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General Election Tuesday, November 5, 1974

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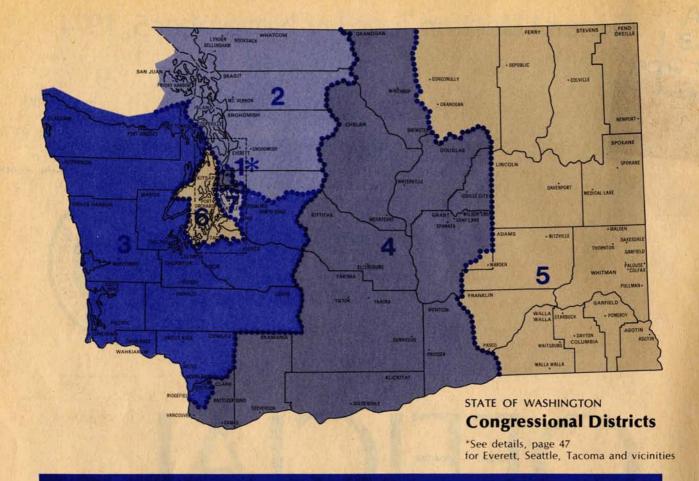
OFFICIAL VOTERS PAMPHLET

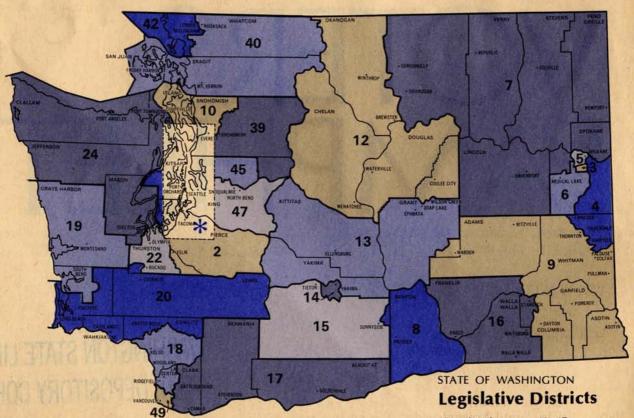
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CANDIDATES PAMPHLET ENCLOSED

NK-5

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*See details, pages 46, 47 for Everett, Seattle, Tacoma, Yakima, Spokane, Vancouver and vicinities

Introduction

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Three state measures have been referred to the voters for their approval or rejection at the November 5, 1974, state election. As required by law, a publication containing the official ballot titles, Attorney General's explanations, statements for and against, and rebuttal statements, together with the full text of each of the state measures must be mailed to each place of residence in the state by the Secretary of State prior to the state general election. The official ballot titles and explanatory statements have been prepared by the Attorney General. The statements for and against and the rebuttal statements have been prepared by committees appointed under a procedure established by law. The Secretary of State has no authority to evaluate the truth or accuracy of any of the statements made in the pamphlet or to alter their content in any way.

A Candidates' Pamphlet, containing the statements of most of the candidates nominated for federal, state, and local offices, is combined with this publication into a single pamphlet to reduce the cost of production. The Candidates' Pamphlet begins on Page 15.

CERTIFICATION

As Secretary of State of the State of Washington, I hereby certify that I have caused the text of each proposed measure, ballot title, explanatory statement, statement for or against, and rebuttal statement which appears in this publication to be compared with the original of such documents on file in my office and I find them to be full, true, and correct copies of such originals.

Witness my hand and the seal of the State of Washington this 1st day of October, 1974.



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A. LUDLOW KRAMER Secretary of State

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Toll Free Telephone Voters Service

Again this year, the office of the Secretary of State will provide a toll-free telephone line for election information. Voters from any part of the state may call the toll-free number to obtain answers to questions on voter registration and voting procedures and background information on the statewide ballot measures. A club or organization may obtain names of potential speakers for or against any of the ballot measures.

The toll-free number is 1-800-562-6020. The hours are from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, until November 5th. We encourage Washington voters to take advantage of this service.



CHAPTER 152, LAWS OF 1974 (43rd Leg., 3rd Ex. Session)

Ballot Title:

Shall a state lottery be conducted under gambling commission regulations with prizes totalling not less than 45% of gross income?

Vote cast by members of the 1974 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: [98 members] Yeas, 62; Nays, 33; Absent of not voting, 3. SENATE: [49 members] Yeas, 32; Nays, 16; Absent or not voting, 1.

NOTE: The ballot title and explanatory comment were written by the Attorney General as required by state law. The complete text of Referendum Bill 34 begins on Page 10.

Statement for

Constitution Permits a Lottery

In 1972, by a vote of 787,251 to 489,282, the citizens of the State of Washington amended the Constitution removing the prohibition against the establishment of a state lottery.

To carry out the wishes of the people, the Legislature has passed measures establishing a lottery only to see them vetoed by the Governor. Referendum Bill No. 34 gives the people the opportunity to speak out and override the Governor's veto, and to create a state lottery.

Revenues Will Aid State Finances

Washington will join many other states in operating a lottery. Under terms of Referendum Bill No. 34, revenues are to be used for prizes (45%), for operation of the lottery (15%)and for the state general fund (40%). The state will receive annually between \$15,000,000 and \$30,000,000 for the general fund from the lottery, under current estimates.

Strong Public Support for Lottery

In recent sessions of the Legislature, every poll taken by a member of the House or Senate which asked for an opinion on a state lottery was overwhelmingly in favor of such an operation. Passage of the legislation creating Referendum Bill No. 34 reflected this support. The vote in the House of Representatives was yeas, 62, nays, 33. In the Senate, the vote was yeas, 32, nays, 16. In approving the Constitutional Amendment in 1972 to permit a lottery, 62 per cent of the voters expressed their approval of such a change.

Vote "Yes" for a State Lottery

In voting "yes" for Referendum Bill No. 34, you will be providing the opportunity for needed revenue for the state, and a means for raising funds without added taxes.

This will be done in a program operated by the State Gam-

bling Commission and completely guarded as to fairness and public safety.

A "yes" vote will enable the citizens of the State of Washington to enjoy this mild form of gambling, to aid in providing revenues to the State General Fund and to express their preference in the kinds of gambling which they approve.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Opponents of Referendum 34 argue that approval of a state lottery would open the door for so-called "wide-open" gambling and casino wagering.

If a lottery is wrong for the State of Washington, then those states which already has established lotteries — Illinois, Connecticut, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and New Hampshire — must have made a mistake. And in none of them has "wide-open" or casino gambling come to pass.

Committee For Referendum Bill 34:

GORDON HERR, State Senator, Democrat and PAUL CONNER, State Representative, Democrat.

The Law as it now exists:

Under existing law, various types of lotteries and gambling games are authorized, most of which are to be conducted only by private organizations or individuals licensed by the state gambling commission. However, there is no provision in the present statutes for the conduct of any sort of lottery by the state itself.

Effect of Ref. Bill 34 if approved into Law:

This act would provide for the establishment and conduct of a state lottery. The details of this lottery would be spelled out in regulations to be adopted by the state gambling commission. These details would include, among other things, a description of the type of lottery to be conducted, the price or prices of lottery tickets, the number and size of prizes, the manner of selecting winning tickets, the manner of payment of prizes, the frequency of drawings, the types of location at which lottery tickets may be sold, the method to be used in selling tickets, the licensing of agents who sell tickets, the manner and amount of compensation to be paid to licensed sales agents, and the apportionment of total revenues accruing from the sale of lottery tickets. However, not less than 45% of gross income would be required to be utilized for the payment of prizes, and not more than 15% of gross income could be used to pay the costs incurred in operation of the lottery. In addition, not less than 40% of the total revenues accrued from the sale of lottery tickets would be required to be transferred to the state general fund.

Actual conduct of the lottery would be under the supervision and direction of an official, designated the director of the state lottery, who would be appointed by the state gambling commission.

No license as an agent to sell lottery tickets could be issued to any person to engage in business exclusively as a lottery sales agent. The director of the state lottery would be authorized to suspend or revoke any license issued under the act. The right of any person to a prize would be declared to be unassignable, and the sale of lottery tickets to persons under 18 years of age would be prohibited. Also, the sale of lottery tickets to officers or employees of the lottery, or the spouses, children, brothers, sisters or parents would be prohibited.

The state auditor would be required to conduct an annual post-audit of all accounts and transactions of the lottery.

Statement against

Pay-off or Rip-off?

Purpose of a state lottery is to get money from the public. To make it pay off an estimated 20 million dollars per year requires a gross lottery of over \$50 million or more than \$16 per capita.

Administration Costs High

But it's really a "rip-off" because the state keeps over 50 percent for administration and profit. Most taxes cost less than one percent to raise. For the consumer, the gambling odds are extremely low.

Will Not Cut Taxes

A lottery would raise less than one percent of the entire budget. It will not cut taxes or hold the line on taxes. In no other state has it reduced taxes. It will not raise enough to eliminate special levies.

Should State Legitimize Gambling by Promoting and Condoning it?

Lotteries receive much attention initially, but the attraction wears off; revenue declines. It would require great additional funds to promote.

Another unfortunate result: A drive to legalize other forms of wide-open gambling and to make Washington another Nevada. Respect for administration also would be reduced:

Poor Bet "Odds are Bad"

Consumers Report, February, 1974 cautions against state lotteries; Christian Science Monitor, August 21, 1974 says "Gambling casinos are viewed as the next natural step in the spread of legalized gambling in the U.S. coming on the heels of lotteries." Said Cardinal Cushing when Massachusetts was considering a lottery: "It is my honest conviction that the lottery as a form of large-scale gambling is economically unsound, socially disintegrating and morally dangerous."

Vote No on Referendum 34; it may be your last chance to stop wide-open gambling in Washington State.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Proponents of Referendum 34 state that lottery administrative costs will be 15 percent. This is an extraordinarily high figure. It takes only one percent to administer and collect a tax.

The proponents imply that no added taxes will be necessary. This is simply not true. Revenue raised by a state lottery would not be sufficient to stave off a tax increase. The lottery bill passed the House the first time by a single vote.

Committee Against Referendum Bill 34:

FRANK ATWOOD, State Senator, Republican, HAL ZIMMER-MAN, State Representative, Republican, and CHISTOPHER BAY-LEY, King County Prosecuting Attorney, Republican.



Shall the governor's item veto power be restricted and the legislature be permitted to reconvene itself to consider vetoed bills?

Vote cast by members of the 1974 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: [98 members] Yeas, 66; Nays, 31; Absent or not voting, 1. SENATE: [49 members] Yeas, 40; Nays, 6; Absent or not voting, 3.

NOTE: The ballot title and explanatory comment were written by the Attorney General as required by state law. The complete text of Senate Joint Resolution 140 begins on Page 13.

Statement for

Help Rid Your State of One-Man Lawmaking

Washington is the only state in the nation in which the Governor exercises practically unlimited power to remove portions from laws passed by the Legislature. This "item veto" power has been interpreted by recent Governors to apply to any element of a bill down to a single word.

SJR 140

It empowers our Governors to act in effect as an unseparated third house of the Legislature to alter measures substantially prior to signing them into law. This is contrary to the grant of authority allowed our nation's Presidents under the Federal Constitution - which is to reject entire pieces of legislation by veto, not to change them.

SJR 140 is a moderate compromise proposal passed with bipartisan support. It will not completely eliminate this unparalleled power, but limit it to the veto of sections of bills as well as entire bills, and even provides that budget bills would still be subject to the item veto.

For Responsive Government

SJR 140 will prevent a Governor who is politically secure in office for four years from altering the will of the people as expressed through their legislators, over three-fourths of whom must be responsive to the wishes of the people at the polls every two years.

For Open Government

SJR 140 will prevent one person from changing behind the closed doors of his office bills which are the product of an open hearings process, accessible and visible to all citizens.

For Your Own Best Interest

SIR 140 will protect measures which you ask your legislators to enact from being changed by a Governor upon consultation with his agency heads, personal staff, or the few others of influence who have access to him - without a chance of your input.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Representative government is designed to have decisions made by the majority, not by one man. The power of the item veto eliminates our democratic concept by forcing one man's decision on all of us, therefore destroying the quality of government. It erases your legislative voice at the local level. No other Governor can reverse decisions made by local representatives. The Governor's Constitutional Revision Commission appointed by him recommends exactly what SJR 140 proposes. Vote for SIR 140.

Committee For Senate Joint Resolution 140:

HARRY B. LEWIS. State Senator, Republican and ALLEN THOMPSON, State Representative, Democrat.

Advisory Committee: JAMES K. BENDER, Executive Secretary, King County Labor Council, AFL-CIO; WILLIAM E. BURCH, Chairman, Association of Washington Business; HENRY R. DUNN, Prosecuting Attorney, Cowlitz County; BRUCE HEL-BERG, Publisher, The Bellevue American; BLAIR PATRICK, President, Washington Education Association.



The Law as it now exists:

The state constitution provides that before a bill passed by the legislature can become law, it must either be presented to the governor for his approval or submitted to the voters in the form of a referendum. When a bill is presented to the governor, he can approve it by signing it or he may permit it to become law without his signature by failing either to sign or veto it within five days if the legislature is still in session or ten days if the legislature has adjourned.

Alternatively, the governor may disapprove such a bill of the legislature by vetoing it, either in whole or in part. In the exercise of his authority to veto part of a bill passed by the legislature, the governor may veto any section or item in the bill.

If a bill is vetoed, in whole or in part, it is returned to the house from which it originated for reconsideration if the legislature is still in session. If the legislature is not in session, the bill is filed with the secretary of state who is then to bring it before the house from which it originated at its next session. The legislature may override the governor's veto by the vote of a two-thirds majority of the members of each house. There is, however, no provision in the present constitution for the legislature to reconvene itself for the purpose of reconsidering acts vetoed by the governor.

Effect of Senate Joint Resolution No. 140, if approved into Law:

This proposed constitutional amendment would restrict the governor's power to veto *items* in bills passed by the legislature by limiting it to appropriation *items* only. The amendment would not, however, affect the governor's power to veto an entire bill or an entire section of a bill, regardless of the nature of the bill.

The proposed amendment would also permit the legislature, within forty-five days after its adjournment, to reconvene itself by a petition of two-thirds of the membership of each house in a special session of not more than five days duration solely to reconsider any bills which the governor has vetoed in whole or in part.

Finally, while the proposed amendment would not change the time period during which the governor is to exercise his veto while the legislature is in session, it would increase from ten to twenty days the time granted to the governor to exercise his veto power following the adjournment of a legislative session.

