of the convention. A number of registered voters equal to one for each 10,000 voters who voted in the jurisdiction for which each nomination is made or twenty-five such voters, whichever number is greater, must attend the nominating convention and sign the nominating petition for the candidates who are nominated.

CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATION

The signatures and addresses of the registered voters who attended the convention and a record of the proceedings of the convention must be submitted to the office of the Secretary of State no later than the last day allowed for candidates to file for office. In 1988 this deadline is July 29. Any candidate who is nominated at an independent or minor party convention must file a declaration of candidacy with the Secretary of State and pay the filing fee required for the office sought. (A nominating petition containing signatures of registered voters equal to the dollar amount of the filing fee is permitted for those candidates without sufficient assets or income to pay the filing fee.) The names of all of the candidates who have been nominated by convention will be printed on the primary election ballot together with the major party candidates for their respective offices. With the exception of candidates for the offices of President and Vice President, no candidate may have his or her name printed on the general election ballot unless he or she receives at least one percent of the total votes cast for that office in the partisan primary.

SECRETARY OF STATE TOLL-FREE VOTER INFORMATION 1-800-824-VOTE (8683) TDD TOLL-FREE VOTER INFORMATION 1-800-422-VOTE (8683)

VOTER REGISTRATION

Qualifications for registering:

1. You are a U.S. citizen by birth or naturalization.

2. You will be 18 or older on the day of the primary or general election.

3. You are a legal resident of the state of Washington.

When to register:

Anytime, but you must register 30 days before the election to be qualified to vote. The voter registration deadline for the 1987 state general election is October 3, 1987.

Where to register:

You must register in person at the **King County Division of Records and Elections** or before a city or town clerk or deputy voter registrar. Deputy registrars are located in most public schools, some fire stations and state offices. Contact **Records and Elections at 344-5265** for the location of the registration facility nearest to you.

When it is necessary to re-register:

You must re-register only if:

- 1. You did not vote in the previous 24-month period, or
- 2. You did not vote in the 1984 presidential election, or
- 3. You have moved from one county to another, or
- 4. You have legally changed your name.

To be eligible to vote, you must re-register 30 days before the election. Keep your registration current. Your registration remains valid as long as you exercise your right to vote!

If you move, you must transfer your registration:

If you move within a county, you should also change your voter registration. This can be done before a deputy voter registrar or by mail. If you mail the information, include both your old and new addresses and your signature and forward to **Records and Elections Division, 553 King County Administration Building, Seattle, WA 98104.** To be eligible to vote in your new precinct, you must transfer your registration 30 days before the election.

ELECTION DAY AND VOTING

Where to vote:

At your precinct's polling place. The name and number of your precinct and polling place are on your registration card. Page 3 describes the coding of your voter registration card. Polling place locations are also published in the newspaper sometime the week before the election. You may also call **Records and Elections Division at 344-5282 or 344-2565** for information.

When to vote:

Polls are open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

How to vote:

Three methods of voting are used in Washington State: punchcard, lever machines and paper ballots. King County uses punchcard voting. If you need assistance, you may ask an election worker, before you vote, to explain how to use the voting device. You may also request assistance from two election officials of opposite political parties or a person of your choice in recording your vote. If you make an error on your ballot, you may request a replacement.

Absentee Voting:

1. **Regular Absentee Ballot:** If you cannot vote in person, you may vote by absentee ballot. You may request an absentee ballot, either in person or by mail, as early as 45 days before the election, but no later than the day before the election.

Exception: If you are confined to the hospital and were admitted no earlier than five days before the election, you may apply for an absentee ballot up to and including the day of the election.

2. Service Absentee Ballot: Members of the military service may apply for an absentee ballot at any time. Such service voters will be mailed an absentee ballot for the next primary or general election, or special election.

3. **Special Absentee Ballot**: A voter who is working outside the continental United States and will be unable to return a regular absentee ballot by normal mail delivery may apply for a special absentee ballot 90 days before the primary or general election. The special absentee ballot will contain the offices and measures, if known, scheduled to appear on the ballot. The Records and Elections Division will include a list of candidates who have filed and a list of any issues that have been referred to the ballot before the application was filed.

The voter may use the special absentee ballot to write in the name of any eligible candidate for each office and vote on any measure.

4. **Ongoing Absentee Ballot**: If you are a disabled person or a person over the age of 65, you may apply for status as an ongoing absentee voter. This will entitle you to automatically receive an absentee ballot for each subsequent election through January of the next odd-numbered year. At that time, the-**Division of Records and Elections** will notify you and permit you to renew your status as an ongoing absentee voter.

1987 GENERAL ELECTION SAMPLE BALLOT

	YES	NO	
REFERENDUM BILL 41			
INITIATIVE MEASURE 92			
SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 8207			
SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 8212			
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 4212			
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 4220			
KING COUNTY PROPOSITION NO. 1	11110	10000	
Regional Health Care Capital			
Improvements			
KING COUNTY ASSESSOR			
Jeanette Berleen (R)			
Ruthe Ridder (D)			
COURT OF APPEALS, JUDGE	100-201		
Robert W. Winsor			
PORT OF SEATTLE DISTRICT NO. 3			
Paige Miller			
George Kargianis			
CITY OF BOTHELL, COUNCIL			
POSITION NO. 1			
Bruce Zornes			
POSITION NO. 2			
Robert M. (Bob) Davis			
Howard A. Pellett			
POSITION NO. 3	-		
Walter J. Wojcik			
Dianne Woody			
CITY OF CARNATION			
PROPOSITION NO. 1			
Police Protection Excess Levy			
PROPOSITION NO. 2			
Proposed Annexation to FPD 35			
COUNCIL, POSITION NO. 1			
John Gravendyk			
COUNCIL, POSITION NO. 2			
Robert E. Jones			
Gail D. Thompson			
COUNCIL, POSITION NO. 3			
Daniel Acker			
CITY OF DUVALL			
PROPOSITION NO. 1			
Excess Levy for Street		_	
Maintenance			
PROPOSITION NO. 2	_	_	
Excess Levy for Police Services			
PROPOSITION NO. 3	а.		
Excess Levy for Riverfront Park Lan			
Purchase COUNCIL, POSITION NO. 1			
Ruth A. Subert			
Mark Smith			
COUNCIL, POSITION NO. 2			
Glen G. Kuntz			
Ted Ritter			
COUNCIL, POSITION NO. 3			
Gary L. Rutledge			
RIVERVIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 407	1.000		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 2			
Jerry Mercer			
49 - 70			