Statement against

SJR 140 should be rejected decisively by the voters. Here's why:

(1) The item veto is part of the necessary system of checks and balances established by the people in their Constitution in 1889. Nothing has happened since to indicate they acted unwisely. SJR 140 is a blatant, unwarranted and unjustified power grab by the legislature designed to destroy our constitutional system of checks and balances. If the relationships between the legislature and the executive need to be changed, if either should have more or less power, it should be done not on a piecemeal basis but by reexamining all executive and legislative powers in the Constitution.

(2) The item veto has been essential in correcting unintentional legislative errors. In over half the instances where it was used it was to correct the legislature's mistakes.

(3) The governor is the only elected official in the legislative process with responsibility to all the people, not just a particular constituency or local interest. The governor is in a unique position to protect the people from special interest legislation for a favored few.

(4) Adequate safeguards exist against abuse of the item veto: (a) the legislature can override an item veto by a ²/₃ vote and has done so recently; (b) the legality of an item veto can be and has been challenged in the courts.

If our Constitution is to be amended: (a) will it improve the quality of government; and (b) will it better serve the people? The answer to both these questions is no. Vote against SJR 140.

Rebuttal of Statement for

The Committee against the Item Veto includes big business and big labor. Why are they against it? Because after spending thousands each legislative session lobbying for private interests they don't like to have them vetoed. Vote "NO" on SJR 140. Retain the item veto and let the Governor protect you from the expensive special interest lobbyists. He must be doing a good job or the big lobbyists wouldn't be trying to take it away.

Committee Against Senate Joint Resolution 140:

JONATHAN WHETZEL, State Senator, Republican and ARTHUR C.BROWN, State Representative, Republican.



Shall a thirty-day durational residency requirement be established for voting by otherwise eligible citizens eighteen years of age or over?

Vote cast by members of the 1974 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: [98 members] Yeas, 90; Nays, 6; Absent or not voting, 2. SENATE: [49 members] Yeas, 43; Nays, 0; Absent or not voting, 6.

NOTE: The ballot title and explanatory comment were written by the Attorney General as required by state law. The complete text of Senate Joint Resolution 143 begins on Page 13.

Statement for

SJR 143 Is A "Positive" Measure

As a rather noncontroversial measure passed by the Legislature, SJR 143 did not attract as much public attention as other more partisan issues. It passed the Legislature heartily supported by Democrats and Republicans alike.

Repeals Obsolete Constitutional Provisions

SJR 143 amends the State Constitution to update certain voter qualifications in order to comply with U.S. Supreme Court rulings. The proposed amendment simply states that a prospective voter must have established a 30-day residency in the state, county or precinct and be at least 18 years old. It repeals current provisions which "prohibit" 18 to 20 year olds from voting, Indians which are not taxed, those individuals who are not able to read or speak the English language, and the one year residency requirement. All of these restrictions have been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court and are no longer enforced, therefore making this portion of the Constitution obsolete.

Removes Unnecessary Confusion

SJR 143 was drafted to remove any confusion that may develop from reading the Constitutional requirements for voting. Occasionally, prospective voters are discouraged from registering because of obscure and archaic restrictions which have not been corrected to reflect federal court rulings and constitutional challenges. SJR 143 clarifies the State Constitutional provisions for voting so that each citizen knows exactly what is required in order to be registered to vote.

Please Support This Worthwhile Amendment!

Although SJR 143 can be described as a "housekeeping" measure, we also feel it will make voting a little easier for those citizens currently in doubt because of the present Constitutional provisions.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Whether you agree or disagree with the courts on residency requirements, the Supreme Court, under the U. S. Constitution has jurisdiction over state statutes and any conflict with the state constitution is superceded by the decision of the Supreme Court.

The failure of SJR 143 would not affect present laws. It would be useless to retain antiquated constitutional language.

The thirty-day residency requirements were in effect during the last two general elections with no problems.

Committee For Senate Joint Resolution 143:

GARY GRANT, State Senator, Democrat, RICHARD KING, State Representative, Democrat, and ARTHUR C. BROWN, State Representative, Republican.

Advisory Committee: MAXINE KRULL, President, League of Women Voters of Washington; ROSS DAVIS, Chairman, Washington State Republican Committee; NEALE CHANEY, Chairman, Washington State Democratic Committee; JOE DAVIS, President, Washington State Labor Council; ROGER LEED, Member of the Steering Committee, Coalition for Open Government.

The Law as it now exists:

The 26th Amendment to the United States Constitution extended the right to vote to citizens eighteen years of age or older. In addition, recent decisions of the United States Supreme Court have also affected the qualifications which a state may impose for voting in its elections. Because of these decisions, a state may no longer enforce a residency requirement of more than thirty days in duration, nor may it restrict the right to vote to persons who can read and speak the English language or prohibit voting by Indians not paying taxes.

Accordingly, certain provisions of the Washington State Constitution with respect to voting qualifications have been rendered ineffective. Those provisions include a minimum age requirement for voting of twenty-one years; a one-year state and ninety-day county durational residence requirement; a prohibition against voting by nontaxed Indians; and a requirement that voters be able to read and speak the English language.

Effect of Senate Joint Resolution No. 143, if approved into Law:

This proposed constitutional amendment would remove the foregoing presently ineffective provisions and simply require that in order to vote in an election in this state, a person must be a United States citizen who is eighteen years of age or older, and who has been a resident of the state, county and precinct in which he resides for at least thirty days prior to the election at which he seeks to vote.

In addition, however, this constitutional amendment would retain an existing disqualification for voting by insane persons and persons convicted of felonies, unless restored to their civil rights.

Statement against

Must we accept as ABSOLUTE and IRREVOCABLE every court decision? Did you ever want to legally and safely say, "Judge — YOU ARE WRONG".

The court decisions which virtually wipe out residency requirements for voting are WRONG and IRRESPONSIBLE.

PASSAGE OF SJR 143 WILL:

- Allow politicians to move from one district to another to seek office after only 30 days residency.
- Allow "temporary residents" such as college students in small college towns to dominate elections—then leave town.
- Allow newcomers who have voted elsewhere to move to Washington and, with 30 days residency, vote again with little knowledge of the issues or candidates.
- 4) Allow newcomers to enroll as residents in our colleges.
- Mr. Chief Justice Burger, in his dissenting opinion stated:

"It is no more a denial of equal protection for a State to require newcomers to be exposed to state and local problems for a reasonable period such as one year before voting, than it is to require children to wait 18 years before voting."

Justice Hale, in his dissenting opinion wrote:

"I think it repugnant to our political institutions that one can enter this state, stay here a comparatively few weeks, claim state suffrage on the basis of this short stay, and then proceed, as soon as registered, to vote, run for office, instigate recall, referendum and initiative petitions, sit as a juror, enter our state supported colleges and universities on the same financial basis as those who have with their taxes built and maintained them...."

VOTE NO ON SJR 143

Rebuttal of Statement for

This "housekeeping" measure could flood the polls with uninformed voters. Justice Blackman wrote "Clearly . . . the State does have a profound interest in the purity of the ballot box and in an informed electorate and is entitled to take appropriate steps (residency requirements) to assure these ends." Justice Hale wrote ". . . the judiciary has no authority whatever to substitute its judgment for that of the peoples' representatives as to the means and methods for holding honest unrigged elections . . . "

VOTE NO SJR 143

Committee Against Senate Joint Resolution 143:

JAMES P. KUEHNLE, State Representative, Republican.

COMPLETE TEXT OF Referendum Bill 34

Proposed Constitutional Amendment

AN ACT Relating to the establishment and operation of a state lottery; amending section 4, chapter 218, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and RCW 9.46.040; creating a new chapter in Title 67 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 218, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and to chapter 9.46 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people; and making an appropriation.

BE IT ENACTED, By the Legislature

of the State of Washington

NEW SECTION. Section 1. For the purposes of this chapter: (1) "Commission" shall mean the state gambling commission established by RCW 9.46.040.

(2) "Lottery" or "state lottery" shall mean the lottery established and operated pursuant to this chapter.

(3) "Director" shall mean the director of the state lottery.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The department of motor vehicles shall provide such office, administrative, and legal services as are required by the commission and the director of the state lottery to carry out the provisions of this chapter. However, the costs of such services shall be paid for by the director of the state lottery from moneys placed within the revolving fund created by section 20 of this 1974 amendatory act.

Any vacancy occurring in the office of the director of the state lottery shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

The director of the state lottery shall be appointed by the commission and shall devote his entire time and attention to the duties of his office and shall not be engaged in any other profession or occupation. He shall receive such salary as shall be determined by the commission and the provisions of the state civil service law, chapter 41.06 RCW, shall not apply to his employment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. In addition to the powers and duties enumerated in RCW 9.46.070 as now or hereafter amended, the commission shall have the power, and it shall be its duty:

(1) To promulgate such rules and regulations governing the establishment and operation of a state lottery as it deems necessary and desirable in order that such a lottery be initiated at the earliest feasible and practicable time, and in order that such lottery produce the maximum amount of net revenues for the state consonant with the dignity of the state and the general welfare of the people. Such rules and regulations may include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

(a) The type of lottery to be conducted;

(b) The price, or prices, of tickets or shares in the lottery;

(c) The numbers and sizes of the prizes on the winning tickets or shares;

(d) The manner of selecting the winning tickets or shares;

(e) The manner and time of payment of prizes to the holders of winning tickets or shares which, at the commission's option, may be paid in lump sum amounts or installments over a period of years;

(f) The frequency of the drawings or selections of winning tickets or shares, without limitation;

(g) Without limit as to number, the type or types of locations at which tickets or shares may be sold;

(h) The method to be used in selling tickets or shares;

 (i) The licensing of agents to sell tickets or shares, except that no person under the age of eighteen shall be licensed as an agent;

(j) The manner and amount of compensation, if any, to be paid licensed sales agents necessary to provide for the adeten quate availability of tickets or shares to prospective buyers and for the convenience of the public;

(k) The apportionment of the total revenues accruing from the sale of lottery tickets or shares and from all other sources among (i) the payment of prizes to the holders of winning tickets or shares shall not be less than forty-five percent of the gross income from such lottery, (ii) the payment of costs incurred in the operation and administration of the lottery, including the expenses of the lottery and the costs resulting from any contract or contracts entered into for promotional, advertising, or operational services or for the purchase or lease of lottery equipment and materials, but the payment of such costs shall not exceed fifteen percent of the gross income from such lottery (iii) for the repayment of the moneys appropriated to the state lottery fund pursuant to section 24 of this 1974 amendatory act, and (iv) for transfer to the general fund: PROVIDED, That no less than forty percent of the total revenues accruing from the sale of lottery tickets or shares shall be transferred to the state general fund;

(1) Such other matters necessary or desirable for the efficient and economical operation and administration of the lottery and for the convenience of the purchasers of tickets or shares and the holders of winning tickets or shares.

(2) To amend, repeal, or supplement any such rules and regulations from time to time as it deems necessary or desirable.

(3) To advise and make recommendations to the director of the state lottery regarding the operation and administration of the lottery.

(4) To publish monthly reports showing the total lottery revenues, prize disbursements, and other expenses for the preceding month, and to make an annual report, which shall include a full and complete statement of lottery revenues, prize disbursements, and other expenses, to the governor and the legislature, and including such recommendations for changes in this chapter as it deems necessary or desirable.

(5) To report immediately to the governor and the legislature any matters which shall require immediate changes in the laws of this state in order to prevent abuses and evasions of this chapter or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or to rectify undesirable conditions in connection with the administration or operation of the lottery.

(6) To carry on a continuous study and investigation of the lottery throughout the state (a) for the purpose of ascertaining any defects in this chapter or in the rules and regulations issued thereunder by reason whereof any abuses in the administration and operation of the lottery or any evasion of this chapter or the rules and regulations may arise or be practiced, (b) for the purpose of formulating recommendations for changes in this chapter and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder to prevent such abuses and evasions, (c) to guard against the use of this chapter and the rules and regulations issued thereunder as a cloak for the carrying on of professional gambling and crime, and (d) to insure that said law and rules and regulations shall be in such form and be so administered as to serve the true purposes of this chapter.

(7) To make a continuous study and investigation of (a) the operation and the administration of similar laws which may be in effect in other states or countries, (b) any literature on the subject which from time to time may be published or available, (c) any federal laws which may affect the operation of the lottery, and (d) the reaction of the citizens of this state to existing and potential features of the lottery with a view to recommending or effecting changes that will tend to serve the purposes of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The director of the state lottery shall have the power, and it shall be his duty to:

(1) Supervise and administer the operation of the lottery in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and with the rules and regulations of the commission;

(2) Subject to the approval of the commission, appoint such deputy directors as may be required to carry out the functions

and duties of his office: PROVIDED, That the provisions of the state civil service law, chapter 41.06 RCW, shall not apply to such deputy directors;

(3) Subject to the approval of the commission, appoint such professional, technical, and clerical assistants and employees as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the director of the state lottery by this chapter: PROVIDED, That the provisions of the state civil service law, chapter 41.06 RCW, shall not apply to such employees as are engaged in undercover investigative work but shall apply to other employees appointed by the director, except as provided for in subsection (2) of this section.

(4) In accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules and regulations of the commission, to license as agents to sell lottery tickets such persons as in his opinion will best serve the public convenience and promote the sale of tickets or shares. The director of the state lottery may require a bond from every licensed agent, in such amount as provided in the rules and regulations of the commission. Every licensed agent shall prominently display his license, or a copy thereof, as provided in the rules and regulations of the commission;

(5) Shall confer regularly as necessary or desirable and not less than once every month with the commission on the operation and administration of the lottery; shall make available for inspection by the commission, upon request, all books, records, files, and other information and documents of the lottery; shall advise the commission and recommend such matters as he deems necessary and advisable to improve the operation and administration of the lottery;

(6) Subject to the approval of the commission and the applicable laws relating to public contracts, to enter into contracts for the operation of the lottery, or any part thereof, and into contracts for the promotion of the lottery. No contract awarded or entered into by the director of the state lottery may be assigned by the holder thereof except by specific approval of the commission: PROVIDED, That nothing in this chapter shall authorize the commission to enter into public contracts for the regular and permanent operation of the lottery after the initial development and implementation. Public contracts authorized under this chapter are to be performed for a flat fee and not on a percentage of the lottery receipts; and

(7) To certify monthly to the state treasurer and the commission a full and complete statement of lottery revenues, prize disbursements, and other expenses for the preceding month.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. For the purpose of obtaining information concerning any matter relating to the administration or enforcement of this chapter, the commission, or any person appointed by it in writing for the purpose may conduct hearings, administer oaths, take depositions, compel the attendance of witnesses and issue subpoenas pursuant to RCW 34.04.105.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. No license as an agent to sell lottery tickets or shares shall be issued to any person to engage in business exclusively as a lottery sales agent. Before issuing such license the director of the state lottery shall consider such factors as (1) the financial responsibility and security of the person and his business or activity, (2) the accessibility of his place of business or activity to the public, (3) the sufficiency of existing licenses to serve the public convenience, and (4) the volume of expected sales.

For the purposes of this section, the term "person" shall be construed to mean and include an individual, association, corporation, club, trust, estate, society, company, joint stock company, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, or any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise, and any combination of individuals. "Person" shall not be construed to mean or include any department, commission, agency, or instrumentality of the state, or any county and municipality or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person licensed as provided in this chapter is hereby authorized and empowered to act as a lottery sales agent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The director of the state lottery may suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, any license issued pursuant to this chapter. Such license may, however, be temporarily suspended by the director of the state lottery without prior notice, pending any prosecution, investigation, or hearing. A license may be suspended or revoked by the director for one or more of the following reasons:

(1) Failure to account for lottery tickets received or the proceeds of the sale of lottery tickets or to file a bond if required by the director of the state lottery or to comply with the instructions of the director concerning the licensed activity;

(2) Conviction of any crime as defined by RCW 9.01.020;

(3) Failure to file any return or report or to keep records or to pay any tax required by this chapter;

(4) Fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or conduct prejudicial to public confidence in the state lottery;

(5) That the number of lottery tickets sold by the lottery sales agent is insufficient to meet administrative costs and that public convenience is adequately served by other licensees;

(6) A material change, since issuance of the license with respect to any matters required to be considered by the director under section 6 of this 1974 amendatory act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. No right of any person to a prize drawn shall be assignable, except that payment of any prize drawn may be paid to the estate of a deceased prize winner, and except that any person pursuant to an appropriate judicial order may be paid the prize to which the winner is entitled. The director shall be discharged of all further liability upon payment of a prize pursuant to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. No person shall sell a ticket or share at a price greater than that fixed by rule or regulation of the commission. No person other than a licensed lottery sales agent shall sell lottery tickets, except that nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent any person from giving lottery tickets or shares to another as a gift.

Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. No ticket or share shall be sold to any person under the age of eighteen, but this shall not be deemed to prohibit the purchase of a ticket or share for the purpose of making a gift by a person eighteen years of age or older to a person less than that age. Any licensee who knowingly sells or offers to sell a lottery ticket or share to any person under the age of eighteen, and is convicted of such, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. No ticket or share shall be purchased by, and no prize shall be paid to any of the following persons: Any officer or employee of the lottery or to any spouse, child, brother, sister, or parent residing as a member of the same household in the principal place of abode of any officer or employee of the lottery.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Unclaimed prize money for the prize on a winning ticket or share shall be retained in the state lottery fund by the director of the state lottery for the person entitled thereto for one year after the drawing in which the prize was won. If no claim is made for said money within such year, the prize money shall then be transferred to the state general fund and all rights to the prize existing prior to such transfer shall be extinguished as of the day of the transfer.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. The director of the state lottery may, in his discretion, require any or all lottery sales agents to deposit to the credit of the state lottery fund in banks designated by the state treasurer, all moneys received by such agents from the sale of lottery tickets or shares, less the amount, if any, retained as compensation for the sale of the tickets or shares, and to file with the director of the state lottery or his designated agents reports of their receipts and transactions in the sale of lottery tickets in such form and containing such information as he may require. The director of the state lottery may make such arrangements for any person, including a bank, to perform such functions, activities, or services in connection with the operation of the lottery as he may deem advisable pursuant to this chapter and the rules and regulations of the commission, and such functions, activities, or services shall constitute lawful functions, activities, and services of such person.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. No other law providing any penalty or disability for the sale of lottery tickets or any acts done in connection with a lottery shall apply to the sale of tickets or shares performed pursuant to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. If the person entitled to a prize or any winning ticket is under the age of eighteen years, and such prize is less than five thousand dollars, the director of the state lottery may direct payment of the prize by delivery to an adult member of the minor's family or a guardian of the minor of a check or draft payable to the order of such minor. If the person entitled to a prize or any winning ticket is under the age of eighteen years, and such prize is five thousand dollars or more, the director of the state lottery may direct payment to such minor by depositing the amount of the prize in any bank to the credit of an adult member of the minor's family or a guardian of the minor as custodian for such minor. The person so named as custodian shall have the same duties and powers as a person designated as a custodian in a manner prescribed by the Washington Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, chapter 21.24 RCW, and for the purposes of this section the terms "adult member of a minor's family", "guardian of a minor" and "bank" shall have the same meaning as in said act. The director of the state lottery shall be discharged of all further liability upon payment of a prize to a minor pursuant to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. There is hereby created and established a separate fund, to be known as the state lottery fund. Such fund shall be maintained and controlled by the commission and shall consist of all revenues received from the sale of lottery tickets or shares, and all other moneys credited or transferred thereto from any other fund or source pursuant to law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. The moneys in said state lottery fund shall be used only: (1) For the payment of prizes to the holders of winning lottery tickets or shares; (2) for purposes of making deposits into the reserve account created by section 19 of this 1974 amendatory act and into the revolving fund created by section 20 of this 1974 amendatory act; (3) for purposes of making deposits into the general fund; and (4) for the repayment to the general fund of the amount appropriated to the fund pursuant to section 24 of this 1974 amendatory act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. In the event the commission decides to pay any portion of or all of the prizes in the form of installments over a period of years, it shall provide for the payment of all such installments by one, but not both, of the following methods:

(1) It may enter into contracts with any financially responsible person or firm providing for the payment of such installments; or

(2) It may establish and maintain a reserve account into which shall be placed sufficient moneys for the director of the lottery to pay such installments as they become due. Such reserve account shall be maintained as a separate and independent fund outside the state treasury.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. There is hereby created a revolving fund into which the commission shall deposit sufficient money to provide for the payment of the costs incurred in the operation and administration of the lottery: PROVIDED, That the amount deposited in such revolving fund shall never exceed fifteen percent of the total revenues accruing from the sale of lottery tickets or shares. Such revolving fund shall be managed, controlled and maintained by the commission and shall be a separate and independent fund outside the state treasury.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. The provisions of the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.04 RCW, as now law or hereafter twelve amended, shall apply to administrative actions taken by the commission or the director pursuant to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. The state auditor, in addition to the duties assigned to him by RCW 9.46.060 shall conduct an annual post-audit of all accounts and transactions of the lottery and such other special post-audits as he may be directed to conduct pursuant to chapter 43.09 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, provision, or other portion of sections 1 through 19 of this 1974 amendatory act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held to be invalid, such holding shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this chapter or the application of such portion held invalid to any other person or circumstances, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, provision, or other portion thereof directly involved in such holding or to the person and circumstances therein involved. If any provision of this chapter is inconsistent with, in conflict with, or contrary to any other provision of law, such provision of this chapter shall prevail over such other provision and such other provision shall be deemed to have been amended, superseded, or repealed to the extent of such inconsistency, conflict, and contrariety.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. There is hereby appropriated to the state lottery fund from the general fund the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purposes of the lottery in carrying out its functions and duties pursuant to sections 1 through 23 of this 1974 amendatory act. Such appropriation shall be repaid to the general fund as soon as practicable from the net revenues accruing in the state lottery fund after the payment of prizes to holders of winning tickets or shares and expenses of the lottery.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. Sections 1 through 23 of this 1974 amendatory act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 67 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. There is added to chapter 218, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and to chapter 9.46 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter, as now law or hereafter amended, shall not apply to the conducting, operating, participating, or selling or purchasing of tickets or shares in the "lottery" or "state lottery" as defined in section 1 of this 1974 amendatory act when such conducting, operating, participating, or selling or purchasing is in conformity to the provisions of sections 1 through 23 of this 1974 amendatory act and to the rules and regulations adopted thereunder.

Sec. 27. Section 4, chapter 218, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and RCW 9.46.040 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a commission, known as the "Washington state gambling commission", consisting of five members appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate. The members of the commission shall be appointed within thirty days of July 16, 1973 for terms beginning July 1, 1973, and expiring as follows: One member of the commission for a term expiring July 1, 1975; one member of the commission for a term expiring July 1, 1976; one member of the commission for a term expiring July 1, 1977; one member of the commission for a term expiring July 1, 1978; and one member of the commission for a term expiring July 1, 1979; each as the governor so determines. Their successors, all of whom shall be citizen members appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate, upon being appointed and qualified, shall serve six year terms: PROVIDED, That no member of the commission who has served a full six year term shall be eligible for reappointment. In case of a vacancy, it shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term in which said vacancy occurs. No vacancy in the membership of the commission shall impair the right of the remaining member or members to act, except as in RCW 9.46.050 (2) provided.

In addition to the members of the commission there shall ((initially)) be four ex officio members without vote from the

legislature consisting of: (1) Two members of the senate, one from the majority political party and one from the minority political party, both to be appointed by the president of the senate; (2) two members of the house of representatives, one from the majority political party and one from the minority political party, both to be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; ((all of whose terms shall end December 31, 1971; appointments shall be made within thirty days of July 16, 1973)) such appointments shall be for a term of two years or for the period in which the appointee serves as a legislator, whichever expires first; members may be reappointed; vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments are made. Such ex officio members who shall collect data deemed essential to future legislative proposals and exchange information with the board shall be deemed engaged in legislative business while in attendance upon the business of the board and shall be limited to such allowances therefor as otherwise provided in RCW 44.04.120, the same to be paid from the "gambling revolving fund" as being expenses relative to commission business.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. This 1974 amendatory act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at a special election hereby ordered by the legislature, which election shall be held in conjunction with the general election to be held in this state on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November, 1974, all in accordance with the provisions of section 1, Article II of the Constitution of the state of Washington, as amended, and the laws adopted to facilitate the operation thereof.

COMPLETE TEXT OF

Senate Joint Resolution 140

Proposed Constitutional Amendment

BE IT RESOLVED, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Washington, in Legislative Session Assembled:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, a proposal to amend Article III of the Constitution of the state of Washington by amending section 12 as follows:

Article III, section 12. Every act which shall have passed the legislature shall be, before it becomes a law, presented to the governor. If he approves, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, which house shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law; but in all such cases the vote of both houses shall be determined by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered upon the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within five days, Sundays excepted, after it shall be presented to him, it shall become a law without his signature, unless the general adjournment shall prevent its return, in which case it shall become a law unless the governor, within ((ten)) twenty days next after the adjournment, Sundays excepted, shall file such bill with his objections thereto, in the office of secretary of state, who shall lay the same before the legislature at its next session in like manner as if it had been returned by the governor: PROVIDED, That within forty-five days next after the adjournment, Sundays excepted, the legislature may, upon petition by a two-thirds majority or more of the membership of each house, reconvene in extraordinary session, not to exceed five days duration, solely to reconsider any bills vetoed. If any bill presented to the governor contains several sections or appropriation items, he may object to one or more sections or appropriation items while approving other portions of the bill: PROVIDED, That he may not object to less than an entire section, except that if the section contains one or more appropriation items he may object to any such appropriation item or items. In ((such)) case of objection he shall append to the bill, at the time of signing it, a statement of the section ((-)) or sections ((+)), appropriation item or items to which he objects and the reasons therefor ((-,)); and the section or sections, appropriation item or items so objected to (-) shall not take effect unless passed over the governor's objection, as hereinbefore provided. The provisions of Article II, section 12 insofar as they are inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.

COMPLETE TEXT OF

Senate Joint Resolution 143

Proposed Constitutional Amendment

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Washington, in Legislative Session Assembled:

THAT, At the 1974 general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the gualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Washington by amending section 1 (Amendment 5) thereof as follows:

Article VI, section 1. QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTORS. All persons of the age of ((twenty one)) eighteen years or over ((possessing the following qualifications,)) who are citizens of the United States and who have lived in the state, county, and precinct thirty days immediately preceding the election at which they offer to vote, except those disgualified by Article VI. section 3 of this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at all elections. ((. They shall be citizens of the United States, they shall have lived in the state one year, and in the county ninety days, and in the city, town, ward or precinct thirty days immediately preceding the election at which they offer to vote, they shall be able to read and speak the English language:PROVIDED, That Indians not taxed shall never be allowed the elective franchise: AND FURTHER PROVIDED, That this amendment shall not affect the rights of franchise of any person who is now a qualified elector of this state. The legislative authority shall enact laws defining the manner of ascertaining the qualifications of voters as to their ability to read and speak the English language, and providing for punishment of persons voting or registering in violation of the provision of this section. There shall be no denial of the elective franchise at any election on account of sex.))

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing Constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.

How To Obtain an Absentee Ballot

Any registered voter who cannot vote in person may apply directly to his county auditor or department of elections for an absentee ballot. Any signed request containing the necessary information will be honored. For your convenience, an application is reproduced below. The addresses of the auditors or departments of election are also listed below. In order to be certain that the voter's application is authentic, the election laws require that the signature on the application be verified by comparison with the signature on the voter's permanent registration record. For this reason, if a husband and wife both wish to vote by absentee ballot, signatures of each are necessary. In order to be counted, an absentee ballot must be voted and postmarked no later than the day of the election. For this reason, sufficient time must be allowed for an exchange of correspondence with the county auditor or department of elections.

COUNTY	ADDRESS	CITY	ZIP	COUNTY	ADDRESS	CITY	ZIP
Adams	County Courthouse	Ritzville	99169	Lewis	1105 North Street	Chehalis	98532
Asotin	135 Second Street	Asotin	99402	Lincoln	450 Logan Street	Davenport	99122
Benton	County Courthouse	Prosser	9935C	Mason	Fourth & Alder	Shelton	98584
Chelan	. County Courthouse	Wenatchee	98801	Okanogan	149 Third North	Okanogan	98840
Clallam	. 319 South Lincoln	Port Angeles	98362	Pacific	Memorial Avenue	South Bend	98586
Clark	12th & Franklin	Vancouver	98660	Pend Oreille	625 West Fourth	Newport	99156
Columbia	. 341 East Main	Dayton	99328	Pierce	930 Tacoma Avenue	Tacoma	98402
Cowlitz	309 Academy Street	Kelso	98626	San Juan	First & Court	Friday Harbor	98250
Douglas	County Courthouse	Waterville	98858	Skagit	205 Kincaid Street	Mount Vernon	98273
Ferry		Republic	99166	Skamania	County Courthouse	Stevenson	98648
Franklin		Pasco	99301	Snohomish	3000 Rockefeller	Everett	98201
Garfield	County Courthouse	Pomeroy	99347	Spokane	1116 West Broadway	Spokane	99201
Grant		Ephrata	98823	Stevens	South Oak Street	Colville	99114
Grays Hrabor		Montesano	98563	Thurston	11th & Capitol Way	Olympia	98501
Island		Coupeville	98239	Wahkiakum	County Courthouse	Cathlamet	98612
Jefferson	Jefferson & Cass	Port Townsend	98368	Walla Walla	315 West Main	Walla Walla	99362
King		Seattle	98104	Whatcom	311 Grand Avenue	Bellingham	98225
Kitsap		Port Orchard	98366	Whitman	North Main Street	Colfax	99111
Kittitas	205 West Fifth	Ellensburg	98926	Yakima	North 2nd & East "B"	Yakima	98901
Klickitat		Goldendale	98620	Takinia	North 2nd & Lost D	rukinu	10101

CLIP OUT FORM ALONG THIS LINE -----

In King County, send requests to the Department of Records and Elections. In all other counties, send requests to the County Auditor.

ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION

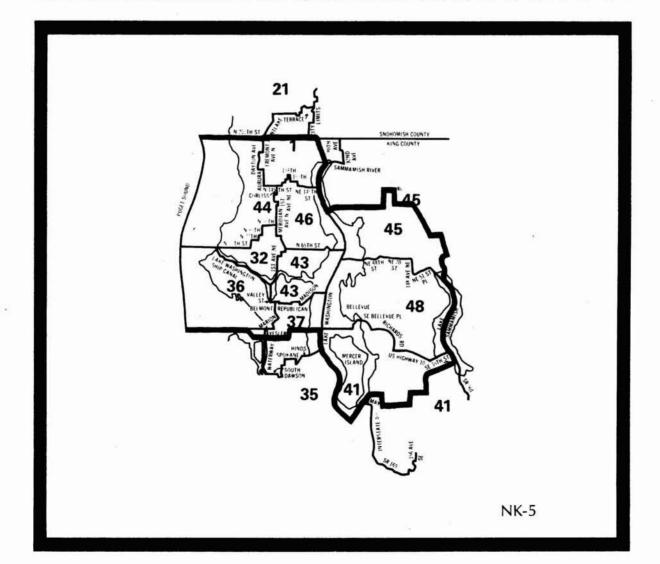
I		HEREBY DE	CLARE THAT I AM A REC	SISTERED VOTER
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AT	es anns - s-againt anns			
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PHONE NO.		PRECINCT		
			(IF KNOWN)	
SEND MY BALLOT TO: 🗌 SAME	ADDRESS AS ABOVE:	THE ADDRESS BELOW:		
STREET ADDRESS		CITY OR TOWN	STATE ·	ZIP
SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED	SIGNATURE X			
REGISTRATION NUMBER	FOR	PRECINCT CODE	LEG. D	IST
REGISTRATION VERIFIED	DEPUTY SIGNATUR	E	BALLOT MAILED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BALLOT CODE	ADDRESS CHANGE	e a mai la respectance e ann	BALLOT RETURNED	a docorriero

Note: If husband and wife both want absentee ballots, signatures of each are necessary.

Official Candidates Pamphlet

General Election Tuesday, November 5, 1974

Candidates for United States Senator; United States House of Representatives from the 1st, 2nd, and 7th Congressional Districts. Candidates for State Supreme Court; Washington State Senate and/or House of Representatives in these legislative districts: 1, 32, 36, 37, 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48.



Introduction

The Secretary of State is required by law to publish a comprehensive Candidates' Pamphlet prior to each state general election. In the preparation of this pamphlet, every nominee for a contested federal, state, or legislative office has been given the opportunity to submit a photograph and statement of qualifications. The Secretary of State has no authority to comment on the accuracy of any statements made by the candidates in this pamphlet or to alter their content in any way.

It was determined that the most economical means of publishing the Candidates' Pamphlet would be to combine it with the official Voters' Pamphlet. This saves printing time and reduces the cost of postage and handling.

Voting Check List

	sed to the People by the Legislature
1	REFERENDUM BILL No. 34
commissio	ate lottery be conducted under gambling on regulations with prizes totaling not less of gross income?
YES	o ga ngalan wana na na ma
NO	
An	nendment to the State Constitution
1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	Proposed by the Legislature
	E JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 140
Shall the and the l	
Shall the and the l	governor's item veto power be restricted egislature be permitted to reconvene itself

	nt to the State sed by the Leg	
SENATE JOINT	RESOLUTION	No. 143
Shall a thirty-day be established t citizens eighteen	for voting by	idency requiremen otherwise eligible r over?
YES	17474 A. A. A. A. A. A. A.	<u>L</u>

Every Washington voter will vote on three state measures and elect federal, state and local officials at the November 5, 1974, state general election. The ballot titles for the state measures are reproduced below to serve as a convenience to the voter in preparing to go to the polls or cast an absentee ballot. The candidates for congressional, legislative, and county offices vary according to the residence of the voter. Space has been provided to fill in the names of local candidates prior to going to the polls.

3

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PAGE

OUT

AND TAKE TO YOUR POLLING PLACE-

NOTE: State law reads "Any voter may take with him into the polling place any printed or written memorandum to assist him in marking or preparing his ballot." (RCW 29.51.180)

UNITED STATES SENATE	COUNTY AUDITOR
Jack Metcalf	······
Warren G. Magnuson	.,
Clare Fraenzl	COUNTY CLERK
Gene Goosman	
Pat Ruckert	
UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE	
0	·····
STATE SUPREME COURT	
Charles Horowitz	COUNTY CORONER
Liem Tuai	
STATE SENATE	
	COUNTY PROSECUTING ATTORNEY
STATE REPRESENTATIVE POS. 1	

	COUNTY SHERIFF
STATE REPRESENTATIVE POS. 2	
COUNTY ASSESSOR	COUNTY TREASURER
	Π

sixteen/nk

United States Senator

State of Washington





Jack METCALF Republican Jack Metcalf has served with distinction as a citizen legislator for 12 years. A Republican elected from normally Democratic Snohomish County, his vitality, integrity and bi-partisan view are the watch-word with leaders of both parties and his constituents.

rity and bi-partisan view are the watch-word with leaders of both parties and his constituents. Jack Metcalf does his own homework . . . not relying soley on staff or lobbyists for information. He has sponsored legislation years before its worth or popularity were apparent to others. The 12 year term limitation for state and federal office holders is just one example. ((The only each investige in this comparison is infotion)" cause

"The only real issue in this campaign is inflation", says Metcalf. And I mean government spending-caused inflation. Inflation is caused by politicians . . . deliberately. If a thief steals from you with a gun he's thrown in prison . . . but when special interests and politicians rob the taxpayer at the rate of 12% a year they ask for re-election! Only the voter can change the 'old politics'."

... but when special interests and politicians rob the taxpayer at the rate of 12% a year they ask for re-election! Only the voter can change the 'old politics'." A strong proponent of President Ford's statement . . . "the first thing we (as politicians) have to do is learn to say 'No'." Jack Metcalf wants to go to Washington, D.C. to help trim the federal budget. "At a time when individuals have to tighten their belts to make ends meet, it is time for the federal government to do the same thing."



Warren G. MAGNUSON

Democrat

Senator Magnuson is a national leader in consumer protection, better health care, environmental quality, and service to his State. The Seattle Post-Intelligencer calls Magnuson's record "outstanding," and adds: "We have the greatest admiration for Senator Magnuson. His work on behalf of social and consumer issues, and his Senate seniority, make him one of the most potent forces in Congress." (8/5/74) Jack Anderson rates Magnuson as "The Most Effective of All." Magnuson wrote laws to make cars and tires safer,

Jack Anderson rates Magnuson as "The Most Effective of All." Magnuson wrote laws to make cars and tires safer, prevent gas pipelines from exploding under houses, make sleepwear flameproof, and put poisonous products in childproof containers.

President Ford praises Magnuson for "enormous work in the field of health." Magnuson's laws started the war on cancer, brought doctors to 2 million people, kept the Public Health Service hospitals open, made possible a new wing at Children's Orthopedic Hospital, and built Seattle's Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center.

Magnuson stopped the deadly nerve gas the Army wanted to ship through Washington, wrote laws to make oil tankers safer, and laws to protect Endangered Species and whales. He co-authored the law that lowered the voting age to 18, and co-sponsored the Equal Rights Amendment.

Now Magnuson wants to pass more major laws: laws to prevent oil spills, to create National Health Insurance, to eliminate the oil depletion tax loophole, to increase automobile gas mileage by 50%, to protect our fishermen with a 200-mile limit, and to make every product guaranty a consumer's bill of rights. Magnuson pledges to keep the federal lid on natural gas prices, and to enact another law that stops California from stealing our Columbia River water.

Ralph Nader's recent poll shows Congressional staff members rank Henry Jackson and Warren Magnuson as the two "most effective" U.S. Senators.

the two "most effective" U.S. Senators. For more information, please write: Magnuson Headquarters, 315 Yesler, Seattle 98104.



United States Senator State of Washington



Clare FRAENZL Socialist Workers

Today it is more apparent than ever that the present system of capitalism is unworkable and impractical. The richest country in history has been hit with sudden shortages of basic necessities. We are living with skyrocketing



Gene GOOSMAN

American Independent prices, climbing unemployment, racism, sexism and a deteriorating quality of life. Both the Republicans and Democrats finance their campaigns with big money from oil, milk and other trusts and combines. Politicians from these parties cannot solve the problems of working people. The Socialist Workers Party has a program for working people. We stand for:

-No wage controls! Grant all pay increases denied or cut back while controls were on. -Cost-of-living clauses in all union contracts. The government's Consumer Price Index is a fraud. Cost-of-living clauses should be based on the real rate of inflation determined by committees organized by unions and consumer groups. -Set pensions, social security, welfare and unemployment benefits at union wage scales. Raise them automatically with each hike in the cost of living. -Expropriate employers who raise prices or refuse to pay cost-of-living increases. Nationalize their corporations under workers' control with no compensation.

-Shorten the work week to 30 hours with no pay cuts to provide jobs for all. Launch crash programs to build housing, childcare facilities, schools and mass transportation systems. This will provide the jobs needed. -No discrimination in hiring on the basis of language, race, sex, citizenship or age.

—Unemployment compensation at union wages for everyone out of work, including those laid off because of shortages, those just leaving school, Vietnam veterans and strikers. —End all taxes on incomes under \$15,000. 100% tax on incomes over \$30,000. Repeal Washington's 5% sales tax. End the school levy tax—use state and federal funds earmarked for military expenditures to support our schools.

-For a socialist America.

In the September 15, 1974 edition of the Seattle Sunday Times, Ray Ruppert described Gene Goosman as "a political David against a vote-getting Goliath"—but if you will recall your Biblical history, David won that battle.

In the construction business all his life, Gene Goosman and partner own their own business.

Goosman is not a politician but, in the words of the Seattle Times, "he is an angry, patriotic, worried American," who loves his country too much to see it continually progress toward its own destruction. For this reason the political David is willing to take on the Goliaths who have been leading the nation away from constitutional government and down the path of socialism and ruin.

Goosman attracted nation-wide attention earlier this year in a battle with another Goliath—the IRS. As Richard Hardesty of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer put it, "in protest against the unfair tax laws and a national government controlled by the conglomerates, (Goosman) has donated an amount equal to his federal income tax, \$2,150 to provide free food for the elderly needy." Goosman said he just wanted to show contempt for those who make millions and pay no taxes.

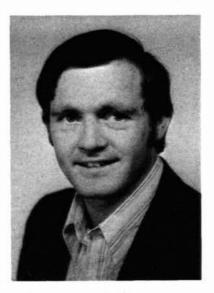
A fervent believer in the constitution, Goosman has been crusading against the trend away from constitutional government, and has for years worked for a fair and honest tax structure, fair and honest campaign-contribution laws, smaller and more efficient federal government, and a stronger state government, with control of their government by the people.

If you like inflation, high taxes and corruption in government, then vote for the incumbents who have given it to you. But if you want integrity and representation in government, then vote for the American Independent Party candidates and Gene Goosman for U.S. Senator.

United States Senator

State of Washington





Pat RUCKERT U.S. Labor

This year you have a choice in the elections. You can vote for the Democratic Party (or what's left of the Republican Party) and watch the world collapse into depression and fascism. Or you can build your own political party—the U.S. Labor Party.



^{Juana} MANGAOANG

Communist

The choice is clear: A Rockefeller-organized world of zero growth, unemployment, starvation and slave labor, or a working class-organized world of expanded production and employment, based on the development of thermonuclear fusion power.

It is the Democratic Party which is Rockefeller's chosen instrument to establish fascist economic programs in the U.S. Liberal fascists like "Scoop" Jackson plan to provide full employment the same way Hitler's finance minister Schacht did: through slave labor public works projects and Auschwitz work camps like the Rocky Mountain Development Project—a labor intensive program in 5 western states to develop outmoded energy sources such as coal, shale oil, etc.—or the Alaska pipeline. The U.S. Labor Party is building the political machinery

The U.S. Labor Party is building the political machinery through which working people can stop the emergence of Nazi economics and the 1984 world of Rockefeller and the CIA. At the same time we are building the machinery through which working people can plan and organize worldwide economic reconstruction; we are putting together the institution capable of running this country and the world.

The key to the reconstruction of the world economy is the immediate, "brute-force" development of thermonuclear fusion power, which will put virtually unlimited supplies of energy at the disposal of mankind. Fusion power will form the basis of the general expansion and technological advance of the whole economy. The U.S. has the technological ability, the skilled workforce, the scientific manpower—now primarily located in the parasitical defense/aerospace sectors — to reindustrialize the U.S. economy and to lay the basis for the industrialization of the worldwide economy.

Because I am a young Filipino Communist, woman worker, and member of the Central Committee of the Young Worker's Liberation League, my campaign represents a new kind of political leadership. It is part of a whole people's movement to curb monopoly power; especially a youth campaign for the right to earn, learn, and live. Every young person needs a job at a living wage. We need bills in Congress to create thousands of jobs for youth, building schools, hospitals, housing. We need legislation to guarantee unemployment compensation to all, including first-time job seekers. We must repeal the vicious Nixon sub-minimum wage law and fight to extend union protection to all workers. Our schools need federal funds to hire more teachers; pay school employees better wages; provide free, hot lunches; guarantee quality, integrated education. Where should that money come from? From the bloated military budget. Because every young person has the right to a future of peace, free from any threat of war or aggression. We must defend affirmative action programs—young people have a right to society free from racism and oppression. Thousands of youth in our state did not vote in the last election or have not registered. They don't see any choice in the two, old parties that are bought and paid for by monopoly. They know there must be a better way for society to be. There is. Socialism—society run by the working class to benefit all people, not for profit—is the solution to problems of our country. The Communist Party stands for: NO YOUTH TAXATION WITHOUT YOUTH REPRESENTATION— PEACE-JOBS-FREEDOM-SOCIALISM!