	YES	NO
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 3		
Susan Simons		
Cheri Stefani		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 4		
Harry Oestreich		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 5		
Rick Scheuer		
Tom Shives		
SNOQUALMIE VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
NO. 410		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 2		
Richard G. Krona		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 3		
Donald K. Gmazel		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 5		
Dan D. Guettler		
Louise Martin		
LAKE WASHINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO), 414	
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 1		
Clare Cochran		
Carole George	$\overline{\Box}$	
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 4	-	
Bob Hughes		
DIRECTOR, DISTRICT NO. 5		
Catherine Bock		
Joyce Trepus		
*NORTHSHORE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 417		
*WATER DISTRICT NO. 119	с. С.	
WOODINVILLE WATER DISTRICT,		
COMMISSIONER		
Don Wright		
FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 16,		
COMMISSIONER		
Richard D. Baranzini		
Don Ellis	\square	
*FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 27		
*FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 34		
FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 35,		
PROPOSITION NO. 2		
Proposed Annexation of City of		
Carnation		
COMMISSIONER		
Jim Norris		
Ralph C. Shepard		
FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 36,		
COMMISSIONER		
R. E. (Bob) Wright		
Robert R. (Bob) Miller		
*FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 41		
*FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 42		
*FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 45		
*NORTHEAST LAKE WASHINGTON SEWER A	NDW	ATER
DISTRICT		ATLK.
PUBLIC HOSPITAL DISTRICT NO. 2,		
COMMISSIONER		
John Plovie		
*PUBLIC HOSPITAL DISTRICT NO. 4		
FUBLIC HUSFILAL DISTRICT NO. 4		

Absentee Ballot Application Certification

Mail To: ABSENTEE BALLOT Room 553, King County Administration Building,

CityZiateZip_	diZ	Precinct Code			
ssenbbA teent2	#		FOR OFFI	CE NZE OI	'ANN
SEND MY BALLOT TO THE FOLLOWING ADD	SS3R04	Special Election	KinO r		61
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Birth DateSocial Security No	.oN	General Election	v Only		- 61
For identification purposes only: (Optional)		Primary Election	AluO u	dəs	- 6L
Telephone: (Day)(Evening)	(6				
CityZip	dız-		SI NOITADIJ	S FOR THE	EOLLOWIN
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TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT	RAAJA	XNI NI INIHA	IF KI	: NMON	

IE KNOMN :	PLEASE PRINT IN INK	TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT
om 553, King County Administration Building, 500 4th Avenue, Seattle, Washington 96104		Absentee Ballot Application Certification
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Ballot Code-G Ballot Code-P

fied to receive a ballot.

TO BE FILLED OUT BY APP	TNADIJ99A Y8 T	PLEASE P	INLIN INK IEK	: NMON	
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Birth Date Social	Social Security No.		General Election Only	von	6L
	•		Primary & General Election	dəS	
SEND MY BALLOT TO THE FOL	HE FOLLOWING ADDRESS	:5	Special Election Only		61

Date-

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SE ONLY.	FOR OFFICE U
61	
- voN 0	mary & General Election Sep

By issuance of a ballot this dept, certifies that the applicant's signature has been compared against the applicant's registration torm, and that the applicant is quali-fied to receive a ballot.

TO BE VALID, YOUR WRITTEN SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED

Date-

-diz-

Country .

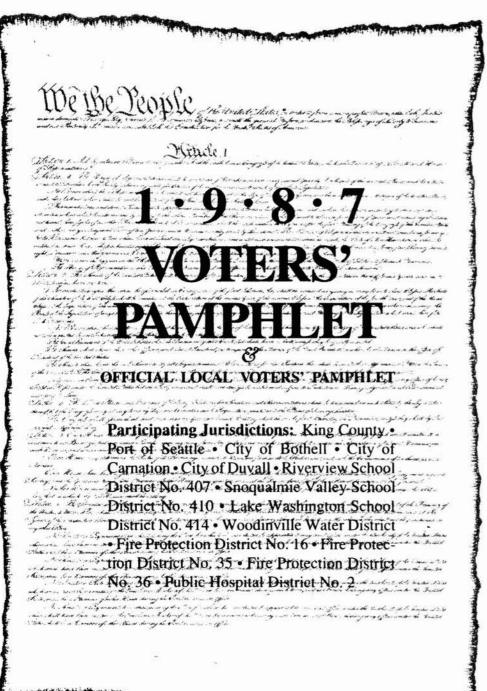
Signature.

Country _ State_ CI4

Street Address.

State_ CILA

8



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CAR. RT. PRESORT

RESIDENTIAL PATRON, LOCAL



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STATE PRINTING PLANT

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