First Congressional District



Joel PRITCHARD Republican 1st Cong. Dist.

Congressman Joel Pritchard works, and works hard. He has maintained a 94% voting attendance record, but there is more to a good record than simply being there. Joel Pritchard's record is built on effective communication with citizens, diligent research, and voting his conscience.



W. R. (Walkin' Will) KNEDLIK Democrat

1st Cong. Dist.

There are issues at stake in this election. Issues of policy, not personality. The incumbent voted against the oil-price rollback spearheaded by Seattle's other congressman. He voted for the Deep Water Ports act, giving the federal He keeps in touch: Congressman Pritchard promised to listen. At least once every three weeks he comes home and holds informal meetings with citizens. In the past two years, "District Day" meetings have been held at least twice in each neighborhood. Through regular questionnaires and newsletters, he seeks opinions and keeps people informed.

He says what he thinks: Joel Pritchard is one of the most independent members of Congress. He speaks forcefully in the House against wasteful federal spending. He has attacked monopolistic practices and unnecessary governmental subsidies which restrict competition, create high prices and artificially curtail supplies in agriculture and basic industries.

He does what he says: Joel Pritchard sponsored the Clean Elections Act, opened all his personal finances to the public, and voluntarily applied the "Common Cause Guidelines" on campaign financing to his own re-election. He voted to cut over \$2½ billion from military budgets and sponsored extension of key federal health programs. Congressman Pritchard's urban homesteading legislation encourages repair of existing homes to ease the housing shortage.

He works for us: Congressman Pritchard initiated legislation to direct fines on foreign fishing vessels and fishery import duties into a fund for development of local fisheries. He launched hearings in Seattle on housing for the elderly, inflation and campaign reform.

As Washington's only Republican Congressman, Joel Pritchard is a valuable link between our state and the leadership of President Gerald Ford. In this time of national reconciliation and challenge, no man is better suited to represent the people of the 1st District. Joel Pritchard, independent and hard working, deserves your vote.

government power to impose supertankers on states at will. He voted against interest-bearing checking accounts for savings banks, a measure aimed at giving savers a needed break against inflation.

In general, the incumbent's record is oriented toward the business and banking communities, while consumers and working people of the First District need a forceful voice in Congress. Presently, inflation and tax inequities are becoming worse instead of better, in a time of unprecedented corporate profits. Walkin' Will Knedlik combines personal energy and

Walkin' Will Knedlik combines personal energy and community service with a real concern for ending government by and for special interest groups. A graduate of the University of Washington and Harvard Law School, he founded Washington's Citizens Institute, is a sought-after speaker on water pollution control legislation, and is a founding member of and legal counsel for Puget Sound Action for Children's Television.

The Everett Herald noted that Will Knedlik "has credentials a mile long," but he is best known for his 1633mile walk around Washington. Why he walks is not always understood. It is because politicians cannot curb inflation or really solve other problems until they can call the shots objectively, as a reasonable person would see them. Persently, it is cheaper for special interests to finance politicians than to pay a fair share of taxes. Until citizens can be elected without owing \$100,000s of favors to the business community, or any other special interest group, Congress will never fairly apportion the tax burden or curb corporate self-interest. Walking is unconventional, but it is an honest way to reach the taxpayers whose problems need a voice in Congress.

First Congressional District





Fred LOVGREN Socialist Workers 1st Cong. Dist.

Both Republicans and Democrats spy on, bug, rob, provoke, harass and frame-up those fighting for social change. Under the guise of 'reforming' the Democratic and Republican parties, these parties have enacted legislation which bolster their stranglehold on electoral politics. The real intent of these 'reforms' is to further limit participation by other parties in election campaigns. The U.S. Congress is debating measures to limit equal time provisions, place severe restrictions on the right of labor unions to support candidates, and set up a public financing system which excludes third parties.

support candidates, and set up a passe interest of the socialist Workers Party opposes all measures concocted by Democratic and Republicans limiting the ability of other parties to challenge their rule in the electoral arena. One such measure is Washington's Public Disclosure Law which requires the names of contributors of \$5 or more to be made public. This exposes the supporters of ours and others' campaigns to illegal harrassment by the government. The FBI has admitted a systematic campaign of intimidation against our party.

We have refused to comply with this provision of the law since it would mean handing the government a readymade "enemies" list. The American Civil Liberties Union is representing the 1974 Socialist Workers Washington campaign, and Socialist Workers campaigns in 14 other states in a challenge to this law and the similar federal law requiring the disclosure of the identities of our supporters.

To defend democratic rights the Socialist Workers Party calls for: —Abolishing all secret lists of "subversive" organizations and individuals. —Dissolve the Seattle Police Intelligence Division and all other secret political police units in the state. Abolish the FBI and CIA. Open the records of these units and prosecute those responsible for illegal spying, infiltration, and harassment of the movements for social change.

Patricia DOLBEARE U. S. Labor 1st Cong. Dist.

Candidate did not submit photograph and statement for publication.



Second Congressional District



Ronald C. REED Republican 2nd Cong. Dist.

Free enterprise vs. welfare state: I am running for Congress as an advocate of the Free Enterprise System and as a student of the Economics by which it functions, where one shapes his life and cares for his own by the way he spends his earnings. By contrast, incumbent Lloyd Meeds votes the Welfare State where government shapes one's life for him by the way it spends his earnings. Inflation: Inflation is the result of Welfare State spending. Inflation is one cause: foderal expenditure in

Inflation: Inflation is the result of Welfare State spending. Inflation has only one cause; federal expenditure in excess of tax revenue. This fact is proven historically and accepted by economists of the left and the right. Our present economic decline is the direct result of inflation. Those Welfare Congressmen who have so consistently attempted to solve problems by massive expenditures must accept responsibility for 12% inflation. Lloyd Meeds is an extravagant Congressional spender.

Ronald Cubbon Reed, M.D., General Physician, Bothell, Age 45, born Olympia. Father: Raymond Reed, Bellingham 1895, University of Washington, Chief Engineer State Land Department. Mother: Bessie Cubbon, Kirkland 1893. Wife: Mary Turner Rule, Pensacola, Florida. Olympia High School, University of Puget Sound, University of Washington, McGill University, M.D., Duke University, 1964. Flight Surgeon U.S.M.C. 1966-68; Pensacola, Santa Ana, Da Nang Air Medal. Family Practice, Bothell, 1969.

Paul ROBERTS

U. S. Labor 2nd Cong. Dist. Candidate did not submit photograph and statement for publication.

Second Congressional District





Lloyd MEEDS Democrat 2nd Cong. Dist.

For ten years Representative Lloyd Meeds has worked in Congress to make the system work—for you.

He has worked to build a more stable economic system to halt inflation; a more equitable tax system, to give the middleman an even break; a more open and honest political system, to prevent Watergates. The erosion of our dollars by inflation is as great a

The erosion of our dollars by inflation is as great a threat to the stability of this country as the erosion of public trust in our political system. Meeds spoke out five years ago against the Nixon "tight money" policy. It hasn't worked—inflation still rages.

As a positive alternative, Meeds proposes: fairly applied wage, price and interest controls; easier credit for farmers, homeowners, and small businessmen; and a halt to commodity exports that drive up food costs.

He works to make Congress more responsive. He supported changes in the seniority system of legislation by "old men and old rules". He is on the Bolling committee, fighting to further modernize Congress.

Lloyd Meeds has worked for reform of our federal tax system since his first day in the House. He helped initiate the Tax Reform Act of 1969, the first fair-play tax revision in 57 years.

He's helped pass laws to clean up our political system, including the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971. Meeds is co-sponsor of the tougher Clean Elections Act.

He has done much more. A sample: Emergency Employment Act; Older Americans Act; Vocational Education Amendments; Ports and Waterways Safety Act; Pension Reform Act; Youth Conservation Corps Act.

And Lloyd Meeds still has time for people. Whether it is an elder citizen's question; a veteran's problem; or a taxpayer's complaint—he has the time to listen, to respond, to help.

Perhaps there is no better way to make the system work —for you.



Seventh Congressional District



Raymond PRITCHARD Republican

7th Cong. Dist.

Raymond Pritchard believes a candidate should tell voters where the candidate stands on issues.

Pritchard believes there is no need for a 305 billion dollar government budget or for 2,500,000 government employees. There would be no need to collect income taxes on a person's income if Congress reduced and controlled spending and enacted tax reforms.

Examples of Pritchard's stand on issues are: 1. The U.S. government should not give away money or anything to foreign countries or make a loan to anyone who has not repaid a prior loan. 2. The U.S. government fiscal year expenditures should not exceed that year's income. 3. No income taxes should be levied on a person's income. 4. There should be no taxes levied by the U.S. government on retail sales. 5. Taxes for social security and medical aid should not be increased. 6. Each individual should have the right to withdraw from any social security or medical aid program. The individual should get back the

money paid into the program in his or her name. 7. No healthy person between 18 and 62 years of age should receive welfare unless the person works for it. 8. Government business activities not specified in the U.S. Constitution should be sold and the proceeds used to reduce the government's debt. 9. The number of U.S. government employees, excluding military personnel, should be reduced to less than 1,000,000. 10. U.S. government positions paying more than \$30,000 a year should not receive more than a 5% pay raise every 10 years.

It is Pritchard's belief the above items must be included in an amendment to the U.S. Constitution so we can be certain government spending is reduced and controlled.

Seventh Congressional District





Brock ADAMS Democrat 7th Cong. Dist.

As Representative of Washington's Seventh District, Brock Adams has been a forceful spokesman for Seattle in the Congress for ten years. Respected by his colleagues as an expert in transportation and economics, he was recently elected to the powerful new House Budget Committee.

Brock Adams believes that inflation and recession are the nation's major problems. He developed an economic policy which was unanimously adopted by the House Democratic Caucus on July 24. As a member of the Budget Committee setting targets for total appropriations, spending and tax revenues, Adams is working for a sensible ordering of national priorities and balancing the federal budget.

Since Seattle's 7th District is a transportation center with a major seaport and airport, a rail terminus and rail car manufacturer, the Boeing aerospace industry, and large trucking operations—Adams specializes in transportation as an influential member of the Transportation and Aeronautics Subcommittee of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee. He recognizes that the economic vitality of the Northwest is dependent on a healthy, national transportation system. In fighting to change national spending priorities, guiding legislation through Congress on energy, transportation, campaign and Congressional reform, health care and education, and persuading the Federal Energy Administration to allocate more fuel supplies to Seattle Schools, Adams demonstrates his commitment to the people of Seattle.

A longtime resident of the 7th District, Adams graduated from Broadway High School and the University of Washington summa cum laude and Phi Beta Kappa in Economics. A World War II Navy veteran, he graduated Harvard Law School, practiced law with the firm of Little, Le-Sourd, Palmer, Scott and Slemmon, and in 1960 became partner in LeSourd, Patten and Adams. He was U.S. Attorney for Western Washington, appointed by President Kennedy in 1961. He taught at the American Institute of Banking and has authored articles on federal tax law, transportation and criminal justice reform.

Brock Adams and his wife, Betty, have four children.



State Supreme Court

State of Washington



Charles HOROWITZ

Non-partisan Position No. 1 State Supreme Court

Honor law graduate, University of Washington. Rhodes Scholar. B.A. in Jurisprudence (first class honors) Oxford University, England. Former Lecturer-in-Law, University of Washington Law School. Appointed Judge, the Court of Appeals of the State of Washington in 1969. Elected to the Court of Appeals in 1970; re-elected to a six-year term in 1972. Since 1960 a Commissioner from Washington State in the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. A partner in a long established law firm for thirty-six years, he engaged in general office, trial and appellate practice in state and federal courts. Admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States. Author of legal eduactional materials. Former President, Seattle (now Seattle-King County) Bar Association. Elected to Board of Directors, American Judicature Society. Chairman, Citizens Advisory Committee to Joint Interim Committee on Facilities and Operations of the Washington State Legislature (1965-1966).

Sixty-nine years old, married with two children and three grandchildren. His community service record includes: President, Northwest Memorial Hospital Association operating Northwest Hospital, Seattle (1959-1961). Board of Directors, Seattle-King County Chapter of Campfire Girls, Inc. (1951). Past President, Seattle Chapter, Travelers' Aid Society. Member Board of Directors, Saul Haas Foundation, Inc., a charitable foundation.



Liem TUAI

Non-partisan Position No. 1 State Supreme Court

Liem Tuai was born in Port Townsend, his wife is from Seattle and they have three sons. He attended public schools in Bremerton and graduated from high school while in the US Air Force. He attended the University of Washington and received a BA in 1954, and a LLB in 1956. After $1\frac{1}{2}$ years with General Services Administration and $4\frac{1}{2}$ years as a deputy prosecuting attorney he entered private practice. He was elected to the Seattle City Council in 1969, and served 4 years with the last two as president. He has acted as a judge pro tempore for the King County Superior Court and Seattle Municipal Court and has participated in many trials and has appeared before the supreme court. He is active in community affairs; i.e., Chinatown Chamber of Commerce, American Red Cross, Council on Aging, Friends of Youth and the Northwest Kidney Center. Liem Tuai has shown by his past experience that he believes in fair play and impartiality for all. His wide experience in law and government and his ability to work with people makes him uniquely qualified for the Supreme Court. He believes that the courts must be available for all people and courts must decide cases without delay.

State Representative VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION





Arthur C. BROWN

Republican Position No. 1 1st Leg. Dist. King, part; Snohomish, part Elected State Representative 1968, reelected 1970 and 1972. Serving on Constitution & Elections, Education, and Ways and Means Committees. Resident of First District 17 years; home owner, married, 5 children. U.W. graduate in political science, Navy veteran, employed by Boeing as systems analyst.

Art Brown is a leader in the fight for open government. He was a key supporter of Initiative 276 and the only legislator to distribute his own financial disclosure report to constituents. He supports reduced special levies through more state funding for schools, fiscal responsibility in the budget process, and better public transportation. He works for you.



Jim MURPHY

Democrat Position No. 1 1st Leg. Dist. King, part; Snohomish, part Jim Murphy has an outstanding record of community achievements for the past twenty years. Jim has operated Murphy's Furniture Store in Kenmore for fifteen years and as a small businessman Jim can understand and identify with the massive problems facing the people in the First District. Murphy's philosophy is that money and higher taxes will not solve all of our problems but knows that more people-participation in all areas of government is the road to preserving our democracy.

Jim and Janice Murphy have been married for 24 years and have four children ranging in age from 5 to 22.



Bill KISKADDON

Republican Position No. 2 1st Leg. Dist. King, part; Snohomish, part Bill directs the Snohomish County Mental Health Service's Senior Outreach program. Formerly a Boeing engineer and U.W. instructor, he changed careers three years ago, adding a master's in social work to his two science degrees. During six years in the House, Bill became expert in tax reform, social, health and environmental issues. The Washington Corrections Association named him "1971 Man of the Year" for accomplishments in corrections reform legislation. Bill heads the governor's committee on volunteers, leading the effort to involve more citizens in public affairs. Bill and Donna have three children; they have lived in Mountlake Terrace since 1961.



Rick S. BENDER

Democrat Position No. 2 1st Leg. Dist. Snohomish, part; King, part Representative Bender attended 12 years of school in the Shoreline District graduating from Shorecrest. He attended the U of W and will receive a degree in economics this fall from UPS. Bender will attend law school when the legislature is not in session. Rick served 2 years in the Signal Corps, Viet Nam veteran where he was awarded the Bronze Star and other citations. He is Vice-Chmn. of the State Gov't. Committee and a member of the Education, Transportation and Utilities Committees. His prime concerns are lowering property taxes and spending reform. Rick voted on several occasions to allocate funds for property tax relief. During the last extraordinary session Bender voted against the budget because he felt there was unnecessary spending programs in it.





Herb BURKE

Republican 32nd Leg. Dist. King, part

Herbert Burke, 33, his wife Norma, and their two sons are lifetime Seattle residents. Herb taught high school physics before starting his own business, Puget Sound Computer Service. Burke feels that inflation is our most pressing problem. The State has conrtibuted to inflation by increasing its personnel and taxes without a corresponding increase in service to the taxpayers. Your present senator has been a part of this as he has done little to cut State spending, but instead has spent much of his time promoting a State income tax, an item which this district voted down by over 2 to 1. As your elected senator, Herb will work to reduce government spending and taxes. Having been actively involved in the 2000 Commission, Save Woodland Park, and many other local issues, Burke has seen many State Representatives speak out for their districts at meetings and hearings, but never has he seen any of the 32nd District's three representatives do so. It is time the voters of this district elected someone who will do more than go to Olympia several monthe each year. As your senator, he will represent the people of the 32nd district year round at all government levels.



Pete FRANCIS

Democrat 32nd Leg. Dist. King, part

Pete Francis was born in Seattle, and has lived in the 32nd district with his wife and two sons for over 11 years. Pete is an attorney with his office near Green Lake.

In his 6 years in the legislature, Pete Francis has led the way toward open, honest government. His leadership as a committee chairman was the catalyst which ended secret committee votes behind closed doors, not only in his committee but in the entire legislature. Pete Francis sponsored the Open Public Meetings Act, and has consistently supported the Public Disclosure Law.

"State government has a responsibility to provide educational opportunity for all of our children, to maximize the freedom of each individual, to improve the safety of the public and the liveability of our cities," according to Senator Francis.

As chairman of the judiciary committee, Senator Francis is working on fairness in election campaigns, a revised juvenile code, and improvements in the criminal justice system. Senator Francis has said, "I hope to continue to represent the people of the 32nd district, and to complete the work which I have started."

State Representative VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION





Lois DUFFY

Republican Position No. 1 32nd Leg. Dist. King, part

Lois Larson Duffy has lived in the 32nd District with her husband Terry and their three children for almost 20 years. She has been active in her church, the Girl Scouts, the UGN, the Red Cross, the Lincoln High School PTA, and has worked her way up from precinct committeeman to district chairman of the 32nd District Republican organization. Lois is convinced that the residents of our district will be best represented by a candidate who truly reflects the interests and concerns of the 32nd District; and the legislature will benefit from having members who know how to live on a budget. Rather than sending someone to spend with a credit card, send Lois Larson Duffy to get the most from our tax dollars.



AI WILLIAMS

Democrat Position No. 1 32nd Leg. Dist. King, part

The record shows Al Williams supports open honest government, equity in taxation, reduction of the cost of money, conservation of resources, and more attention to urban problems: housing, education, transportation. Laws introduced by Al Williams now give property tax

Laws introduced by Al Williams now give property tax relief to more elderly people and raise retirement benefits to match inflation. He led the attempt to take the sales tax off food and will try again. Legislator since 1969, district resident for 20 years, veteran Marine Corps, architect with office in district, graduate University of Washington with honors, member Seattle Design Commission, past president Wallingford Community Council Community Council.

Republican, Position No. 2, No candidate filed



Robert A. (Bob) PERRY

Democrat Position No. 2 32nd Leg. Dist. King, part

A homeowner in the 32nd District for twenty years, Bob Perry is employed in the electrical construction business. He is a graduate of the United States Maritime Service Engineering School and a member of the Maritime Engineers Beneficial Association. A former business agent for the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, he is a member of Local 46, IBEW.

A leader in the areas of transportation and energy, Perry is chairman of the House Transportation and Utilities and House-Senate Legislative Transportation Committee; chairman of the House Ethics Committee; and a member of the Commerce and State Government Committees.





John MURRAY

Republican 36th Leg Dist. King, part

John Murray is a working Senator who attends all meetings faithfully, does his homework, and speaks with authority and knowledge on the floor of the Senate. There is no doubt in anyone's mind that, "You know where he stands—and why." John leads a full life in other areas as well as politics and legislation. He is the father of four children ranging in age from 12 to 21. He is active in the Washington Newspaper Publisher's Association and will be the president of that group during the coming year. He has also served on the Oceanographic Commission for the past six years and will serve as Chairman of that group next year after serving as an officer for the past five years. He is also president and owner of the Queen Anne News, Inc., a printing and publishing firm that has shown substantial growth under his 21 years of direction.

Other Murray activities include vice-president of the Oceanographic Institute of Washington, trustee for the Community Services for the Blind, Council of Planning Affiliates, Council of State Governments, VOICE, the Washington Journalism Education Association and the Urban, Racial, Rural Disadvantaged Committee (URRD).

Democrat, No candidate filed



Stanley R. GALLUP

Independent 36th Leg. Dist. King, part

At 50, Stanley Gallup—a lifelong 36th District resident, is married and has a son and daughter in public school. His career includes broad experience as a civic and fraternal leader, (founder and first president of The Lake Union Association,) (past Exalted Ruler, Elks Lodge 92), in the business world (18 years a real estate broker) and in the public sector (former manager of Boeing Field International)—offers an alternative to voters weary of indifference to their views in Olympia.

Campaigning as an independent for the Senate, Gallup believes the 26th District has had enough of the "old politics" of unrestrained state-government spending, of using public office for private gain, of ignoring voter mandates on such issues as "dark-of-the-night" pay raises for legislators, school bussing and soft treatment of felons convicted of capital crimes.

Aware of inflation-era concerns shared by everyone— Republican, Democrat and independent alike—Gallup will reflect those concerns in the 36th District, at least, by being a State Senate voice raised in the cause of fiscal prudence and a halt to the state's ever-rising tax spiral.

For too long, the 36th District has been without such a voice. Gallup's candidacy now gives district voters an opportunity at long last to make their influence felt on a wide range of issues, ranging from pocketbook concerns to so-called social reforms.

State Representative

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION





Edward (Ed) LUBIN

Republican Position No. 1 36th Leg. Dist. King, part



Helen SOMMERS

Democrat Position No. 1 36th Leg. Dist. King, part



Richard R. DYMENT

Libertarian Position No. 1 36th Leg. Dist. King, Part Inflation is Public Enemy number one. As a fellow taxpayer I can fully share your views on our increasing tax burden. We must curb excessive government spending. With my experience as owner of both wholesale and retail businesses, I can readily see the effects of the decreasing purchasing power of our dollar. Escalating taxation and inflation are our major domestic concerns. We must reexamine our priorities, and reapportion our state spending to provide the utmost in service to each member of our community.

I have served on my church's Finance committee and as Treasurer. In addition, I have worked for you as a 36th District precinct committeeman.

Helen Sommers earned B.A. and M.A. degrees in economics from the U. of W., has taught economics at Edmonds Community College, and is presently employed by the King County Council. She served as Vice Chairwoman of the House Revenue

She served as Vice Chairwoman of the House Revenue Committee during her freshman term and earned high marks from her colleagues in an evaluation poll—being named as one of the "brightest", "hardest working", and "having the most integrity".

"having the most integrity". She is a member of League of Women Voters, past President of Seattle Chapter, National Organization for Women, and has recently participated in the statewide planning process "Alternatives for Washington".

If you believe that ever increasing taxation, inflation, crime and government intrusion into your life are good and necessary . . . then vote for his opponent.

His efforts as Chairman of Initiative 295 (remove sales tax from basic necessities) establishes proof as to his intentions when elected.

He has willingly signed a performance contract pledging his efforts not to promote welfare, but to extend freedom . . . not to pass laws, but to repeal them . . . not to initiate new programs, but to cancel old ones that are placing an ever increasing and unbearable financial burden on productive and politically helpless citizens.



Kenneth O. EIKENBERRY

Republican Position No. 2 36th Leg. Dist. King, part



Ray MOORE

Democrat Position No. 2 36th Leg. Dist. King, part Ken Eikenberry is seeking reelection as your legislator. Ken is well known for his efforts to streamline government to cut unnecessary spending. He is an advocate of the new concept of "zero-base" budgeting for budget reform.

Ken is working to reduce special levies for schools. He feels state revenues should fund basic education costs of school budgets. Legislative reform is another effort in which Ken is involved.

An attorney, Ken served in the Army, is a former FBI Agent and Deputy Prosecuting Attorney. Serving only his second term, Ken is a newly elected leader in the House of Representatives.

Ray Moore is committed to fiscal responsibility and sound business practices in State Government, without impairing necessary services. He is committed to equitable tax distribution through tax reform; to a constitutional amendment returning 20% of gas tax to local government for mass transit; to expanded senior citizen services; to preservation of Seattle's waterfront; to comprehensive land use planning. Vice-President — Investments, Shearson Hammill; partner, Sagemoor Farms; Chairman, Technical Research; Chairman, State Securities Committee 1959-61; President, State Mental Health Association 1966-68; President's Civil Rights Advisory committee 1966-74; B'Nai B'Rith Man of the Year 1959. Seattle native; wife, Virginia Kelton Moore, writer.

nk/thirty-one





J. R. (Jack) CISSNA

Republican 37th Leg. Dist. King, part

Those favoring a vigorous and aggresive leadership in the fight on inflation and the individual rights problems, believe Jack Cissna is urgently needed. They point to these recognitions and qualifications: trial-lawyer, and corporate law experience; member of American and local Bar Associations; Judicature Society; Phi Delta Phi law fraternity; and as a young attorney, President of attorneys group then known as the Seattle Lawyers Club.

Accounting Administrators assembled by IBM in Endicott, N.Y. chose Jack Cissna as their President. As a Lion he opened the District Governor International Conventions in Chicago and Atlantic City. Services to his church include teacher, deacon, elder, and 7 years as Board Chairman. Scouter and "Y" Branch President. Civil Defense College in London. Chairman of the Observance of the Seattle Chamber 50th Anniversary of Powered Flight. Past President of National Association of Life Companies elected in Washington, D.C. Award by Chairman of the Hall of Fame of insurance, at the University of Sussex, England, 1968. Appears in five "Who's Who" volumes including the international "2000 Men of Achievement". His record also shows he has the courage to fight for those he represents, notwithstanding threats and persecution by special interest adversaries.



George FLEMING

Democrat 37th Leg. Dist. King, part

George Fleming, incumbent senator from the 37th District, believes that now more than ever before, we need effective leadership in the Legislature. We need those who stand for something, who will confront the issues and will vote their conscience. The national political scene has made several things clear beyond any possible doubt. We must have open government at all levels and we must improve the decision-making process so that all citizens will be informed.

Presently he serves as the chairman of the Committee on Local Government and as a member of the Committees on Education, Labor, and Ways and Means. He also serves as the vice-chairman/secretary of the majority caucus.

During his one term in the House of Representatives and present term in the Senate, he has been most active in the legislative areas affecting Housing, Education, Senior Citizens, Minorities, the Disadvantaged and Employment.

George Fleming resides at 1100 Lake Washington Boulevard, Seattle, Washington, with his wife Tina and two daughters, Sonja and Yemi. George Fleming earnestly asks your help in making government responsive.

State Representative

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION



Republican, Position No. 1, No candidate filed



John ENG

Democrat Position No. 1 37th Leg. Dist. King, part Incumbent. First elected 1972. John Eng has dedicated himself to listening to the people of the district and voicing their feelings in the State Legislature. Through questionnaires, mail, personal contact, he has been responsive to the needs of the 37th district. Representative Eng still feels that the major immediate problem will be a continued effort to develop a reasonable taxing policy that affords more equity; relieve the pressure on property taxes; and allow us to fund necessary programs that the State must perform. Age 32; University of Washington graduate in accounting and urban land economics.

Republican, Position No. 2, No candidate filed



Peggy Joan MAXIE

Democrat Position No. 2 37th Leg. Dist. King, part Elected 1970 and 1972, seeking third term. Resident of the 37th District 31 years. Graduate of Seattle University and the University of Washington. Committees: Council on Higher Education, Constitution and Elections and Judiciary—Chairwoman: House Higher Education.

A creative and family oriented person, with an outstanding record for service. Continues to channel her ilfe experiences toward constructive means to help people.

Peggy listens to the elderly, youth, men and women and strives to the best of her ability to work for legislation that will ensure and maintain the integrity of family, ethnic and cultural life.



Gary WILKINSON

American Independent Position No. 2 37th Leg. Dist. King, part Schools belong to the community, not the State. Those who disperse taxpayer's money are in essence stockholders of the schools. If the State does this, the individuals will have lost most of the control of their schools. The Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act im-

The Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act imposes hardships on business. Many are forced to close because they can't meet the demands. Let's repeal this act, return business to businessmen and create employment. The crime rate was a lot lower when criminals were kept in prison. Repeal the tyrannical Disclosure Act.

I believe in individual rights as did our forefathers, not bureaucratic powers.



State Representative

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION



William M. POLK

Republican Position No. 1 41st Leg. Dist. King, part Representative Bill Polk is seeking his third term in the legislature. He serves on the State Government, Financial Institutions, and Appropriations committees. Interest in controlling state expenditures led to Bill's appointment to the bipartisan Legislative Budget Committee. He was elected to House leadership—Republican caucus coordinator.

Bill is a graduate of Cornell, an architect in private practice and a member of the Washington State Arts Commission. He is a director of the YMCA and the Cornish school. Bill has long been active in grass roots Republican politics as precinct committeeman and various party and Young Republican offices.



Dixie Ann JOHNSON

Democrat Position No. 1 41st Leg. Dist. King, part Dixie Ann Johnson is a 20-year resident of South King County. Married 18 years; husband Floyd employed at Boeing in his 18th year. Dixie Ann is Pres., Foothills Democratic Women's Club, Past-pres. Renton Democratic Club, active Kent Democratic Club; delegate King Co. Central Comm.; involved in three PTA's. Dixie Ann Johnson's main concerns lie in returning government to the people. She will fight vigorously and vocally to stop abuse/misuse of environment; relieve citizens of spiraling tax burdens; stop ever increasing bureaucracies; meet needs of Senior citizens, schools, youth, teachers, laborers and our economically underprivileged. She will also maintain her fight to allow independent businessmen to retain their independence. Dixie Ann Johnson says let the people have a stronger voice in what they want and need—she will listen and work for the people.



Ron DUNLAP

Republican Position No. 2 41st Leg. Dist. King, part Ron Dunlap, 36, resides in Bellevue with his wife Allison and their two daughters Marcia and Lynne. He graduated from Purdue U. (B.S. and M.S. in engineering) taught there for 2 years; spent a year in Ph.D. study in economics at Harvard U. before joining The Boeing Company in 1962. A fiscal conservative, Dunlap believes the great challenge before the Legislature is to place spending reform before tax reform. The objective must be to get more value from existing tax dollars, rather than simply more tax dollars from the people. Dunlap supports immediate go-ahead of the I-90 project as currently designed. He understands the critical importance of this vital transportation link to safety and convenience, as well as to the economic vitality of the community.



John SOLDANO

Democrat Position No. 2 41st Leg. Dist. King, part The most important issues that I feel need to be dealt with in the next legislature include: (1) full funding of basic education as the state constitution provides, (2) developing a more equitable tax structure, (3) legislative reform, and (4) developing future planning for Washington, including a statewide system of mass transportation. My one promise is that I will work hard and serve the people.

I am married and have two children. I am an Air Force veteran, graduate of Pacific Lutheran University, a teacher in Bellevue, a coach and actively involved in church and youth activities. I was born and raised in Washington.





Richard C. GOODLOE

Republican 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part

The fundamental issue concerning our State, simply stated, is to assign priorities for the allotment of available funds without added taxes. The time is long past for us to resolve to live within our means, both in our homes and in our government. The people have clearly indicated that they have had enough over-spending and talk of



Jim McDERMOTT

Democrat 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part

In 1970 Jim McDermott became the first Democrat ever elected to the State House of Representatives from Seattle's 43rd District. Today, as a candidate for the State Senate from that district, his campaign is based on the same principles of open government and citizen participation in the decision-making process.



Toby EMMERICH

Socialist Workers 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part

The Socialist Workers Party demands an end to racist and sexist oppression. We call for: —Enforcing the Washington Equal Rights Amendment

-Enforcing the Washington Equal Rights Amendment and extending beneficial protective legislation to cover men. -Equal pay for equal work. -Paid maternity leaves without loss of seniority. -Free abortion and contramore taxes. The inflationary spiral is making our dollar smaller each day and the percentage of increase in the most of living continues to accelerate. Those people who are on a fixed income must struggle to survive and the wage earner bears the burden on a bloated budget on both the national and state levels.

I propose to examine each item of the proposed state budget and first, to evaluate its absolute need and then to establish its priority, with the constant goal of keeping state spending on the solvent side of income. My campaign will emphasize what I call the "Five E's"—Ethics; Energy; Education; Economy; Employment. I pledge my every effort in being an ethical person, and

I pledge my every effort in being an ethical person, and in bringing economy to our state spending. By demonstrating a will to reverse the inflationary trends at home, we will instill confidence for new and expanding businesses which will in turn restore our standard of living to a level that every American will approve.

Often called a "people advocate," McDermott has introduced legislation and will continue to support bills to limit government invasion of individual privacy; establish a graduated net income tax that will finance a statewide educational system and eliminate special levies; protect Puget Sound and other state waterways; ensure open government by protecting the intent of Initiative 276; and improve health care delivery systems within the state.

McDermott attended Wheaton College, the University of Illinois Medical School and took additional training at Buffalo General Hospital and the University of Washington. He was a Lieutenant Commander with the United States Navy and a member of the UW Medical School faculty. Since 1972, he has been in private practice in Seattle and has been a consultant to a variety of state and county health care agencies.

McDermott and his wife, Virginia, have two children, Katie, 8, and Jim, 5.

ception for all, including women under 18. No forced sterilization. —Free quality childcare centers, available at all times and controlled by those using and working in them. —Preferential hiring to make up for the years of discrimination against women and oppressed nationalities. —Launch a crash program with federal, state and city funds to provide decent housing, schools, hospitals, child care centers, recreation centers and jobs in the Black, Chicano, Asian and Native American communities.

—Stop police brutality. Remove and replace the existing police in these communities with a force selected and controlled by the residents living in these communities. —Guarantee all human and civil rights established by treaties with American Indians. Uphold the fishing rights of Washington tribes. —Bi-lingual education for non-English speaking children. For open admissions and affirmative action plans to guarantee women, Black, Chicano, Asian and Native American students a university level education. —No cuts in women's or ethnic studies programs. Student, faculty and staff control of these programs.



State Representative

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION



Thomas (Tom) JOSLIN

Republican Position No. 1 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part Born, raised, Seattle. Graduate U. W. I have spent my life around the University, its people, and its problems. I intend to do everything possible to make sure that the University is adequately funded.

As a commercial fisherman, I will be working to insure plenty of fish, both sport and commercial.

Now is the time to take a good long look at all the different state programs, improve those that are weak, and weed out those that aren't working. We should place a cost of living escalator in state employee contracts, with no strike provisions.

I believe that the first priority of urban legislator should be to remove eighteenth amendment of the State Constitution so that we can tax gasoline for general fund revenue.



Jeff DOUTHWAITE

Democrat Position No. 1 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part My legislative record shows strong support of a pleasant environment, a more balanced public transportation system, quality education programs, a more equitable system of taxation, and protection of constitutionally guaranteed civil rights.

Recent events prove again that honesty and candor in government are essential. I helped open committees to the public in 1972 and pledge to work for more openness in government.

The impending transport of large quantities of Alaskan oil to Washington State demands rigorous controls be implemented guaranteeing against spills, such as keeping tankers out of Puget Sound. Oil companies should pay costs of spill prevention through a bulk oil transfer tax.



Patricia A. BETHARD

Socialist Workers Position No. 1 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part The Socialist Workers Party calls for eliminating the \$100 billion annual military budget to release these funds for social needs. End financial and military support to dictatorships like South Vietnam, Chile and Brazil, and to colonial-settler states like Israel and South Africa. No support for Portugal's African wars. Open the door to refugees from Chile and other repressive regimes. Dismantle all U.S. ground and naval military bases around the world.

No interference in the affairs of other countries. Abolish the CIA. Publish all treaties—no secret international deals. Full and unconditional amnesty for all war resisters and deserters.

State Representative VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION





Warren PETERSON

Republican Position No. 2 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part

Age 34; homeowner; Boeing financial systems super-visor; graduate (Economics) of Wharton School, Uni-versity of Pennsylvania; Naval officer, 1972 Young Repub-licans of King County President; Seattle/King County American Revolution Bicentennial Commissioner; Mont-lake Community Club and Municipal League member lake Community Club and Municipal League member.

Among three areas of concern-money, environment, confidence in government, Warren wants to: 1. Fund the basics first: schools, pensions; revise our unfair, unre-sponsive tax system; limit spending; 2. establish state land and energy policies; designate a state park for Seattle; 3. protect and expand the concept of open government.

Warren will keep your trust and serve you responsibly. Have a question? Call him: 322-3693.



Roxie BERLIN

Democrat Position No. 2 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part

Roxie Berlin, with her husband Irving, has been a home

owner in the 43rd District for nine years. Her master's in social work and doctorate in educa-tional psychology were completed at the U. of W. Since 40% of the budget is spent on education and an-other 25% on social, health and housing programs, we need legislators who know how these programs work at local level if budget monies are to be spent wirely and local level, if budget monies are to be spent wisely and economically.

Citizens must become informed and active in government if appropriate benefits from taxes are to be returned to people at local levels.



Michael P. DOWNS

Socialist Workers Position No. 2 43rd Leg. Dist. King, part

Strong unions are working people's protection against inflation and unemployment. The Socialist Workers Party opposes any abridgement of the right to strike. We support voiding all "no strike" clauses in current contracts. Pass the state labor relations act guaranteeing the right of all workers to organize. End attempts to increase production

through speed-up and cutbacks in safety standards. Full recognition of the United Farm Workers' right to collective bargaining. Full support to the boycott of scab lettuce, grapes and wine. Remove scab wine from state liquor stores and scab produce from state institutions.

Working people need a labor party based on the unions that could represent us on a political level.





Lois NORTH

Republican 44th Leg. Dist. King, part

Inflation is the number one concern of the people in our district and we must work together to alleviate this problem. For those living on a fixed income increasing costs of living dictate the necessity for curtailment of the property tax. In addition, we need a reduction in state spending. As your Senator I will sponsor legislation which will

begin to solve these problems.

I have always supported the Open Meeting Law and full public disclosure of political campaigns and lobbying activities.

During the six years I have served as your State Representative I successfully sponsored bills to protect the consumer, to remove the sales tax on prescription drugs, pro-

sumer, to remove the sales tax on prescription drugs, pro-vide for quality schools, end discrimination against women, improve quality of environment, and promote economy and efficiency in government. A resident of the 44th District for fifteen years, I am a homeowner and the mother of three sons. Graduate of the University of California. Served as President of the Seattle League of Women Voters. Elected a King County Freebolder Appointed by the Governor to the State Arts Freeholder. Appointed by the Governor to the State Arts Commission. Presently on the Board of Northwest Hospital. I serve on the Appropriations, Ecology, and Judiciary Committees. ommittees.

Received Municipal League's highest rating "Out-standing."



Fred DORE

Democrat 44th Leg. Dist. King, part

Senator Fred Dore, 49, member of State Senate since 1959. Native of Seattle; alumnus Seattle University; Graduate of Georgetown University Foreign Service School and Georgetown Law School, Washington, D.C.; private law practice Seattle since 1949. Married 1956; wife Mary and 5 children live at 601 N.W. Carkeek Park Road (since

1970). Elected four years ago as Senator to the 45th District, which has since split and become part of the 44th due to redistricting.

Is best known for bringing a class action law suit on behalf of taxpayers of north and northwest Seattle. He won a rollback of taxes and a six and one-half million dollar judgment for over 27,000 of his neighbors. He has pledged to work for legislation to freeze real estate evaluations for the next four years, to help curb run-away inflation. Former Chairman, Legislative Interim Com-mittee on Education. Currently, Chairman Senate Financial Institutions Committee, serves also on Ways and Means and Judiciary. Member of State Arts Commission and Board of Directors of the Pacific Science Center.

"When elected, I will continue to vigorously work for all the citizens of our district, to ensure fair and honest representation in Olympia, and prevent them from being victimized as they almost were by unjust taxation in 1971.

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION



William (Bill) VANCE

Republican Position No. 1 44th Leg. Dist. King, part Candidate did not submit photograph and statement for publication.



Donn CHARNLEY

Democrat Position No. 1 44th Leg. Dist. King, part Donn's four years in the State Legislature have been marked by his commitment to openness and honesty in government. He fully supports the Campaign Disclosure Law (Init. 276) and will fight any attempt to weaken it. Donn refuses to make "deals" to pass laws; he feels each issue should be judged upon its own merits. He consistently reports to his constituents how he votes on all issues.

He will continue to promote laws which will: improve conditions for older people; provide educational opportunities for everyone; make each person's tax load reasonable and fair; provide reasonable land use planning; and retain our present 12% limit on retail credit.



Wes HAGEN

Republican Position No. 2 44th Leg. Dist. King, part There is a need for responsive and conscientious representation of community concerns. Inflation, high taxes and ineffective school funding are our major challenges. Wes' strong finance and budgeting background will provide a positive influence on controlling taxes and state expenditures. The legislature must move in a positive way to minimize the impact of inflation and taxes on our senior citizens.

Wes, a Seattle Pacific College graduate, and his wife, Gayle, have two small sons. Now an assistant manager, he has been employed by Seafirst since 1968. As a regional GOP chairman, he has served as a responsive leader at the grass roots level encouraging citizen participation.



George S. HURLEY

Democrat Position No. 2 44th Leg. Dist. King, part Lifelong resident of Seattle, active in community affairs. Former member of the Legislature from the old 37th District, Capitol Hill area. Delegate—National Democratic Convention 1968; Delegate—State Democratic Conventions 12 times.

Platform: Take sales tax off food; lower property taxes; eliminate special levies. Replace lost revenue by a 12% excess profits tax on Corporation profits over \$100,000 per year. Hold down budget by careful review of spending. Support a good no-fault insurance plan; for disclosure of campaign contributions—expenditures. Protect environment.





Alan BLUECHEL

Republican 45th Leg. Dist. King, part

Government is the business of people. My decisions as a legislator are based on values not politics. I believe the constitutional rights and individual freedoms of each person are an absolute value.

While my own interests center on the environment and the creation of a fair and workable tax system, it is my duty to my legislative constituency to be well informed on all issues. Above all else it is my goal to remain sensitive to my constituents and never lose touch with people. Below is some of the major legislation I have sponsored while a member of the House of Representatives.

while a member of the House of Representatives. SHB 595—Pollution Disclosure Act; SHB 655—Oil Dis-charge, Spillage, Prevention; HB 186—(ref. 26) \$225 Mil-lion Waste Disposal Bonds; HJR 47—Special Levy Ballot Issue; HB 17—Urban Transportation System; HB 309— Legal Age Lowered to 18; HB 596—Solid Waste Manage-ment; HB 26—Open Space; HB 49—Nuclear Siting Act. Alan Bluechel lives in Kirkland with his wife Aylene and two sons. He is president of Loctwall Corporation and has served four terms in the House of Representatives. Alan and his family spend their leisure time backpacking

Alan and his family spend their leisure time backpacking and skiing and are members of the Inglewood Presbyterian church.



Pete SPILLER

Democrat 45th Leg. Dist. King, part

Pete Spiller's "special interest" is the taxpayer. He agrees with voters that we must accomplish: (1) Cam-paign funding reform; (2) Public input for decisions; (3) An end to frivolous spending.

Government must be made responsive to the will of the people. A formula for good government is: a citizen who participates plus a legislator who listens! Pete Spiller is a concerned citizen who will serve the needs and desires of the people, not the "special interests."





Rod CHANDLER

Republican Position No. 1 45th Leg. Dist. King, part



Ray FREEMAN

Democrat Position No. 1 45th Leg. Dist King, part Rod Chandler is uniquely qualified as a first-time candidate for the legislature. As a television newsman, he covered the legislature during four sessions. Now, he serves as a member of the King County Metro Council, where decisions are made on water clean up and the transit system.

Perhaps more importantly, however, Rod has gained a reputation for being his own man. During his television career, he was considered fair, impartial and honest. As a Metro Council member he has stood firmly for what he thought was right.

Now, more than ever before, we need people like Rod Chandler in Olympia.

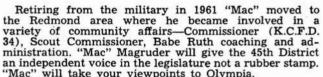
For many years community worker. One of prime movers in organizing Fire Dept., Water Dist. and two churches in his area.

Has been president of Community Club three times, past president of Sammanish Valley Pioneers, member Snoqualmie Valley Pioneers. Past vice president Washington State Pioneer Association. Past vice president 48th Dist. Democratic Organization.

Organizer of move to form Cascade County from Eastern portion of King County to give these citizens more equal representation, and to give Seattle and King County a better chance to combine their services. Also to give all counties more equal power in state

Also to give all counties more equal power in state government.

Gary Lee Matthews, 30 year old, first-term incumbent Representative worked to represent his district and proved his quality by remaining flexible in his positions, by being a "listener" and by retaining the idealism with which he entered office. Matthews is an ardent believer in the "work ethic", in producing governmental efficiency and accountability, in returning responsibility to local control, and in the limitation of terms in office. As a freshman, Matthews distinguished himself as the leader of his caucus for Social and Health Committee affairs, and also served on the Labor and Financial Institutions committees.



"Mac" will take your viewpoints to Olympia. "The time has come to put partisan differences aside and deal with what I believe are the critical problems facing our district. Land use legislation which considers conservation, progress and current use; Tax revision coupled with extensive spending re-allocation to combat inflation and judicial reform.



H. G. WASHKUHN

American Independent Position No. 2 45th Leg. Dist. King, part Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness can only be found in a strong state government and in a limited national government, which promotes free enterprise for it's citizens and stays out of competition with same. I believe we should support the American Independent Party, Liberty amendment, create Cascade County, neighborhood school concept, welfare for the needy, property rights over human rights. I oppose big government, which has a bureau for everything from the cradle to the grave. With God's help, this nation will survive—without, we go down in defeat. I sincerely solicit your vote in this campaign.

Gary Lee MATTHEWS

Republican Position No. 2 45th Leg. Dist. King, part



Virgil E. MAGRUDER

Democrat Position No. 2 45th Leg. Dist. King, part





George SCOTT

Republican 46th Leg. Dist. King, part

I graduated from Roosevelt High School in 1955, re-ceived a B.A. degree at Whitworth College, Spokane, in 1959, and served as a Marine Corps officer. I then earned the M.A. and doctoral degrees at the University, studying

city and state government in Washington. After teaching at Seattle Community College, I became Assistant to the Dean of the Medical School in 1972. I belong to the Uni-versity Lions Club, the Municipal League and the Wash-ington Environmental Council. My wife Carol has taught eight years, and is now completing her doctorate in music education at the University.

My legislative apprenticeship was as clerk/researcher for the House State Government Committee in the 1967 session. Since 1972 I have served in Senate leadership as Minority Whip, and as Minority Chairman of the Higher Education Committee. Three district-wide questionnaires, 6,000 personal letters, 40 weekly columns, and a dozen newsletters have been written to find and answer your opinions.

The loss of most of our legislative leaders has put a premium on special knowledge and training. If reelected, I will work to deserve continuation of the Municipal League's "excellent" rating. It has been a privilege to be your Senator. A special thanks to the many friends who have made it possible.

Gary ROST

Democrat 46th Leg. Dist. King, part

> Candidate did not submit photograph and statement for publication.

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION





Paul B. KRAABEL

Republican Position No. 1 46th Leg. Dist. King, part Native of Seattle, resident of the 46th District for eleven years. Bachelors degree in Economics; Masters degree in Electrical Engineering, both from the University of Washington.

Paul has been in the House of Representatives four years, serving on the Transportation Committee (minority chairman), and the Ecology and Higher Education Committees. Also appointed to the Governor's Transportation Policy Committee and the Emergency Electrical Energy Allocation Committee.

Representative Kraabel is considered an able and effective legislator by colleagues and constituents alike. He has contributed particularly in the fields of energy and transportation, where his technical background provides needed expertise.

To better each citizen's standard of living and to fully represent all residents of my District and State, I propose a "9-Point Plan for Progress":

1. Remove state sales tax on food and clothing; 2. Tax relief for owner-operated small businesses; 3. Tax exemptions for the elderly on fixed incomes; 4. A non-discriminatory State Labor Relations Act allowing all workers unemployment compensation; 5. Mandatory, no-parole sentences for all crimes of violence; 6. Vastly expanded support for the mentally ill and the physically handicapped; 7. Public Education financing independent of a property tax; 8. Financial aid to local police and fire departments so effective levels of man power are maintained; 9. Regional land use and mass transit planning.

Ø

Scott BLAIR

Allen NOEL Democrat Position No. 1 46th Leg. Dist.

King. part

Republican Position No. 2 46th Leg. Dist. King, part First elected to the State Legislature in 1970, Scott Blair was re-elected in 1972 and served on the House Appropriations committee, the House Financial Institutions and Insurance committee, and was the ranking minority member on the House Local Government committee. He is 44 and married, with three children. Blair is a graduate of the University of Washington with a Degree in Mechanical Engineering. A life-long resident of Seattle, his civic activities include serving as a trustee of the Wedgwood Community club, on the Steering Committee of the Coalition for Open Government, and on the Executive Committee of CHECC.



Virginia BISHOP

Democrat Position No. 2 46th Leg. Dist. King, part Virginia Bishop is well qualified to represent her district. She has been active in community affairs and an officer in the 46th District Democratic organization for eight years. She has earned master's degrees from Linfield College and from the University of Washington. Virginia and her husband Clarence have two daughters.

As a part-time instructor at Seattle Central Community College she is sensitive to the needs of people. She supports a state graduated income tax, full funding of public education, multi-modal transportation, the rights of labor, and environmental protection. She would cut the "fat" from the state budget and keep interest rates at 12% maximum.





John D. JONES

Republican 48th Leg. Dist. King, part

High on the priority list for this 48th District incumbent Senator are water and air pollution, community colleges and park and recreation development. A resident of the district for over 20 years and active in Bellevue and Kirkland community service organizations including YMCA, United Way, Chamber of Commerce, Rotary, and others, this minority chairman of the Social and Health Services Committee is especially attuned to the needs of the handicapped and the parents and children who need special attention. He also advocates strong financial integrity in the use of public funds and is striving to put public pension funds on a sound fiscal basis. Manager of the Pacific Northwest Bell office in Bellevue, he resides in Kirkland with wife Ruth and two young-adult sons. Appointed to this position in 1972, after his successful campaign and election to the legislative seat, re-elected in 1973 for the remainder of the term, he is conducting his third consecutive campaign in 1974.



Kenneth W. DAY

Democrat 48th Leg. Dist. King, part

The dismal performance of the Washington State Legislature in recent years can be attributed in a large degree to its domination by businessmen, sent to Olympia in the mistaken belief that their business experience qualifies them to be lawmakers. These are the fellows who have kept you from having cheaper "no-fault" automobile insurance. These are the fellows who have tried to boost interest rates on consumer purchases. These are the fellows who have tried to weaken the public disclosure law (Initiative 276), and they will try again. If I am there they will have a fight on their hands.

Our constitution clearly requires the state to provide ample funding for the public schools, but our Legislature has never done it. If they had, we wouldn't need local levies.

We must provide strong pollution safeguards before the supertankers arrive. One major oil spill could destroy all marine life in Puget Sound, and all recreational use of the water and shore.

Lola and I have lived in Bellevue for 29 years. We have two sons, Walter and Roger. I am a member of Common Cause, the Washington Environmental Council, and the League of Women Voters.

VOTE FOR ONE IN EACH POSITION





James E. GILLELAND

Republican Position No. 1 48th Leg. Dist. King, part Incumbent State Representative Jim Gilleland has been a prominent and respected Eastside resident and businessman for 31 years and has participated in numerous civic activities.

During his four years in the legislature, Gilleland has served on the Transportation, Local Government, Natural Resources and Ecology Committees and has worked on the Interim Transportation Committee. He has sponsored and supported legislation on traffic safety, urban mass transit, roads and highways related to mass transit, and supports school levy relief.

school levy relief. A retired businessman, Gilleland owes no allegiance to special groups or interests, and his activities in the community demonstrate the ability to represent his constituents honestly and fairly in the legislature.



Carl H. SCHWARTZ

Democrat Position No. 1 48th Leg. Dist. King, part Carl Schwartz has served as president of Machinists Union Lodge 751-F and as business representative for District 751. He is a graduate of Highline College and has studied at the University of Washington.

Schwartz is concerned about the rising cost of government and favors tax reform, so that the state's tax structure will reflect ability to pay. He favors open meetings of public bodies and will work to improve rapid transit.

Schwartz has been a coach and referee in the Junior soccer program and will work to insure that recreational facilities will be available for all.



Kemper FREEMAN, Jr.

Republican Position No. 2 48th Leg. Dist. King, part Representative Kemper Freeman, Jr. is active in local community activities such as Eastside Community Mental Health, Yes-Heads Up, St. Thomas Day School, Bellevue Chamber and Rotary.

During his first term in the Legislature, Freeman sponsored the "Trust In Spending Act." Passage of this act shows actual cost of government, program by program, on a "per capita basis", like unit pricing applied to government.

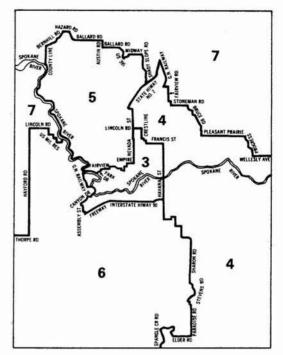
Freeman believes the State can increase its funding of schools and reduce local property tax and do it without any tax increase. This is possible simply by setting priorities and better management of the State budget.



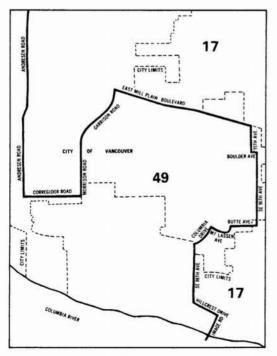
Edward EKSTEDT

Democrat Position No. 2 48th Leg. Dist. King, part Education and background: Age 51, married, 2 children; residence in district 6 years; has taught U. S. History at Bellevue Senior High School for 17 years; Bachelor's and Master of Arts degree from University of Washington. If elected, Edward Ekstedt will work for replacement of special levy method of financing basic public education, completion of I-90, creation of a rapid transit system encircling and crossing Lake Washington, property tax limitation, increased state support for mental health, creation of another state park on the East Side, and preservation of the Northwest environment while maintaining a healthy economy.

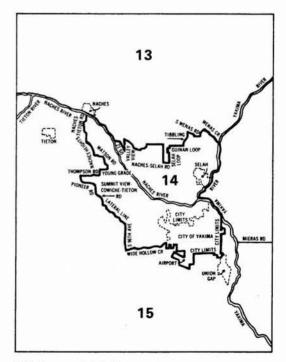
Legislative Districts



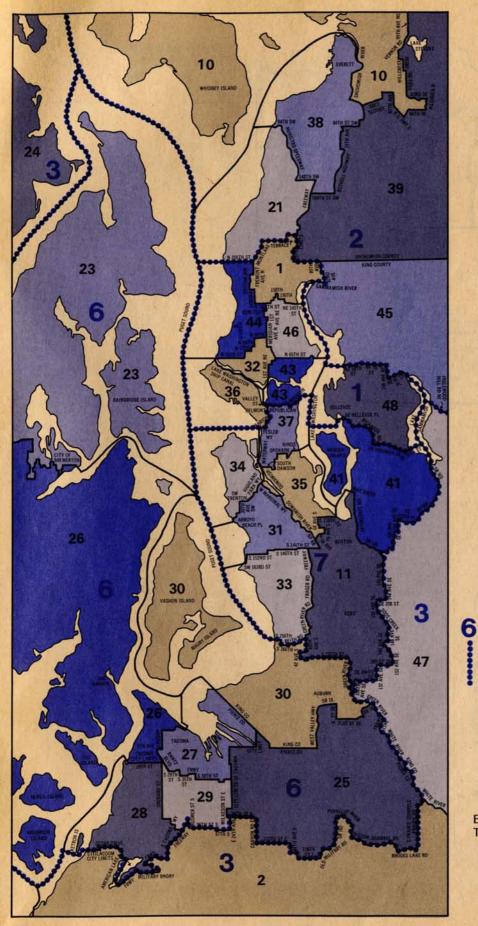
Spokane and vicinity



Vancouver and vicinity

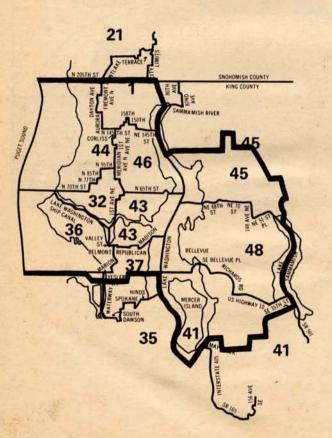


Yakima and vicinity

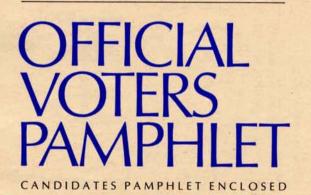


Congressional Districts

Everett, Seattle, Tacoma and vicinities



RESIDENTIAL PATRON, LOCAL



NK-5